The FIRST MEN in the MOON By H.G.Wells

Author of "The Island of Dr. Moreau," "The Empire of the Ants," etc.



We were hinding all our larguage together with the blankets shout it, against the concussion of our descent. That, too, was a strange business; we two men fleating brees in that spherical speci, and packing and poling rapes. No up or down, and every affort resulting in unexpected mercenaries.

CHAPTER 1 in those days had an idea that I was equal to

Mr. Bedford Meets Mr. Cavor at Lympne S I sit down to write here amidst the shadows of vine-leaves under the blue eky of southern Italy, it comes to ms with a certain quanty of these smar-

ing adventures of Mr. Cavor was, after all, the outcome of the purest accident. It might have been any one. I fell into these things at a time when I thought myself removed from the slightest possibility of disturbing experiences. I had gone to Lympne because I had imagined it the most uneventful place in the world. "Hers, at any rate," said I, "I shall find peace and a chance to work!"

And this hook is the sequel. So utterly at variance is Destiny with all the little plans of men. I may perhaps mention here that very recently I had come an ugly cropper in certain husiness enterprises. Sitting now surrounded by all the circumetances of wealth, there is a luxury in admitting my extremity, I can admit, even, that to a certain ex-

ing. It may be there are directions in which I have some capacity, but the conduct of husinese operations is not among

these. But in those days I was young, and my youth among other objectionable forms took that of a pride in my cepacity for affairs. am young still in years, hut the things that have happened to me have rubbed something of the

youth from my mind. Whather they have brought any wisdom to light below it is a more doubtful matter.

It is scarcely necessary to go into the details of the speculations that landed me at Lympne, in Kent. Nowadays even a bout businees transactions there is a strong epice of adventure. I took risks. In these things there is invariably a cer-

tain amount of give and take, and it fell to me finally to do the giving, Reluctantly enough. Even when I had got out of everything, one cantankerous creditor saw fit to be malignant. Perhaps you have met that flaming sense of outraged virtue, or perhaps you have only felt it. He ran me hard. It esemed to me, at last, that there was nothing for it but to write a play, unless I wanted to drudge for my living as a clerk. I have a certain imagination, and luxurious tastes, and I meant to make a vigorous fight for it before that fate overtook me. In addition to my

helief in my powere as a business man, I had always

writing a very good play. It is not, I believe, a very uncommon persuasion. I knew there ie nothing a man can do outside legitimate businese transactions that has such opulent possibilities, and very probably that biased my opinion. I had, indeed, got into the habit of regarding this unwritten drama as a convenient little recerve put by for a rainy day. That rainy day had come, and I eet to

I soon discovered that writing a play was a longer husiness than I had supposed; at first I had reckoned ten days for it, and it was to have a pied-d-terre while it was in hand, that I came to Lympne. I reckoned myself lucky in getting that little hungalow. I got it on a three years' agreement. I put in a few sticks of furniture, and while the play was in hand I did my own cooking. My cooking would have shocked Mrs. Bond. And yet, you know, it had flavour. I had a coffes-pot, a caucepan for eggs, and one for potatoes, and a frying pan for saurages and becon-such was the simple apparatue of my comfort. One cannot always be magnificent, but simplicity is always a possible tent my disastere were conceivably of my own makalternative. For the rest I laid in an eighteengallon cask of heer on credit, and a trustful baker came each day. It was not, perhaps, in the style of Sybaris, but I have had

worse times, I was a little sorry for the baker, who was a very decent man indeed, but even for him I hopsd.

Certainly if any one wants solitude, the place is Lympne. It is in the clay part of Kent, and my hungalow etood on the edge of an old sea cliff and stared across the flats of Romney Marsh at the

sea. In very wet weather the place is almost inaccossible, and I have heard that at times the postman used to traverse the more eucculent portions of his route with hoards upon hie feet. I never saw him doing so, but I can quite

imagine it. Outside the doore of the few cottages and houses that make up the present village hig birch besoms are stuck, to wipe off the worst of

the clay, which will give some idea of the texture of the district. I doubt if the place would be there at all, if it were not a fading memory of thinge gone for ever. It was the big port of England in Roman times, Portus Lemanus, and now the sea is four miles away. All down the eteep hill are houlders and masses of Roman brickwork, and from it old Watling Street, still paved in places, starte like an arrow to the north. I used to stand on the hill and think of it all, the galleys and legions, the captives and officials, the women and traders, the

BESIDES being one of his masterpieces, this amazing etory, by H. G. Wells, is undoubtedly one of the speculation has been rife as to what sort of creatures the moon could harbor. We of today know that the moon has no atmosphere, as least not on the surface. We know the moon to be a dead world, having long cooled down, its volcanic activities stored long before the first living creature crawled upon this earth The moon, therefore, must be a dead morid—so our scientists now orgue. That means that its interior prob-

ably contains enormous grottees and caves, such as are not found in our world. It is partials, therefore, that remments of a long-vanished atmosphere of the moon will be found in the interior of that planet, making it highly broably for some sort of cromings to curve on What protesous form such organisms have taken an

during the ages it is impossible to definitely affirm. One man's guess is as good as another's. But somehow H. G. Wells, in this story, probably comes as close to the truth as ony one can. And the story is written so convincinaly. that instead of gaining the impression that you are reading fiction, you sense, rather, that you are reading a true exploration tale

We know that you will follow the developments in this story with breathless interest.

speculators like myself, all the swarm and tunuls that came chanking in and out of the harbour. And now just a few lumps of rubble on a grassy slope, and a sheep or two—and II And where the period had been were the levels of the marsh, sweeping had been were the levels of the marsh, sweeping dated the second of the marsh, sweeping and the second of t

That outlook on the marsh was, indeed, one of the finest views I have ever soen. I suppose Dungeness was fitteen miles away; it lay like a raft on the sea, and farther westward were the hills by Hastings under the setting sun. Sometimes they hung close and clear, nometimes they was the continue that the season of the season was the continue that the season of the season was the continue that the season of the season of

by ditches and canals.

The window at which I worked looked over the skyline of this crest, and it was from this window that I first set eyes on Cavor. It was just as I was struggling with my scenario, holding down my mind to the sheer hard work of it, and naturally enough he arrested my attention.

The sun had set, the sky was a vivid tranquillity
of green and yellow, and against that he came out

block—bee oddeet little figure.

He was a short, round-boldes, this-legged little
man, with a jerby quality is his notions; he had
seen fit to debth he extraordinary mind in a
cricket cap, and overcost, and cycling halderhoodhe never cycled and he never played cricket. It
was a fortallous concurrence of garments, arisming I known not how. He precitedited with his
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cleared his threat with a most extraordinary noise. There had been rain, and this spannedic walk of his was enhanced by the extreme ellipseriess of the footpath. Exretly as he canne against the sun he stopped, pulled not a watch, hesitated. Then with as sort of convulsive perturne be turned and retreated with every manifestation of hasts, no retreated with every manifestation of hasts, no the stopped of the

and waterway cap—to the nost positise actua-This occurred on the first sky of my sejourn. This occurred on the first sky of my sejourn, when my playwriting energy was at its height and I regarded the included simple of the my separation. It is not separation was reported with remarkable predequency of the my separation was reported with remarkable predequency when rain was not fulfilled, sometimetric versities when rain was not fulfilled, sometimetric upon the sometor homena e considerable effort. "Confound the man," said I, "one would think be considered that the contraction of the contraction of the contraction of the my service of the contraction of the contract

Then my annoyance gavs way to amazement and curlosity. Why on earth should a man do this thing? On the fourteenth evening I could stand it no longer, and so soon as he appeared I opened the French window, crossed the versadah, and directed myself to the point where he invariably stormed.

He had his watch out as I came up to him. He had a chubby, rubicand face with reddish brown eves—previously I had seen him only against the

light. "One moment, sir," said I as he turned.

He stared. "One moment," he said, "certalnly,
Or if you wish to speak to me for longer, and it
is not asking too much—your moment is np—would

it trouble you to accompany me?"
"Not in the least," said I, placing myself beside

"This, I presume, is your time for exercise?"
"It is. I come here to enjoy the sunset."
"You don't. You never have been. It's all

"Sir?"
"You never look at it."
"Never look at it?"

"No. I've watched you thirteen nights, and not once have you looked at the sunset—not once." He knitted his brows like one who encounters a problem.

"Well, I enjoy the sunlight—the amtosphere— I go along this path, through that gate"—he jerked his head over his shoulder—"and round—" "You don't. You never have been. It's all

nomense. There isn't a way. To-night for instance—"
"Ohl to-night! Let me see. Ahl T just glanced at my watch, saw that I had already been out just

three minutes over the precise half-hour, decided there was not time to go round, turned——" "You always do." He looked at me—reflected. "Perhans I do. now

I come to think of it. But what was it you wanted to speak to me about?"
"Why, this?"
"This?"

"Yes. Why do you do it? Every night you come making a noise-"
"Making a noise"

"Like this"—I imitated his buzzing noise.

He looked at me, and it was evident the huzzing awakened distasts. "Do I do that?" he saked.

"Every hiesed evening."
"I had no idea."
He stopped dead. He regarded me gravely. "Can

it be," he said, "that I have formed a Habit?"
"Well, it looks like it. Doesn't it?"

He pulled down his lower lip between finger and thumb. He regarded a puddle at his feet. "My mind is much occupied," he said, "And you want to know sehy! Well, sir, I can assure you that not only do I not know why I do those

y you that not only do I not know why I do these things, but I did not even know I did them. Come to think, it is just as you say; I never have been beyond that field . . And these things annoy you?"

For some reason I was beginning to relent towards hlm. "Not amog," I said. "But—imagine yourself writing a play!"
"I couldn't."

"Well, anything that needs concentration." "Ah!" he said, "of course," and meditated. His expression became so eloquent of distress, that I relented still more. After all, there is a touch of aggression in demanding of a man you don't know why he hums on a public footpath.

"You see," he said weakly, "it's a habit." "Oh. I recognise that."

"I must stop it." "But not if it puts you out. After all, I had no business-it's something of a liberty."

"Not at all, sir," he said, "not at all. I am greatly indehted to you. I should guard myself against these things. In future I will. Could I

trouble you-once again? That noise?" "Something like this," I said. "Zuzzoo, zuzzoo.

But really, you know--"I am greatly obliged to you. In fact, I know I am getting absurdly absent-minded. You are quite justified, sir-perfectly justified. Indeed, I am indebted to you. The thing shall end. And now, sir, I have already brought you farther than

I should have done," "I do hope my impertinence-"

"Not at all, sir, not at all,"

We regarded each other for a moment. I raised my hat and wished him a good evening. He responded convulsively, and so we went our ways. At the stile I looked back at his receding figure. His bearing had changed remarkably, he seemed limp, shrunken. The contrast with his former gesticulating, zuzzeoing self took me in some absurd way as pathetic. I watched him out of sight. Then wishing very heartily I had kept to my own

business. I returned to my bungalow and my play. The next evening I saw nothing of him, nor the next. But he was very much in my mind, and it had occurred to me that as a sentimental comic character he might serve a useful purpose in the

development of my plot. The third day he called upon me. For a time I was puzzled to think what had brought him. He made indifferent conversation in the most formal way, then abruptly he came to

business. He wanted to buy me out of my bunga-"You see," he said, "I don't blame you in the least, but you've destroyed a hahit, and it disorganises my day. I've walked past here for years

-years. No doubt I've hummed. . . . You've made all that impossible!"

I suggested he might try some other direction. "No. There is no other direction. This is the only one. I've inquired. And now-every after-

noon at four-I come to a dead wall." "But, my dear sir, if the thing is so important to you-"

"It's vital. You see, I'm-I'm an investigator -I am engaged in a scientific research, I live-" he paused and seemed to think. "Just over there." he said, and pointed suddenly dangerously near my eye. "The house with white chimneys you see just over the trees. And my circumstances are abnormal-abnormal. I am on the point of completing one of the most important demonstrations-I can assure you one of the most important demon-

strations that have ever been made. It requires constant thought, constant mental ease and activity. And the afternoon was my brightest time!effervescing with new ideas-new points of view." "But why not come by still?"

"It would be all different. I should be selfconscious. I should think of you at your playwatching me irritated-Instead of thinking of my

work. No! I must have the hungalow." I meditated. Naturally, I wanted to think the matter over thoroughly before anything decisive was said. I was generally ready enough for business in those days, and selling always attracted me; but in the first place it was not my bungalow and even if I sold it to him at a good price ! might get inconvenienced in the delivery of goods if the current owner got wind of the transaction and in the second I was, well-undischarged. It was clearly a business that required delicate handling. Moreover, the possibility of his being in pursuit of some valuable invention also interested

me. It occurred to me that I would like to know more of this research, not with any dishonest intention, but simply with an idea that to know what it was would be a relief from play-writing. I threw out feelers.

He was quite willing to supply information.

Indeed, once he was fairly under way the conversation became a monologue. He talked like a man long pent up, who has had it over with himself again and again. He talked for nearly an hour. and I must confess I found it a pretty stiff bit of listening. But through it all there was the undertone of satisfaction one feels when one is neglecting work one has set oneself. During that first interview I gathered very little of the drift of his talk. Half his words were technicalities entirely strange to me, and he illustrated one or two points with what he was pleased to call elementary mathematics, computing on an envelope with a copyingink pencil, in a manner that made it hard even to seem to understand. "Yes," I said, "yes, Go on!" Nevertheless I made out enough to convince me that he was no mere crank playing at discoveries, In spite of his crank-like appearance there was a force about him that made that impossible. Whatever it was, it was a thing with mechanical possi-

bilities. He told me of a work-shed he had, and of three assistants-originally jobbing carpenters -whom he had trained. Now, from the work-shed to the patent office is clearly only one step. He invited me to see those things. I accepted readily. and took care, by a remark or so, to underline that,

The proposed transfer of the bungalow remained

very conveniently in suspense. At last he rose to depart, with an apology for

the length of his call. Talking over his work was, he said, a pleasure enjoyed only too rarely. It was not often he found such an intelligent listener as myself, he mingled very little with professional scientific men.

"So much pettiness," he explained; "so much intrigue! And really, when one has an idea-a novel, fertilising idea- I don't want to be uncharitable, but-"

I am a man who believes in impulses. I made

what was perhaps a rash proposition. But you must remember, bet I had been alone, play-writing must remember, bet I had been alone, play-writing in Lympus, for fourteen days, and my companelies of the control of the

I stopped. He was considering. Evidently the thing attracted him. "But I'm afmid I should bore you," he said.

"You think I'm too dull?"
"Oh, no: but technicalities---"

"Anyhow, you've interested me immensely this afternoon."

"Of course it would be a great help to me. Nothing clears up one's ideas so much as explaining them. Hitherto---"

"My dear sir, say no more."

"But really can you spare the time?"
"There is no rest like change of occupation." I

said, with profound conviction.

The affair was over. On my verandah steps he turned, "I am already greatly indebted to you,"

he said.

I made an interrogative noise.

"You have completely cured me of that ridiculous habit of humming," he explained.

I think I said I was glad to be of any service to him, and he turned away. Immediately the train of thought that our conversation had suggested must have resumed its

sway. His arms hegan to wave in their former fashion. The faint echo of "zuzzoo" came back to

me on the breeze. . . .

Well, after all, that was not my affair. . . . He came the next day, and again the next day after that, and delivered two lectures on physics to our mutual satisfaction. He telked with an air of heing extremely lucid about the "ether," and "tubes of force," and "gravitational potentiel," and things like that, and I sat in my other foldingchair and said, "Yes," "Go on," "I follow you," to keep him going. It was tremendously difficult stuff, but I do not think he ever suspected how much I did not understand him. There were moments when I doubted whether I was well employed, but at any rate I was resting from that confounded play. Now and then things gleamed on me clearly for a space, only to venish just when I thought I had hold of them. Sometimes my attention falled altogether, and I would give it up and sit and stare at him, wondering whether, after all, it would not be better to use him as a central figure in a good farce and let all this other stuff slide. And then, perhaps, I would eatch on again for a bit. At the earliest opportunity I went to see his

house. It was large and carelessly furnished; there

were no servants other than his three assistants and his dietery and private life were characterised hy a philosophical simplicity. He was a waterdrinker, a vegetarian, and all those logical disciplinary things. But the sight of his equipment settled many doubts. It looked like business from cellar to attic-an amazing little place to find in an out-of-the-way village. The ground-floor rooms contained benches and apperatus, the bakehouse and scullery boiler had developed into respectable furnaces, dynamos occupied the cellar, and there was a gasometer in the garden. He showed it to me with all the confiding zest of a man who has been living too much elone. His seclusion was overflowing now in an excess of confidence, and I had the good luck to be the recipient.

The three assistants were creditable specimes of the class of "handy-men" from which they came. Conscientions, if unintelligent, strong, civil, and willing. One, Spargus, who did the cooking and all the metal work, had been a sailor; a second, offlow, was a foilor; and third was an ex-job-bing paralsers, and now reserval assistant. They was done her Cavor. Theirs was the darkest irraor-

ance congared even with my muddled (impression: And now, as to the nature of these inquiries, And now, as to the nature of these inquiries, the contract of the contract of the contract of the non-tending contract of the Cavor the aim to which his experiments tended, I myself, and simme certainly? I should make sens blander that would bring upon me the mockery of every up-locked sender of muthematical physics over up-locked sender of muthematical physics over up-locked sender of muthematical physics is a state of the contract of the contract of the late of the contract of the contract of the contract is a state of the contract of the contract of the late of the contract of the c

ment of knowledge to which I have no claim. The object of Mr. Cavor's search was a substance that should be "opaque"-he used some other word I have forgotten, but "opaque" conveys the ideato "all forms of radiant energy." "Radiant energy," he made me understand, was anything like light or heat, or those Röntgen Rays there was so much talk about a year or so ago, or the electric waves of Marconi, or gravitation. All these thines. he said, radiate out from centres, and act on bodies at a distence, whence comes the term "radiant energy." Now almost all substances are opaque to some form or other of radiant energy. Glass, for example, is transparent to light, but much less so to heat, so thet it is useful as a fire-screen; and alum is transparent to light, but blocks heat almost completely. A solution of iodine in carbon bisulphide, on the other hand, completely blocks light, but is quite transparent to heat. It will hide a fire from you, but permit all its warmth to reech you. Metals are not only opaque to light and heat, but also to radiant electrical energy, which passes through both iodine solution and glass almost as though they were not interposed. And so on,

Now all known substances are "transparent" to gravitation. You can use screens of various sorts to cut off the light or heat, or electrical influence of the sum, or the warmth of the earth from anything; you can screen things by sheets of metal from Marconi's rays, but nothing will cut off the gravitational attraction of the sun or the gravitational attraction of the earth. Yet why there should be nothing it is hard to say. Cavor did not see why cuch a substance should not exist, and certainly I could not tell him. I had never thought of such a possibility before. He showed me by calculations on paper, which Lord Kelvin, no doubt, or Professor Lodge, or Professor Karl Pearson, or any of those great scientific people might have understood, but which eimply reduced me to a hopeless muddle, that not only was such a substance possible, but that it must satisfy certain conditions. It was an amazing plece of reasoning. Much as it amazed and exercised me at the time, it would be impossible to reproduce it here. "Yes," I said to it all, "yes; go on!" Suffice it for this story that he believed he might be able to manufacture this possible substance or some to gravitation out of a complicated alloy of metals and something new-a new element, I fancy-called, I believe, helium, which was sent to him from London in sealed ctone jars. Doubt has been thrown upon this detail, but I am almost certain it was helfum he had cent him in scaled stone jars. It was cer-

tainly something very gaseous and thin. If only I had taken notes, . . . But then, how was I to foresee the necessity of

taking notes?

Any one with the merest germ of an Imagination will understand the extraordinary possibilities of such a substance, and will sympathice a little with the emotion I felt as this understanding emerged from the haze of abstruse phrases in which Cavor expressed himself. Comic rellef in a play indeed! It was some time before I would believe that I had interpreted him aright, and I was very careful not to ask questions that would have enabled him to gauge the profundity of misunderstanding into which he dropped his daily exposition. But no one reading the story of it here will sympathise fully, because from my barren narrative it will be impossible to eather the etrength of my conviction that this astoniehing substance was positively going to be made.

I do not recall that I gave my play an hour's consecutive work at any time after my visit to his house. My imagination had other things to do. There seemed no limit to the possibilities of the ctuff; whichever way I tried I came on miracles and revolutions. For example, if one wanted to lift a weight, however enormous, one had only to get a cheet of this substance beneath it, and one might lift it with a straw. My first natural impulse was to apply this principle to guns and ironclads, and all the material and methods of war, and from that to shipping, locomotion, building, every concelvable form of human industry. The chance that had brought me into the very birth-chamber of this new time-it was an epoch, no less-was one of those chances that come once in a thousand years, The thing unrolled, it expanded and expanded, Among other things I saw in it my redemption as a business man. I saw a parent company, and daughter companies, applications to right of us, applica-

tions to left, rings and trusts, privileges, and concessions spreading and spreading, until one vast, stupendous Caverite company ran and ruled the world.

And I was in itl

I took my line straight away. I knew I was staking everything, but I jumped there and then. "We're on absolutely the biggest thing that has ever been invented," I said, and put the accent or "we," "If you want to keep me out of this, you'll have to do it with a gun. I'm coming down

to be your fourth labourer to-morrow."

He seemed surprised at my enthusiasm, but not a bit suspicious or hostile. Rather, he was self-

depreciatory,

He looked at me doubtfully. "But do you really
think—?" he said. "And your play! How about
that play?"

"It's vanished!" I cried. "My dear air, don't you see what you've got? Don't you see what you're going to do?"

That was movely a relaterical turn, but positively, be dish't. At fart I could not believe it, He had not had the longthesing of the lakeling of an idea, and the longthesing of the lakeling of an idea. The property theoretical grounds the whole them. When he said it was "the most important" research the world had over seen, he simply meant it equated would be said to be a seen that the said to be a seen of the said to turn out than if he had been a machine that make guns. This was prostile relations, and he was going to make it it said to make the said to the said to be a specific problement, and he was going to make it.

Beyond that, he was childful! If he mude it, it would go down to potartity as Acurrie or Corec-ine, and he would be made an F.R.S., and his portratt given away as a scientific worthy with Nature, and things life that. And that was all he saw! He would have dropped this bombhell into the worfd as though he had discovered a new species of graza, If it had not happened that I had come along. And there it would have jain and finised, like one or two other little things these celentific people one or two other little things these celentific people.

have lit and dropped about us. When I realised this, it was I did the talking. and Cavor who said, "Go on!" I jumped up. 1 paced the room, gesticulating like a boy of twenty. I tried to make him understand his duties and responsibilities in the matter-our duties and responsibilities in the matter. I assured him wa might make wealth enough to work any sort of social revolution we fancied, we might own and order the whole world. I told him of companies and patents, and the case for secret processes. All these things seemed to take him much as his mathematics had taken me. A look of perplexity came into his ruddy little face. He stammered something about indifference to wealth, but I brushed all that aside. He had got to be rich, and it was no good his stammering. I gave him to understand the cort of man I was, and that I had had very considerable business experience. I did not tell him I was an undischarged hankrupt at the time. because that was temporary, but I think I reconciled my evident poverty with my financial claims. And

quite insensibly, in the way such projects grow, the understanding of a Cavorite monopoly grew up between us. He was to make the stuff, and I

was to make the boom.

I stuck like a leach to the "we"-"von" and "P".

didn't exist for me.

His idea was that the profits I spoke of might
go to endow research, but that, of course, was a
matter we had to settle later. "That's all right."
I shouted, "that's all right." The great point,
as I insisted, was to get the thing done.

"Here is a substance," I cried, "no home, no factory, no fortrens, no ship can dare to be without —more universally applicable even than a patent medicine. There isn't a colitary aspect of it, not one of its ten thousand possible uses that will not make us rich, Cavor, beyond the dreams of avarice!" "No!" he said. "I begin to see. It's extraordi-

nary how one gets new points of view by talking over things!"

"And as it happens you have just talked to the right man!"
"I suppose no one," he said, "Is absolutely

averse to enormous wealth. Of course there is one

He paused. I stood still.

"It is just possible, you know, that we may not be able to make it after all! It may be one of those things that are a theoretical possibility, but a practical absurdity. Or when we make it, there may be some little hitch———!"
"We'll tackle the hitch when it comes," said I.

CHAPTER II

The First Making of Cavorite

BUT Cavor's fears were groundless, so far as the actual making was concerned. On the 14th of October, 1899, this incredible substance was made!

Oddly enough, it was made at last by accident, when Mr. Cavor least expected it. He had fused together a number of metals and certain other things-I wish I knew the particulars nowl--and he intended to leave the mixture a week and then allow it to cool slowly. Unless he had miscalculated, the last stage in the combination would occur when the stuff sank to a temperature of 60° Fahr. But it chanced that, unknown to Cavor, dissension had arisen about the furnace tending. Gibbs, who had previously seen to this, had suddenly attempted to shift it to the man who had been a gardener, on the score that coal was soil, being dug, and therefore could not possibly fall within the province of a joiner; the man who had been a jobbing gardener alleged, however, that coal was a metallic or orelike substance, let alone that he was cook. But Spargus insisted on Gibbs doing the coaling, seeing that he was a joiner and that coal is notoriously fossil wood. Consequently Gibbs ceased to replenish the furnace, and no one else did so, and Cayor was too much immersed in certain interesting problems concerning a Cavorite flying machine (neglecting the resistance of the air and one or two other points) to perceive that anything was wrong. And the premature birth of his invention took place

jects grow, just as he was coming across the field to my

I resember the occasion with extreme vividiesa. The water was builing, and everything was prepared, and the cound of his "unzoo" had hrought me out upon the verandah. His active little figure was black against the autumnal sunnet, and to the right the chimmego of his house just rose above a gloriously tinted group of trees. Remoter rose the Wealdes Hills, faint and blue, while to the left the hazy marsh spread out spacious and servene. And then——

The chimneys ferbed beavenward, annahing into a string of bricks as they reas, and the roof and a string of bricks as they reas, and the roof and a miscellany of furniture followed. Then overtaking them came a lange white falam. The trees about the building swayed and whirled and tore themselves to piecos, that sprang towards the flare. My ears were smitten with a clap of thunder that left me dend on one side for liffs, and all about me win-

dows smashed, unheeded.

I took three steps from the verandah towards
Cavor's house and even as I did so came the wind.
Instantly my cost tails were over my head, and

Installing my feet that were over my load, and could apply my full, loweds him, In this, and could against my will, loweds him, In this, and moment the discoverer was sized, whited about, and few through the sersaming air. I aw one of my chilmen pote hit the ground within air yards and few through the sersaming air. I aw one of my chilmen pote hit the ground will be a served kicking and flapping, came down again, rolled over and over on the ground for a page, struggled up and was lifted and borns forward at an enorand over on the ground for a page, struggled up and was lifted and borns forward at an enor-produce of the contraction of the contraction of the language of the contraction of the contraction of the contraction of the contraction of the con-

A mass of smoke and ashes, and a square of blaind shining substance rushed, up towerds the sentith. A large fragment of feeding came sailing past me, dropped edgeways, hit the ground and fall fist, and then the worst was over. The serial commotine fell swiftly utilit it was a more strong gale, and I became once more aware that I had breath and feet. By leaning back against the wind I managed to stop, and could collect such with as

In that instant the whole face of the world had changed. The tranquil sumest had vanished, the sky was dark with searrying clouds, everything was flatened and awaying with the gale. I glanced back to see if my bungalow was still in a general way standing, then staggered forward towards the way standing, then staggered forward towards the through whose tall and Lord had outlinked, and through whose tall and the gale. I muches showe the fames of his burning house.

I entered the copus, dashing from one tree to another and clining to them, and for a space I sought him in vain. Thes amidst a hosp of smatched branches and fencing that had honded itself against a portion of his garden wall I preceived something stir. I made a run for this, but before I reached it a brown object separated itself, rose on two mady keys, and protraded two drooping, bleeding hands. Some tattered each of garment futtered out from its middle portion and streamed before out from its middle portion and streamed before

the wind.

For a moment I did not recognise this earthy hump, and then I saw that it was Cavor, caked in the mud in which he had rolled. He leant forward against the wind, rubbing the dirt from his eyes

and mouth. He extended a muddy lump of hand, and staggered a pace towards me. His face worked with emotion,

have ever seen, and his remark therefore amazed me exceedingly. "Gratulate me." he easned "gratulate me!" "Congratulate you?" said L "Good heavens!

What for?" "I've done it."

"You have. What on earth caused that explosion?"

A gust of wind biew his words away. I understood him to say that it wasn't an explosion at all. The wind hurled me into collision with him, and

we stood clinging to one another.

"Try and get back to my bungalow," I hawled in his ear. He did not hear me, and shouted something about "three martyrs-science," and also something about "not much good." At the time he lahoured under the impression that his three attendants had perished in the whirlwind. Happily this was incorrect. Directly he had left for my hungalow they had gone off to the nublic-house in Lympne to discuss the question of the furnaces over some trivial refreshment.

I repeated my suggestion of getting back to my bungalow, and this time he understood. We clung arm-in-arm and etarted, and managed at last to reach the shelter of as much roof as was left to me. For a space we sat in arm-chairs and nanted. All the windows were broken, and the lighter articles of furniture were in great disorder, but no irrevocable damage was done. Happily the kitchen door had stood the pressure upon it, so that all my crockery and cooking materials had survived. The oil stove was still burning, and I put on the water to holl again for tea. And that prepared, I could turn on Cavor for his explanation.

"Quite correct," he insisted: "quite correct. I've done it, and it's all right."

"But," I protested. "All right! Why, there can't he a rick standing, or a fence or a thatched roof undamaged for twenty miles round. . . ."

"It's all right-really. I didn't, of course, foreme this little upset. My mind was preoccupied with another problem, and I'm apt to disregard these practical side issues. But it's all right---

"My dear sir," I cried, "don't you see you've done thousands of pounds' worth of damage?"

"There, I throw myself on your discretion. Pm not a practical man, of course, but don't you think they will regard it as a cyclone?" "But the explosion-

"It was not an explosion. It's perfectly simple, Only, as I say, I'm ant to overlock these little things. It's that zuszoo husiness on a larger scale. Inad-

vertently I made this substance of mine, this Cavorite, in a thin, wide sheet, . . . " Ho manged "You are outto clear that the stoff

is ensure to gravitation, that it cuts off things from gravitating towards each other?" "Yes," said L "Yes." "Well, so soon as it reached a temperature of

60° Fahr, and the process of its manufacture was complete, the air shove it, the portions of roof and ceiling and floor above it ceased to have weight. I fittle inmps of mud kept falling from it. He looked suppose you know-everyhody knows nowadayaas damaged and pitiful as any living creature I that, as a usual thing, the air has weight, that it presses on everything at the surface of the earth. presses in all directions, with a pressure of fourteen

and a half pounds to the square inch?" "I know that," said L. "Go on." "I know that too," he remarked. "Only this

shows you how useless knowledge is unless you apply it. You see, over our Cavorite this ceased to be the case, the air there cessed to exert any pressure, and the air around it and not over the Cavorite, was exerting a pressure of fourteen pounds and a half to the square inch upon this suddenly weightless air. Ah! you hegin to see! The air all shout the Cavorite crushed in npon the air shove it with irresistible force. The air above the Cavorite was forced upward violently, the air that rushed in to replace it immediately lost weight, ceased to exert any pressure, followed snit, blew the ceiling through and the roof off. . .

"You perceive," he said, "it formed a sort of atmospheric fountain, a kind of chimney in the atmosphere. And if the Cavorite itself hadn't heeu loose and so got sucked up the chimney, does it occur to you what would have happened?"

I thought. "I suppose," I said, "the air would he rushing up and up over that informal piece of stuff now."

"Precisely," he said. "A huge fountain---" "Spouting into space! Good heavens! Why, it would have squirted all the atmosphere of the earth away! It would have robbed the world of air! It would have been the death of all mankind! That fittle lump of stnff!"

"Not exactly into space," said Cavor, "but as had-practically. It would have whipped the air off the world as one peels a hanana, and flung it thousands of miles. It would have dropped back again, of course-but on an asphyxiated world! From our point of view very little hetter than if it

never came back!" I stared. As yet I was too amazed to realize how all my expectations had been upset. "What do you mean to do now?" I asked.

"In the first place, if I may borrow a garden trowel I will remove some of this earth with which I am encased, and then if I may avail myself of your domestic conveniences I will have a bath

This done, we will converse more at lessure. It will be wise, I think"-he laid a muddy hand or my arm-"if nothing were said of this affair beyand ourselves. I know I have caused great damage -probably even dwelling-houses may be ruined here and there upon the country-side. But on the other hand, I cannot possibly pay for the damage I have done, and if the real cause of this is published, it will lead only to hearthurning and the obstruction of my work. One cannot foresee everything, you know, and I cannot consent for one

proposed to add the husthen of practical consilor

tions to my theorising. Later on, when you have come in with your practical mind, and Cavorite is floated-floated is the word, isn't it?-and it has realised all you anticipate for it, we may set matters right with these persons. But not now-not now. If no other explanation is offered, people, in the present unsatisfactory state of meteorological science, will ascribe all this to a cyclone; there might be a public subscription, and as my house has collanged and been burnt. I should in that case receive a considerable sbare in the compensation, which would be extremely helpful to the prosecution of our researches. But if it is known that I caused this, there will be no public subscription, and everybody will be put out. Practically I should never get a chance of working in peace again. My three assistants may or may not have perished. That is a detail. If they bave, it is no great loss; they were more zealous than able, and this premature event must be largely due to their joint neglect of the furnace. If they have not perished, I doubt if they have the intelligence to explain the affair. They will accept the cyclone story. And if. during the temporary unfitness of my house for occupation, I may lodge in one of the untenanted rooms of this bungalow of yours-"

He paused and regarded me. A man of such possibilities, I reflected, is no

ordinary guest to entertain. "Perhaps," said I, rising to my feet, "we had better begin by looking for a trowel," and I led the way to the scattered vestiges of the greenhouse. And while he was having his bath I considered the entire question alone. It was clear there were drawbacks to Mr. Cavor's society I had not foreseen. The absent-mindedness that had just escaped depopulating the terrestrial globe, might at any moment result in some other grave inconvenience. On the other hand I was young, my affairs were in a mess, and I was in just the mood for reckless adventure-with a chance of something good at the end of it. I had quite settled in my mind that I was to have half at least in that aspect of the affair, Fortunately I held my bungalow, as I have already explained, on a three-year agreement, without being responsible for repairs; and my furniture, such as there was of it, had been hastily purchased, was unpaid for, insured, and altogether devoid of associations. In the end I decided to keep on with him, and see the business through,

nim, and see the business through.

Certainly the aspect of things had changed very
greatly. I no longer doubted at all the enormous
possibilities of the substance, but I began to have
doubts about the gun-carriage and the patent boots,
We set to work at once to reconstruct his labora-

tory and proceed with our experiments. Cavor talked more on my level than he had ever done before, when it came to the question of how we

should make the stuff next.

"Of course we must make it again," he said,
with a sort of glee I had not expected in him, "of
course we must make it again. We have caught
a Tartar, perhaps, but we have left the theoretical
behind us for good and all. If we can possibly
avoid wrecking this little planet of ours, we will.
But—there suext he riska! There must be. In ex-

perimental work there always are. And here, as a practical man, your must come in. For my own part it seems to me we might make it edgeways, perhaps, and very thin. Yet I don't know. I have a certain dim perception of another method. I can hardly explain it yet. But curiously enough it came into my mind, while I was rolling over and how the whole adventure was to end, as befine

absolutely the thing I ought to have done."
Even with my aid we found some little difficulty,
and meanwhile we kept at work restoring the
laboratory. There was plenty to do before it was
absolutely necessary to decide upon the precise form
and method of our second attempt. Our only hitch
to my activity as a foreman. But that matter we
compromised after two days' delay.

CHAPTER III The Building of the Sphere

REMEMBER the occasion very distinctly when Cavor told me of his idea of the ophere. He had bed intimations of it hefore, but at the time it seemed to come to him in a rush. We were returning to the hungalow for tax, and on the way he fell humming. Suddenly he shouted, "That's fit is he had been to roller than the property of the propert

blind!"
"Finishes what?" I asked.

"Space—anywhere! The moon!"
"What do you mean?"

"Mean? Why—it must be a sphere! That's what I mean!"

I saw I was out of it, and for a time I let him talk in his own fashion. I hadn't the ghost of an

idea them of his drift. But after he had taken ten he made if clear to me.

"It's like this," he said. "Last time I ran this stuff that cuts things off from gravitation into a flat tank with an overlap that held it down. And directly it had cooled and the manufacture was completed all that uproar happened, nothing shove it weighed anything, the air went squirting unknown.

house squirted up, and if the stuff itself hadn't squirted up too, I don't know what would have happened! But suppose the substance is loose, and quite free to go up?"
"It will go up at once!"

"Exactly. With no more disturbance than firing a hig gun."
"But what good will that do?"

I put down my teacup and stared at him.

"Imagine a sphere," he explained, "large enough
to hold two people and their luggage. It will be
made of steel lined with thick glass; it will contain
a proper store of solidified air, concentrated food,
water-distilling apparatus, and so forth. And

enamelled, as it were, on the outer steel___"
"Cavorite?"
"Yes."

"I'm going up with it!"

"But how will you get inside?"
"There was a similar problem about a dumpling."
"Yes, I know. But how?"

valve, so that things may be thrown out, if necessary, without much loss of air." "Like Jules Verne's thing in A Trip to the Moon?" But Cover was not a render of fiction "I begin to see," I said slowly, "And you could

get in and screw yourself up while the Cavorite was warm, and es soon as it cooled it would become impervious to gravitation, and off you would fly---"

"At a tangent,"

"You would go off in a straight line-" stopped abruptly. "What is to prevent the thing travelling in a straight line into space for ever?" I asked. "You're not safe to get anywhere, and

if you do-how will you get back?" "I've just thought of that," said Covor. "That's what I meant when I said the thing is finished. The inner glass sphere can he air-tight, and, except for the manhole, continuous, and the steel sphere cen be made in sections, each section capable of rolling up after the fashion of a roller blind. These can easily he worked by springs, and released and checked by electricity conveyed by platinum wires fused through the glass. All that is merely a question of detail. So you see, that except for the thickness of the blind rollers, the Cavorite exterior of the sphere will consist of windows or blinds, whichever you like to call them. Well, when all these windows or blinds are shut, no light, no heat, no gravitation, no radiant energy of any sort will get et the inside of the sphere, it will fly on through space in a straight line, as you say. But open a window, imagine one of the windows open. Then at once any heavy body that chances to he in that direction will attract us-

I sat taking it in.

"You see?" he said. "Oh, I see,"

"Practically we shall be able to tack about in space just as we wish. Get attracted by this and thet."

"Oh, yes. That's clear enough. Only-" "Well?"

"I don't guite see what we shall do it for! It's really only jumping off the world and back again." "Surely! For exemple, one might go to the moon."

"And when one got there? What would you find?" "We should see -- Oh! consider the new knowledge,"

"Is there alr there?" "There may be."

"It's a fine idea," I said, "but it strikes me as a large order all the same. The moon! I'd much rather try some smaller things first." "They're out of the question, because of the air

difficulty." "Why not apply that idea of spring blinds-

Cavorite blinds in strong steel cases-to lifting weights?" "It wouldn't work," he insisted. "After all, to

go into outer space is not so much worse, if at all,

"That's perfectly easy. An air-tight manhole than a polar expedition. Men so on polar expediis all that is needed. That, of course, will have tions." to be a little complicated; there will have to be a

"Not business men. And beeides, they get paid for polar expeditions. And if anything goes wrong there are relisf parties. But this-it's just firing

ourselves off the world for nothing," "Call it prospecting."

"You'll have to call it that . . . One might make a book of it perhaps," I said, "I have no doubt there will be minerals," said Cavor.

"For example?" "Oh! sulphur, ores, gold perhaps, possibly new elements."

"Cost of carriage," I said. "You know you're not a practical man. The moon's a quarter of a million miles away."

"It seems to me it wouldn't cost much to cart any weight anywhere if you packed it in a Cavorite case,"

I had not thought of that, "Delivered free on head of purchaser, eh?"

"It isn't as though we were confined to the moon,"

"You mean-7" "There's Mars-clear atmosphere, novel surroundings, exhibarating sense of lightness. It

might be pleasant to go there." "Is there air on Mars?" "Oh yes!"

"Seems as though you might run it as a sanatorium. By the way, how far is Mars?" "Two hundred million miles at present," anid

Cavor airily; "and you go close by the sun," My imagination was picking itself up again. "After all," I said, "there's something in these things. There's travel---An extraordinary possibility came rushing into

my mind. Suddenly I saw, as in a vision, the whole solar system threaded with Cavorite liners and spheres de luze. "Rights of preemption," came floating into my head-planetary rights of preemption. I recalled the old Spanish monopoly in American gold. It wasn't as though it was just this planet or that-it was all of them. I stered at Cavor's rubicund face, and suddenly my imagination was leaping and dancing. I stood up, I walked up and down; my tongue was unloosened.

"I'm beginning to take it in," I said; "I'm heginning to take it in." The transition from doubt to enthusiasm seemed to take scarcely any time at all, "But this is tremendous!" I cried, "This is Imperial! I haven't been dreaming of this sort of thing."

Once the chill of my opposition was removed, his own pent-up excitement had play. He for got up and paced. He too gesticulated and shouted. We behaved like men inspired. We were men inspired.

"We'll settle all that!" he said in answer to some incidental difficulty that had pulled ms up. "We'll soon settle all that! We'll start the drawings for mouldings this very night." "We'll start them now," I responded, and we

hurried off to the laboratory to begin upon this work forthwith.

I was like a child in Wonderland all that night.

The dawn found us both still at work-we kent our electric light going heedless of the day. I remember now exactly how those drawings looked. I shaded and tinted while Cavor drew-smudged and haste-marked they were in every lins, but wonderfully correct. We got out the orders for the steel blinds and frames we needed from that night's work, and the glass sphere was designed within a week. Wa gave up our afternoon conversations and our old routine altogether. We worked. and we slept and ate when we could work no longer for hunger and fatigue. Our enthusiasm infected even our three men, though they had no idea what the sphere was for. Through those days the man Gibbs gave up walking, and went everywhere, even across the room, at a sort of fussy run.

And it grew-the sphere. December passed, January-I epent a day with a broom sweeping a path through the snow from bungalow to laboratory-February, March. By the end of March the completion was in sight. In January had come a team of horses, a huge packing-case; we had our thick glass sphere now ready, and in position under the crane we had rigged to sling it into the cteel shell. All the hars and hlinds of the steel shell-it was not really a spherical chell, but polyhedral, with a roller blind to each facet-had arrived by Fehruary, and the lower half was holted together. The Cavorite was half made by March, the metallic paste had gone through two of the stages in its manufacture, and we had plastered quite half of it on to the steel bars and hlinds. It was astonishing how closely we kept to the line of Cavor's first Inspiration in working out the scheme. When the bolting together of the aphere was finished, he proposed to remove the rough roof of the temporary laboratory in which the work was done, and huild a furnace about it. So the last stage of Cavorite making, in which the paste is heated to a dull red glow in a etream of helium. would be accomplished when it was already on the aphere.

And then we had to discuss and decide what provisions we were to take-compressed foods concentrated essences, steel cylinders containing reserve oxygen, an arrangement for removing carbonic acid and waste from the air and restoring oxygen by means of sodium peroxide, water condensers, and so forth. I remember the little hear they made in the corner-tins, and rolls, and boxes -convincingly matter-of-fact.

It was a strenuous time, with little chance of thinking. But one day, when we were drawing near the end, an odd mood came over me. I had been bricking up the furnace all the morning, and I sat down by these possessions dead heat. Everything seemed dull and incredible,

"But look here, Cavor," I said, "After all! What's It all for?"

He smiled, "The thing now is to go," "The moon," I reflected. "But what do you expect? I thought the moon was a dead world." He shrugged his shoulders,

"What do you expect?" "We're going to see." "Are we?" I said, and stared before me.

"You are tired," he remarked, "You'd better take a walk this afternoon."

"No," I said obstinately; "I'm going to finish this hrickwork."

And I did, and insured myself a night of insomnia.

I don't think I have ever had such a night. I had some bad times before my husiness collapse, but the very worst of these was sweet slumher compared to this infinity of aching wakefulness. I was suddenly in the most enormous funk at the thing

we were going to do. I do not remember before that night thinking at all of the risks we were running. Now they came like that array of spectres that once heleaguered Prague, and camped around me. The strangeness of what we were about to do, the unearthliness of it, overwhelmed me. I was like a man awakened out of pleasant dreams to the most borrible surroundings. I lay, eyes wide open, and the sphere seemed to get more flimsy and feeble, and Cavor more unreal and fantastic, and the whole enterprise

madder and madder every moment. I got out of bed and wandered about. I sat at the window and stared at the immensity of space, Between the stars was the void, the unfathomable darkness! I tried to recall the fragmentary knowledge of astronomy I had gained in my irregular reading, but it was all too vague to furnish any idea of the things we might expect. At last I got hack to bed and snatched some moments of sleepmoments of nightmare rather-in which I fell and fell and fell for evermors into the abyss of the

aky. I astonished Cavor at breakfast, I told him shortly, "I'm not coming with you in the sphere." I met all his protests with a sullen parsistence. "The thing's too mad," I said, "and I won't come. The thing's too mad."

I would not go with him to the laboratory. F fretted about my bungalow for a time, and then took hat and stick and set off alone, I knew not whither. It chanced to be a glorious morning: a warm wind and deep blue sky, the first green of spring abroad, and multitudes of birds singing. I lunched on beef and beer in a little nublic-house near Etham, and startled the landlord by remarking apropos of the weather, "A man who leaves the world when days of this sort are about is a fool!"

"That's what I save when I heard on it!" said the landlord, and I found that for one poor soul at least this world had proved excessive, and there had been a throst-cutting. I went on with a new twist to my thoughts.

In the afternoon I had a pleasant sleep in a sunny place, and went my way refreshed.

I came to a comfortable-looking inn near Canterbury. It was bright with creepers, and the landlady was a clean old woman and took my eye. I found I had just enough money to pay for my lodging with her. I decided to stop the night there, She was a talkative body, and among many other particulars I learnt she had never been to London. "Canterbury'e as far as ever I been," she said, "I'm not one of your gad-about sort."

"How would you like a trip to the moon?" I cried. "I never did hold with them ballooneys," she said, evidently under the impression that this was a common excursion enough. "I wouldn't go up in

one-not for ever so." This struck me as being funny. After I had

supped, I sat on a bench by the door of the inn and gossiped with two labourers about brick-making, and motor ears, and the cricket of last year, And in the sky a faint new crescent, hlue and vague as a distant Alp, sank westward over the sun. The next day I returned to Cavor. "I am com-

ing," I said. I've been a little out of order that's all." That was the only time I felt any serious doubt

of our enterprise. Nerves purely! After that I worked a little more carefully, and took a trudge for an hour every day. And at last, save for the heating in the fornace, our labours were at an end.

CHAPTER IV Inside the Sphere

O on," said Cavor, as I sat across the edge of the manhole and looked down into the

alone. It was evening, the sun had set, and the stillness of the twilight was upon everything. I draw my other leg inside and alid down the

smooth glass to the bottom of the sphere, then turned to take the cans of food and other impediments from Cayor. The interior was warm, the thermometer stood at eighty, and sa we should lose little or none of this by radiation, we were dressed in shoes and thin flannels. We had, however, a bundle of thick woolen clothing and several thick blankets to guard against mischance. By Cavor's direction I placed the packages, the cylinders of oxygen, and so forth, loosely about my feet, and soon we had everything in. Hs walked about the roofless shed for a time accking anything we had overlooked, and then crawled in after ms. I noted something in his hand. "What have you got there?" I asked.

"Haven't you brought anything to read?"

"Good Lord! No." "I forgot to tell you. There are uncertainties-

The voyage may last- We may be weeks!" "Rut-" "We shall be floating in this sphere with ab-

solutely no occupation." "I wish I'd known-"

He neared out of the manhole, "Look!" he said. "There's something there!"

"Is there time?" "We shall be an hour."

I looked ont. It was an old number of Tit-Bits that one of the men must have brought. Farther away in the corner I saw a torn Lloyd's News. I scrambled back into the sphere with these things, "What have you got?" I said. I took the book from his hand and read, The

Works of William Shakespeare." He coloured slightly. "My education has been

so purely scientific-" he said apologetically, "Never read him?"

"Never." "He knew a little, you know-in an irregular

sort of way."

"Precisely what I am told," said Cavor. I assisted him to screw in the glass cover of the manhole, and then he pressed a stud to close the

corresponding blind in the outer case. The little oblong of twilight vanished. We were to darkness For a time neither of us spoke. Although our case would not be impervious to sound, everything was very still. I perceived there was nothing to grip when the shock of our start should come, and

I realised that I should be uncomfortable for want of a chair. "Why have we no chairs?" I asked.

"I've settled all that," said Cavor. "We shan't need them."

"Why not?"

"You will see," he said, in the tone of a man who refuses to talk I became silent. Suddenly it had come to me

clear and vivid that I was a fool to be inside that sphere. Even now, I asked myself, is it too late to withdraw? The world outside the sphere, I knew, would be cold and inhospitable enough to me-for weeks I had been living on aubsidies from Cavorbut after all, would it he as cold'as the infinite zero, as inhospitable as empty space? If it had not been for the appearance of cowardice, I believe that even then I should have made him let me out. But I hesitated on that score, and hesitated,

and grew fretful and angry, and the time passed. There came a little jerk, a noise like champagne being uncorked in another room, and a faint whistling sound. For just one instant I had a sense of enormous tension, a transient conviction that my feet were pressing downward with a force of count-

less tons. It lasted for an infinitesimal time. But it stirred me to action. "Cavor!" I said into the darkness, "my nerve's in rags. . . . I don't think---"

I stopped. He made no answer. "Confound it!" I cried: "I'm a fool! What business have I here? I'm not coming, Cavor. The

thing's too risky. I'm getting out." "You can't," he said. He mads no answer for ten seconds. "It's too

late for us to quarrel now, Bedford," he said, "That little jerk was the start. Already we are flying as swiftly as a bullet up into the gulf of space," "I---" I said, and then it didn't seem to matter

what happened. For a time I was, as it were, stunned; I had nothing to say. It was inst as if I had never heard of this idea of leaving the world hefore. Then I perceived an nasocountable change in my bodily sensations. It was a feeling of lightness, of unreality. Coupled with that was a queer sensation in the head, an apoplectic effect almost, and a thumping of blood-vessels at the ears. Neither of these feelings diminished as time went on, but at last I got so used to them that I experienced no inconvenience.

I heard a click, and a little glow lamp came into being.

I saw Cavor's face, as white as I felt my own to be. We regarded one another in silence. The transparent blackness of the glass behind him made him

seem as though he floated in a void, "Well, we're committed." I said at last "Yes," he said, "we're committed."

"Don't move," he exclaimed, at some suggestion of a gesturs. "Let your muscles keep quite lax -as if you were in bed. We are in a little universe of our own. Look at those things!"

He pointed to the loose cases and bundles that had heen lying on the blankets in the bottom of the sphere. I was astonished to see that they were floating now nearly a foot from the spherical wall. Then I saw from his shadow that Cavor was no longer leaning against the glass. I thrust out my hand hehind me, and found that I too was suspended in space, clear of the glass,

I did not cry nor gesticulate, but fear eams upon me. It was like being held and lifted by something -you know not what. The mere touch of my hand against the glass moved me rapidly. I understood what bad happened, hut that did not prevent my being afraid. We were cut off from all exterior gravitation, only the attraction of objects within our sphere had effect. Consequently everything that was not fixed to the glass was falling-slowly because of the slightness of our masses-towards the centre of gravity of our little world, which seemed to be somewhere about the middle of the sphere. but rather nearer to myself than Cavor, on account of my greater weight.

"We must turn round," said Cavor, "and float back to back, with the things between us."

It was the strangest eensation conceivable, floating thus loosely in epace, at first indeed horribly strange, and when the horror passed, not disagreeable at all, exceedingly reetful; indeed, the nearest thing to it in earthly experience that I know is lying on a very thick, soft feather bed. But the quality of utter detachment and independence! I had not reckoned on things like this. I had expected a violent jerk at starting, a giddy sense of speed. Instead I felt-as if I were disembodied. It was not like the beginning of a journey; it was like the beginning of a dream.

CHAPTER V

The Tourney to the Moon

RESENTLY Cavor extinguished the light. He said we had not overmuch energy stored, and that what we had we must economise for reading. For a time, whether it was long or short I do not know, there was nothing but blank darknoss

A question floated up out of the void. "How are we pointing?" I said, "What is our direction?"

"We are flying away from the earth at a tangent, and as the moon is near her third quarter we are going comewhere towards her. I will open a hlind--"

Came a click, and then a window in the outer case yawned open. The sky outside was as black as the darkness within the sphere, but the shape of the open window was marked by an infinite number of stars.

Those who have only seen the starry sky from the earth cannot imagine its appearance when the vague, half-luminous veil of our air has been withdrawn. The stars we see on earth are the mere scattered survivors that penetrate our misty atmosphars. But now at last I could realise the meaning of the hosts of heaven!

Stranger things we were presently to see, but that airless, star-dusted sky! Of all things, I think that will be one of the last I shall forget, The little window vanished with a click, another

beside it snapped open and instantly closed, and then a third, and for a moment I had to close my

eyes because of the hlinding splendour of the waning moon. For a space I had to stare at Cavor and the

white-lit things about me to season my eyes to light again, hefore I could turn them towards that pallid Four windows were open in order that the grav-

itation of the moon might act upon all the eucstances in our sphere. I found I was no longer floating freely in space, but that my feet were resting on the glass in the direction of the moon. The blankets and cases of provisions were also creeping slowly down the glass, and presently came to rest so as to block out a portion of the view. It seemed to me, of course, that I looked "down" when I looked at the moon. On earth "down" means earthward, the way things fall, and "up" the reverse direction. Now the pull of gravitation was towards the moon, and for all I knew to the contrary our earth was overhead. And, of course, when all the Cavorite hlinds were closed, "down" was towards the centre of our sphere, and "up" towards its outer wall

It was curiously unlike earthly experience, too, to have the light coming up to one. On earth light falls from above, or comes slanting down sideways. but here it came from beneath our feet, and to

see our shadows we had to look up. At first it gave me a sort of vertige to stand only on thick glass and look down upon the moon through hundreds of thousands of miles of vacant space; but this sickness passed very epeedily. And then The reader may imagine it hest if he will lie on

-the splendour of the sight!

tenfold conviction.

the ground some warm summer's night and look between his unraised feet at the moon, but for some reason, probably because the absence of air made it so much more luminous, the moon seemed already considerably larger than it does from earth The minutest details of its surface were acutely clear. And since we did not see it through air. its outline was bright and sharp, there was no glow or halo shout it, and the etar-dust that covered the sky came right to its very margin, and marked the outline of its unilluminated part. And as I stood and stared at the moon between my feet, that per-

ception of the impossible that had been with me off and on ever since our start, returned again with "Cavor," I said, "this takes me queerly. Those companies we were going to run, and all that about

minerals?" "I don't eee 'em here." "No." said Cavor: "but you'll get over all that." "I suppose I'm made to turn right side up again.

Still, this- For a moment I could half believe there never was a world."

That copy of Lloyd's News might help you." I stared at the paper for a moment, then hald it above the level of my face, and found I could it could not be common of mean could it cuttle easily. I struck a column of mean means is willing to lead meany, I read. I have that greathean. These sometody executive vanied to soil a Cuttumy bicysis, "quite new and cost £15," here is the country of the c

"Are we visible from the earth?" I asked.
"Why?"
"I knew some one who was rather interested in

astronomy. It occurred to me that it would be rather odd if—my friend—chanced to be looking through some telescope."

"It would need the most powerful telescops on earth even now to see us as the minutest speck." For a time I stared in silence at the moon.

"It's a world," I said; "one feels that infinitely more than one ever did on earth. People perhaps—"
"Paople!" he evelsimed "Not Benish all that!

"People!" he exclaimed. "No! Banish all that!
Think yourself a sort of ultra-arctic voyager exploring the desolate places of specs. Look at it!"
He waved his hand at the shining whiteness be-

low. "It's dead—dead! Vest extinct volcances, turnheld wastes of anow, or frozen carhonic acid, or frozen air, and everywhere landalip seams and cracks and guifs. Nothing happed like have watched this planet systematically with telescopes for over two hundred years. How much change do your think they have seen?"

"None."
"They have traced two indisputable landslips, a doubtful crack, and one slight periodic change of

colour, and that's all."
"I didn't know they'd traced even that."

"Oh, yes. But as for people!"
"By the way," I asked, "how smell a thing will
the higgest telescopes show upon the moon?"

"One could see a fair-sized church. One could certainly see any towns or buildings, or anything like the handiwork of men. There might perhaps he insects, somsthing in the way of ants, for example, so that they could hide in deep burrows from the lunar night, or some new sort of creatures having no earthly parallel. That is the most probable thing, if we are to find life there at all. Think of the difference in conditions! Life must fit itself to a day as long as fourteen earthly days, a cloudless sun-blaze of fourteen days, and then a night of equal length, growing ever colder and colder under these cold, sharp stars. In that night there must he cold, the ultimete cold, absolute zero, 273'C. helow the earthly freezing point. Whatever life there is must hibernate through that, and rise again each day."

He mused. "One can imagine something wormlike," he said, "taking its air solld as an earth-worm ewallows earth, or thick-skinned monsters—" "By the bye," I seld, "why didn't we bring &

He did not answer that question. "No," he concluded, "we just have to go. We shall see when we get there."

I remambered something. "Of course, there's

my minerals, anyhow," I said; "whatever the conditions mey be."

Presently he told me he wished to after our course.

a little by letting the earth tug at us for a moment. He was going to open one earthward lish! do thirty seconds. He warned me that it would make my head swim, and advised me to extend my hands sagnisst the glass to break my fall. I did as he directed, and thrust my feet against the hales of food cases and air cylinders to prevent their falling to the second many that the second many

We were still very near—Cavor told me the distance was perhaps dight hundred miles and the large terrelated disc filled all beaven. But already the control of the control of the control of the theory of the control of the control of the control that the variety of the control of the control of France and Spain and the south of Enginean of the control of the control of the control of the other control of the whole at last things settled thempelves in my

when at last tangs setted themselves in my mind again, it seemed quite beyond question that the moon was "down" and under my feet, and that the earth was somewhere away on the level of the horizon—the earth that had heen "down" to me and my kindred elineo the beginning of things.

So slight were the exertions required of us, so easy did the practical annihilation of our weight make all we had to do, that the necessity for taking refreshment did not occur to us for nearly six hours (by Cavor's chronometer) after our start. I was amazed at that lapse of time. Even then I was setisfied with very little. Cavor examined the apparatus for absorbing carbonic acid and water, and pronounced it to be in satisfactory order, our consumption of oxygen having been extraordinarily slight. And our talk heing exhausted for the time, and there being nothing further for us to do, we gave way to a curious drowsiness that had come upon ns, and spreading our blankets on the bottom of the sphere in such a manner as to shut out most of the moonlight, wished each other good-night, and almost immediately fall asleep.

And eo, sleeping, and sometimes talking and reading a little, and at times eating, although without any keenness of appetite, but for the most part in a sort of quiescence that was neither waking nor slumber, we fell through a space of time that had

This a curious thing, that while we were in the sphere we fell and the shipkest desires for food, are did we feel the want of it when we shalleded. All faint we forced our appellist, but independent on failed completely. Allegeber we did not consume one-hardredth part of the compressed previous we had become one-hardredth part of the compressed previous we had become with with us. The aspects of contraining the shall be all the shall be all the shall be all the band of we breathed out was unsateaully low, but why this was apt on quite making to explain. swiftly down towards the moon.

CHAPTER VI

The Landing on the Moon REMEMBER how one day Capor suddenly opened six of our shutters and blinded me so that I cried aloud at him. The whole area was moon, a stupendous scimitar of white dawn with its edge backed out by notches of darkness, the orescent shore of an ebbing tide of darkness, out of which peaks and pinnacles came climbing into the blaze of the sun. I take it the reader has seen pictures or photographs of the moon, so that I need not describe the broader features of that landscape, those spacious ring-like ranges vaster than any terrestrial mountains, their summits shining in the day, their shadows harsh and deep, the gray disordered plains, the ridges, hills, and craterlets, all passing at last from a blazing illumination into a common mystery of black. Athwart this world we were flying scarcely a hundred miles above its crest and pinnacles. And now we could see, what no eye on earth will ever see, that under the blaze of the day the harsh outlines of the rocks and ravines of the plains and crater floor grew gray and indistinct under a thickening haze, that the white of their lit surfaces broke into lumps and patches, and broks again and shrank and vanished, and that here and

there strange tints of brown and olive grew and spread. But little time we had for watching then. For now we had come to the real danger of our journey. We had to drop ever closer to the moon as we spun about it, to slacken our pace and watch our chance, until at last we could dare to drop upon its surface. For Cayor that was a time of intense exertion:

for me it was an anxious inactivity. I seemed perpetually to he getting out of his way. He leapt about the sphere from point to point with an agility that would have been impossible on earth. He was perpetually opening and closing the Cavorite windows, making calculations, consulting his chronometer hy means of the glow lamp during those last eventful hours. For a long time we had all our windows closed and hung silently in darkness burl-

ing through space. Then he was feeling for the shutter stnds, and anddenly four windows were open. I staggered and covered my eyes, drenched and scorched and blinded by the unaccustomed splendour of the sun heneath my feet. Then again the shutters snapped. leaving my brain spinning in a darkness that pressed against the eyes. And after that I floated in another vast, black silence.

Then Cavor switched on the electric light, and told me he proposed to bind all our luggage together with the blankets about it, against the concussion of our descent. We did this with our windows closed, because in that way our goods arranged thomselves naturally at the centre of the sphere. That too was a strange husiness; we two men floating loose in that spherical space, and packing and pulling ropes. Imagine it if you can! No up nor down, and every effort resulting in unexpected movements. Now I would be pressed against the glass with the full force of Cavor's thrust, now I would be kicking helplessly in a void. Now the star of the electric light would be overhead, now nnder foot. Now Cavor's feet would float up before my eyes, and now we would be crossways to each other. But at last our goods were safely bound together in a hig soft hale, all except two hlankets with head holes that we were to wrap about ourselves.

Then for a flash Cavor opened a window moonward, and we saw that we were dropping towards a huge central crater with a number of minor craters grouped in a sort of cross about it. And then again Cavor flung our little sphere open to the scorching, hlinding sun. I think he was using the sun's attraction as a brake. "Cover yourself with a blanket," he cried, thrusting himself from me, and

for a moment I did not understand Then I hauled the hlanket from beneath my feet and got it about me and over my head and even Abruptly he closed the shutters again, snapped one open again and closed it, then suddenly hegan snapping them all open, each safely into its steel roller. There came a jar, and then we were rolling over and over, bumping against the glass and against the big bale of our luggage, and clutching

at each other, and ontside some white substance aplashed as if we were rolling down a slope of SBOW. . . . Over, clutch, hump, clutch, hump, over. . . . Cams a thud, and I was half huried under the hale of our possessions, and for a space everything was still. Then I could hear Cayor puffing and grunting, and the anapping of a shutter in its sash. I made an effort, thrust back our blanket-wrapped luggage, and emerged from beneath it. Our onen

windows were just visible as a deeper black set with stars. We were still alive, and ws were lying in the darkness of the shadow of the wall of the great crater into which we had fallen.

We sat getting our breath again, and feeling the brulses on our limbs. I don't think either of us had had a very clear expectation of such rongh handling as we had received. I struggled nainfully to my feet. "And now," said I, "to look at the landscape of the moon! But-! It's tremendonsly dark, Cavor!"

The glass was dewy, and as I spoke I wined at it with my blanket. "We're half an hour or so bayond the day." he said. "We must wait." It was impossible to distinguish anything. We

might have been in a sphere of steel for all that we could see. My ruhbing with the blanket aimply smeared the glass, and as fast as I wined it. it became opsone again with freshly condensed molsture mixed with an increasing quantity of blanket hairs. Of course I ought not to have used the blanket. In my efforts to clear the glass I slipped upon the damp surface, and hurt my shin against one of the oxygen cylinders that protruded from our

The thing was exasperating-It was absurd. Here we were just arrived upon the moon, amidst we knew not what wonders, and all we could see was the gray and streaming wall of the hnible in which we had come. "Confound it!" I said, "but at this rate we might

have stopped at home:" and I squatted on the bale and shivered, and drew my blanket closer about me.

Abruptly the moisture turned to spangles and fronds of frost, "Can you reach the electric heater." said Cavor. "Yes-that hiack knoh, Or we shall

freeze." I did not wait to be told twice. "And now." said

I, "what are we to do?" "Wait," he said. "Of conrse. We shall have to wait until our air gets warm again, and then this glass will clear. We can't do anything till then. It's night here yet; we must wait for the day to overtake ns. Meanwhile, don't vou feel hungry?"

For a space I did not answer him, but sat fretting. I turned reluctantly from the smeared puzzle of the class and stared at his face. "Yes." I said. "I am hungry. I feel somehow enormously disap-

pointed. I had expected-I don't know what I had expected, hut not this,"

I summoned my philosophy, and rearranging my blanket about me sat down on the bale again and began my first meal on the moon. I don't think I finished it-I forget. Presently, first in patches, then running rapidly together into wider spaces. came the clearing of the glass, came the drawing of the misty veil that hid the moon world from our

eves. We peered out upon the landscape of the moon.

CHAPTER VII

Sunrise on the Moon A 8 we saw it first it was the wildest and most

desolate of scenes. We were in an enormous amphithestre, a vast circular plain, the floor of the giant crater. Its cliff-like walls closed ns in on every side. From the westward the light. of the naseen sun feil apon them, reaching to the very foot of the cliff, and showed a disordered escarpment of drah and grayish rock, lined here and there with hanks and crevices of snow. This was perhaps a dozen miles away but at first no intervening atmosphere diminished in the slightest the minutely detailed brilliancy with which these things glared at us. They stood out clear and dazzling against a background of starry blackness that seemed to our earthly eyes rather a gloriously spangled velvet curtain than the spaciousness of the sky.

The eastward cliff was at first merely a starless selvedge to the starry dome. No rosy flush, no ereeping pallor, announced the commencing day. Only the Corona, the Zodiacal light, a huge coneshaped, luminous haze, pointing up towards the splendour of the morning star, warned as of the

imminent nearness of the sun. Whatever light was about us was reflected by the westward cliffs. It showed a huge undulating plain, cold and gray, a gray that deepened eastward into the absolute raven darkness of the cliff shadow. Innumerable rounded gray summits, ghostly hummocks, hillows of snowy substance, stretching crest

beyond crest into the remote obscurity, gave us our first inkling of the distance of the crater wall. These hummocks looked like snow. At the time I thought they were snow. But they were not-they were mounds and masses of frozen sir!

So it was at first, and then, sudden, swift, and The sunlight had crept down the cliff, it touched

amazing, came the lunar day, the drifted masses at its base and incontinently came striding with seven-leagued boots towards us. The distant cliff seemed to shift and quiver, and at the touch of the dawn a reck of gray vapour poured upward from the crater floor, whirls and puffs and drifting wraiths of gray, thicker and broader and denser, until at last the whole weatward plain was steaming like a wet handkerchief held before the fire, and the westward cliffs were no more than a refracted glare beyond.

"It is air," said Cavor. "It must be air-or it would not rise like this-at the mere touch of a

sunbeam. And at this pace. . . ."

He peered upwards. "Look!" he said. "What?" I asked.

"In the sky. Already, On the blackness-a little touch of blue. See! The stars seem larger. And the little ones and all those dim nebulosities we saw

in empty space-they are hidden i" Swiftly, steadily, the day approached us. Gray summit after gray summit was overtaken by the blaze, and turned to a smoking white intensity. At last there was nothing to the west of us but a hank of surging fog, the tumultuous advance and ascent of cloudy haze. The distant cliff had receded farther and farther, had icomed and changed through the whirl, and foundered and vanished at

last in its confusion. Nearer came that steaming advance, nearer and nearer, coming as fast as the shadow of a cloud hefore the south-west wind. About us rose a thin anticipatory haze,

Cayor gripped my arm. "What?" I said.

"Look! The sunrise! The sun!"

He turned me about and pointed to the brow of the eastward cliff, looming above the haze about ns. scarce lighter than the darkness of the sky. But now its line was marked by strange reddish shapes, tongues of vermilion flame that writhed and danced. I fancied it must be spirals of vapour that had caught the light and made this crest of fiery tongues against the sky, but indeed it was the solar prominences I saw, a crown of fire about the sun that is forever hidden from earthly eyes by our atmos-

pheric veil. And then-the sun!

Steadily, inevitably came a brilliant line, came a thin edge of intolerable effulgence that took a circular shape, became a bow, became a hlazing sceptre, and hnried a shaft of heat at ns as though it was a spear.

It seemed verily to stah my eyes! I cried aloud and turned about blinded, groping for my blanket beneath the bala.

And with that incandescence came a sound, the first sound that had reached us from without since we left the earth, a hissing and rustling, the stormy trailing of the aerial garment of the advancing day. And with the coming of the sound and the light the sphere lurched, and blinded and dazzled we staggered helplessly against each other. It lurched again, and the hissing grew louder. I had shut my eyes perforce, I was making clumsy efforts to cover my head with my blanket, and this second lurch sent me belplessly off my feet. I fell against the bale, and opening my eyes had a momentary glimpse of the air just outside our glass. It was running-it was boiling-like snow into which a white-hot rod is thrust. What had been solid air had suddenly at the touch of the sun become a paste, a mud, a slushy liquefaction, that hissed and bubbled into gas.

There came a still more violent whirl of the sphere and we had clutched one another. In another moment we were spun about again. Round we went and over, snd then I was on all fours. The lunar dawn had hold of us. It meant to show us little men what the moon could do with na

I caught a second glimpse of things without, puffs of vapour, half-liquid slush, excavated, sliding, falling, sliding. We dropped into darkness. I went down with Cavor's knees in my chest. Then he seemed to fly away from me, and for a moment I lay with all the breath out of my body staring upward. A toppling crag of the melting stuff had splashed over us, burled us, and now it thinned and boiled off us. I saw the bubbles dancing on the glass above. I heard Cayor exclaiming feebly.

Then some huge landship in the thawing air had caught us, and spluttering expostulation, we began to roll down a slope, rolling faster and faster, leaping crevasses and rebounding from banks, faster and faster, westward into the white-hot holling turnelt of the lunar day.

Clutching at one another we spun about, pitched this way and that, our bale of packages leaping at us, pounding at us. We collided, we gripped, we wers torn asunder-our heads met, and the whole universe burst into flery darts and stars! On the earth we should have smashed one another a dozen times, but on the moon, luckfly for us, our weight was only one-sixth of what it is terrestrially, and we fell very mercifully. I recall a sensation of utter sickness, a feeling as if my brain were upside down

within my skull, and then-Something was at work upon my face, some thin feelers worried my ears. Then I discovered the brilliance of the landscape around was mitigated by blue spectacles. Cavor bent over me, and I saw his face upside down, his eyes also protected by tinted soggles. His breath came irregularly, and his lip was bleeding from a bruise. "Retter?" he said, wiping the blood with the back of his hand.

Everything seemed swaying for a space, but that was simply my glddinsss. I perceived that he had closed some of the shutters in the outer sphere to save me from the direct blaze of the sun. I was aware that everything about us was very brilliant.
"Lord!" I gasped. "But this-"!"

I craned my neck to see. I perceived there was a blinding glare outside, an utter change from the gloomy darkness of our first impressions. "Have I been insensible long?" I asked.

"I don't know-the chronometer is broken. Some little time. . . . My dear chap! I have been afraid. . . . I lay for a space taking this in. I saw his face

still bore evidences of emotion. For a while I said nothing. I passed an inquisitive hand over my contusions, and surveyed his face for similar damages. The back of my right hand had suffered most, and was skinless and raw. My forehead was bruised and had bled. Hs handed me a little measure with some of the restorative-I forget the name of it-he had brought with us. After a time I felt a little better. I began to stretch my limbs carefully. Soon I could talk.

"It wouldn't have done," I said, as though there had been no interval. "No1 it wouldn't."

He thought, his hands hanging over his kness. Hs pacred through the glass and then stared at me. "Good Lord!" he said. "No!"

"What has happened?" I asked after a pause. "Have we jumped to the tropics?" "It was as I expected. This air has evaporatedif it is air. At any rate, it has evaporated, and the surface of the moon is showing. We are lying

on a bank of earthy rock. Here and there bare soil is exposed. A queer sort of soil!" It occurred to him that it was unnecessary to explain. He assisted me into a sitting position.

and I could see with my own eyes.

CHAPTER VIII

A Lunar Morning

HE harsh emphasis, the pitiless black and white of the scenery had altogether Mannpeared. The glare of the sun had taken upon itself a faint tinge of amber; the shadows upon the cliff of the crater wall were deeply purple. To the eastward a dark bank of for still crouched and sheltered from the sunrise, but to the westward the sky was blue and clear. I began to realise the length

Wa were no longer in a void. An atmosphere had arisen about us. The outline of things had gained in character, had grown acute and varied; save for a shadowed space of white substances here and there, white substance that was no longer air but snow, the arctic appearance had gone altogether. Everywhere broad rusty brown spaces of bare and tumbled earth spread to the blaze of the aun. Here and there at the edge of the snowdrifts were transisnt little pools and eddles of water, the only things stirring in that expanse of barrenness. The sunlight inundated the upper two blinds of our sphere and turned our climate to high summer, but our feet were still in shadow, and the sphere was lying upon

of my insensibility.

a drift of anow. And scattered here and there upon the slope, and emphasised by little white threads of unthawed snow upon their shady sides, wers shapes like sticks, dry twisted sticks of the same rusty hue as the rock upon which they lay. That caught one's thoughts sharply. Sticks! On a lifeless world? Then as my eye grew more accustomed to the texture of their substance, I perceived that almost all this surface had a fibrous texture, like the carpet of brown needles one finds beneath the shade of pine trees.

"Cavor!" I said.

"Yes." "It may be a dead world now-but once---" Something arrested my attention. I had discovered among these needles a number of little round objects. And it seemed to me that one of

these had moved. "Cavor," I whispered.

"What?"

But I did not answer at once. I stared incredulous. For an instant I could not believe my eyes, I gave an inarticulate cry. I gripped bis arm. I pointed. "Look!" I cried, finding my tongue. "There! Yes! And there!"

His eyes followed my pointing finger, "Eh?"

be said. How can I describe the thing I saw? It is so petty a thing to state, and yet it seemed so wonderful, so pregnant with emotion. I baye said that amidst the stick-like litter were these rounded bodies, these little oval bodies that might have passed as very small pehbles. And now first one and then another had stirred, bad rolled over and cracked, and down the crack of each of them showed a minute line of yellowish green, thrusting outward to meet the hot encouragement of the newlyricen sun. For a moment that was all, and then there stirred and burst a third!

"It is a seed," said Cavor. And then I heard him

whisper very softly, "Life!"

"Life!" And immediately it poured upon us that our vast fourney had not been made in vain, that we bad come to no arid waste of minerals, but to a world that lived and moved! We watched intansaly. I remember I kept rubbing the glass before me with my sleeve, jealous of the faintest suspicion of mist.

The picture was clear and vivid only in the middle of the field. All about that centre the dead fibres and seeds were magnified and distorted by the curvature of the glass. But we could eee enough! One after another all down the sunlit elope these miraculous little hrown bodies burst and gaped apart. like ceed-pods, like the husks of fruits; opened eager mouths that drank in the heat and light pouring in a cascade from the newly-ricen

eun. Every moment more of these seed-coats ruptured. and syen as they did so the swelling pioneers overflowed their rent-distended seed-cases, and paseed into the second stage of growth. With a steady assurance, a swift deliberation, these amazing seeds thrnst a rootlet downward to the ground and a queer little hundls-like had into the air. In a little while the whole slope was dotted with minute plantlets standing at attention in the blaze of the cun. They did not stand for long. The hundle-like

buds ewelled and etrained and opened with a jerk, thrusting out a coronet of little sharp tips, spreading a whorl of tiny, epiky, brownish leaves, that

lengthened rapidly, lengthened visibly even as we watched. The movement was slower than any animal'e, swifter than any plant's I have ever seen before. How can I suggest it to yon-the way that growth want on? The leaf tins grow so that they moved onward even while we looked at them. The brown seed-case shrivelled and was absorbed with an equal rapidity. Have you ever on a cold day taken a thermometer into your warm hand and watched the little thread of mercury creep up the tube? These moon plants grew like that,

In a few minutes, as it seemed, the buds of the more forward of these plants had lengthened into a stem and were even putting forth a second whorl of leaves, and all the slope that had seemed so recently a lifeless stretch of litter was now dark with the stanted olive-green herhage of bristling spikes that ewayed with the vigour of their grow-

ing. I turned about, and hehold! slong the unner edge of a rock to the eastward a similar fringe in a scarcely less forward condition swayed and bent dark against the hlinding glare of the eun. And heyond this fringe was the silhouette of a plant mass, branching clumsily like a cactus, and swelling visibly, swelling like a hladder that fills with air.

Then to the weetward also I discovered that an other such distended form was rising over the scruh. But here the light fell upon its sleek sides, and I could see that its colour was a vivid orange bue. It rose as one watched it; if one looked away from it for a minute and then hack, ite outline had changed; it thrust out hlunt congested branches until in a little time it rose a coralline shape of many feet in height. Compared with such a growth the terrestrial puff-ball, which will sometimes swell a foot in diameter in a single night, would be a bopeless laggard. But then the puff-hall grows against a gravitational pull six times that of the moon. Beyond, out of gullies and flats that had been hidden from us, but not from the quickening sun, over reefs and banks of ebining rock, a bristling beard of spiky and fleshy vegetation was straining into view, hurrying tumultuouely to take advantage of the hrlef day in which it must flower and fruit and seed again and die. It was like a miracle, that growth. So, one must imagine, the trees and plants arose at the Creation and covered the desolation of the new-made earth.

Imagine it! Imagine that dawn! The resurrection of the frozen air, the stirring and quickening of the soil, and then this silent uprising of vegetation, this unearthly ascent of fleshiness and spikes. Conceivs it all lit by a blaze that would make the intensest sunlight of earth seem watery and weak. And still around this stirring jungle. wherever there was shadow, lingered banks of hluish snow. And to have the picture of our impression complete, you must bear in mind that we saw it all through a thick bent glass, distorting it as things are distorted by a lens, acute only in the centre of the picture, and very hright there, and towards the edges magnified and unreal.

The FIRST MEN in the MOON By H.G. Wills



What Went Before

DEDFORD is a writer, but he also has inflated Berthenes in his abilities as a first-rate busimore non. Because of some business reserses, he Any name of to a nery assisted anot to write a play and so make up some of his financial lovees. But even the surse hour, a Mr. Cover passes by his house, elega, makes some burning sounds, clays makile, looks at his watch, and returns to his own home. Bedford talks to him and stops this amnowing proorders, but its resention makes it impossible for Capor to continue with his work. He mentions this fact to Bedford, and in the course of the conversa-Non, new plans and ideas are developed. Mr. Cappr.

wention, which he calle Caporite and sokish in composed to be onsome to arguitation-cutting off Bedford becomes entirusiastic and sees orent com-

his seriting and become "business manager" for Soon Gener accidently encounts in his experiments and the applicant causes some thomsends of dollars in dampage to surrounding buildhear and both their homes and almost cost them their lines But though the discovery proces as needly disastrone, Capor outs a new inspiration and he starte spork on his were idea immediately. He halles a space flyer, which proves to be a norfest conveyance for intersignatory travel. They go off to the moon, necessary constarts for a ione trip. They arrive Luxur dours. Som after they land, the black and takite of the scenery disappear. The glare of the son takes on a faint times of amber and the shodows are deep purple and to the westward the sky in Then an aimsophere rose about them, but attil it accred like a lifeless world. And then, swidenly, they ager recoverent-little enal bodies that leoked

abort time, the schole sions was dotted with result plants, growing quickly into kuge sythes and flerity

I saw a little hipe tengue upon the edge of it that

immediate contact with the recov. charred and

Quietly the whole shoot, save where it lay in

THE FIRST MEN IN THE MOON Bull G WELLS trembled, and crept, and spread

PART IN

CHAPTER IX

Prospecting Begins ill peaced to store. We turned to each other, the same thought, the same question in our eyes. For these plants to srow, there must be some air, however

stigmated, air that we also should be "The monthole?" I said "Yes!" said Cayor, "if it is air we see!" "In a little while," I

said, "these plants will be as high as we are. Suppose-suppose after all -Is it certain? How do you know that stuff is

air? It may be nitroger -it may be earbonic acid gan even! "That is easy," he said. and set about provinc it of crampled paper from the bale, lit it, and thrust

it hastily through the manhole valve. I heat forward and perred down through the thick chan for its appearance outside, that little fixme on whose evidence depended as

supporting our alien life. We might emerge—and

of there is an atmosphere mittin the Moon, then creatives of the bigs that Mr. Wells palets as weather in this attern

shrivelled and sent up a quivering thread of amelic There was no doubt left to me: the atmosphere of the moon was either pure oxygen or air, and expable therefore—unless its tenuity was excessive—of I got down with my legs on either side of the

unserew it, but Cawor stopped me. "There is

first a little procession." he said. He printed out that although there was certainly an oxygenated atmosphere outside, it might still be so rarefled as to cause us grave fafury. He reminded me of the bleeding that often

afflicte accounts who have ascended too swiftly and he spent some time in the preparation of a

sickly-tasting drink which he insisted on my abaring. It made me feel a little numb, but otherwise had no effect on me. Then he permitted me to begin

much! I saw the paper drop out and He lightly upon the arrow. The pink flame of its burning vanished. For

Presently the glass stopper of the manhole was to far undone that the denser air within our sphere the pressure outside was very much less than it was within. How much fees it was we had no means I not prouping the storper with both hands, rendy to close it again if, in spite of our interest hope,

the lunar atmosphere should after all prove too rarefled for us, and Caror sat with a estinder of compressed oxygen at hand to restore our pressure We tested at one exceller in silence and then at the fantastic vegetation that swayed and grew visibly and poiselessly without. And ever that shrill

My blood-vessels began to throb in my ears, and the sound of Cavor's movements diminished.

noted how still everything had become, because of As our air sizzled out from the screw the mois

ture of it condensed in little puffs Properties I experienced a peculiar shortness of becath that lasted indeed during the whole of the time of our expusare to the moon's exterior atmoears and finger-nails and the back of the throat even upon my attention, and presently record off

again But then came vertigo and nausea that abruntly changed the quality of my courage. I gave the lid of the mambole half a turn and made a harty explanation to Cayor; but now he was the mure asnguine. He answered me in a voice that seemed extraordinarily small and remote, because of the thinness of the air that carried the sound. He re-

and promothy I felt better. I turned the morbile storour back again. The throbbing in my earn grew londer, and then I remarked that the piping note of the outrush had coused. For a time I could

"Well?" said Cavor, in the ghoat of a voice "Well?" soul L

"Shall we go on?" I thought. "Is this all?"

"If you can stand it." he said. Re way of answer I went on unscrewing. I lifted the circular operculum from its place and laid it carefully on the bale. A finke or so of snow whirled and varished as that thin and unfamiliar air tools propension of our sphere. I knelt, and then scated

myzelf at the edge of the manhete, peering over it Beneath, within a yard of my face, lay the untrodden snow of the moon. There came a little pause. Our eyes met.

"It doesn't distress your lungs too much?" said "No." I said. "I can stend this."

He stretched out his hand for his blankst, thrust his head through its central hole, and wrapped it shoot hire. He ast down on the oder of the manbole, he let his feet drop until they were within six inches of the lunar ground. He horitated for a moment, then threat himself forward, dropped these interwening inches, and stood upon the untrouise sell of the arren.

onely by the edge of the glass. He stood for a moment looking this way and that. Then he drew The glass distorted everything, but it seemed to me even then to be an extremely big leap. He had at one bound become registe. He seemed twenty or thirty feat off. He was standing high unon a rocky mass and restigaisting back to me. Perhaps he was shouting-but the sound did not reach me. But how the deuce had he done this? I felt like

himself together and leapt

In a received state of mind I too dropped through the munhole. I stood up. Just in front of me thu spewdrift had faller ower and made a sort of ditch. I made a step and jumped. I found myrelf fixing through the air, raw the

rook on which he shood commer to meet me, elatahed it and clong in a state of infinite amazement. I raused a rainful lauch. I was tremandously confused. Caver bent down and shouted in piping tones for me to be careful

I had foreotten that on the moon, with only an eightieth part of the earth's mass and a quarter of its diameter, my weight was barely a south what it was on earth. But now that fact insisted on being "We are out of Mother Earth's leading-strings

new," he said. With a marded effort I raised myself to the ton. stood up beside him under the blaze of the sun. The appear iny behind us on its dwindling snow.

disorder of rocks that formed the creder floor, the some bristling scrub that surrounded us was starting into life, diversified here and there by bulging

masses of a cactus form, and scarlet and purple lichers that every so fact they seemed to gravel over the rocks. The whole area of the crater seemed to me then to be one similar wilderness up to the very feet of the surrounding cifft. This cliff was apparently have of vecetation sove

platforms that did not very greatly attenct our attention at the time. It was many miles away from no in every direction, we seemed to be almost at certain haviness that drove before the wind. For there was even a wind now in the thin air, a swift little pressure. It was blowing round the crater, as darkness under the sunward wall. It was difficult

to look into this eastward fog; we had to peer with half-sloped even beneath the shade of our hands. because of the flerce intensity of the motionless oun. "It seems to be described," said Cover, "absolutely

I looked about me again. I retained even then a clinging hope of some quasi-human evidence, some nimacle or building, norm house or engine, but overywhere one looked spread the tumbled recks in neals; and create and the dortine scrub and those

THE FIRST MEN IN THE MOON bulging casti that smalled and smalled, a flat nego-

"It looks as though these plants had it to themsolver," I said. "I see no trace of any other crea-"No insects-pe birds-no! Not a trace, not a scrap nor particle of animal life. If there waswhat would they do in the might? . . . No: there's just these plants alone."

I shaded my even with my band. "It's like the invitation of a drawn. These things are less three earthly land plants then the things one imagines

among the rocks at the bottom of the sea. Look at that yonder! One might imagine it a litterd changed into a pinet. And the share?" "This is only the fresh morning," said Cover,

He sighed and looked about him. "This is no world for men," he said. "And yet in a way-it

arosals." meditative humming

I started at a westle touch, and found a thin sheet of livid liches lapping over my shoe. I kicked at it and it fell to powder, and each speck began to

I heard Caver exclaim sharply, and perceived that one of the fixed beyonets of the scrub had perclased him. He healtsted, his eyes cought among the rocks

ragged pillar of crag. It was a most extraordinary

nink, a livid wagenta "Look!" said L turning, and behold, Cavor had

vanished. For an insteat I steed transfeed. Then I made a hasty step to look over the verge of the rock. But more that we were on the moon. The thrust of me a yard on earth; on the moon it carried me six -e good five yearly ever the olive. For the moment the thing had something of the affect of those nightmares when one falls and falls. For while one falls sixtom feet in the first second of a fall on earth on the moon one falls two and with only

a sixth of one's weight. I fell or rather I tumped down, about ten yards I suppose. It seemed to take quite a long time, five or six seconds. I should think, I floated through the air and fell like a feather, loses deep in a specy-frift in the bettem of a gully of blue-gray, white-veined reck

I impled about me. "Caver!" I oried: but an Cavor was visible "Cayor?" I oried louder, and the rocks eshoed me.

I turned forcely to the rocks and clambered to the summit of them, "Cavor!" I cried. My voice The sphere, too, was not in sight, and for a moment a horrible festion of devolation ninched

Then I saw him. He was laughing and gestletlating to attract my attraction. He was on a hore patch of rock twenty or thirty yards away. I could not hear his voke, but "jump" said his gestures. I basitated, the distance seemed excernous. Yet I refacted that surely I must be able to elear a I made a step back, gathered myself together,

and kept with all my might. I seemed to sheet right up in the air as though I should nover come dawn . . It was herrible and delightful, and as wild as a

my leap had been altogether too violent. I flew clean over Carce's hand and beheld a spiky confusion in a pully surreading to meet my fall. I save a yelp of alarm. I put out my hands and straight-I hit a huge fungeld bulk that burst all about me,

scattering a mass of crange spaces in every direction, and covering me with crange powder. I rolled over spluttering, and came to rest convulsed with breathless laughter.

I became aware of Caser's little round fece pooring over a bustling hodge. He shouted some faded incoiry. "Eh?" I tried to about, but could not do sp for want of breath. He made his way towards

me, coming gingerly among the bushes. "We've got to be careful," he said, "This moon has no discipline. She'll let us amach ourselves." He beined me to my feet. "You exerted yourself too much," he said, dubbing at the yellow stuff with his hand to remove it from my parments.

I stood passive and penting, allowing him to hear ms upon my misfortunes. "We don't quite allow for the gravitation. Our muscles are scarcely educated yet. We must practise a little, when you

have got your breath." I pulled two or three little theras out of my hand, said sat for a time on a boulder of rock. My muscles were outwring, and I had that feeling of personal disclinatorment that comes at the first fall to the learner of cycline on earth. It maddenly opposed to Cayor that the cold air

in the gully, after the brightness of the son, might give me a fewer. So we classifiered back into the sunlight. We found that beyond a few abrusions I had received no serious belories from my temble. and at Caver's surrestion we were presently leoking record for error sofe and appr landing place for res next leap. We chose a recky sigh some ten yards

off prescrated from me by a little thirtee of alleggreen spilose "Imegine it there!" said Cover, who was assum ing the airs of a trainer, and he pointed to a spot about four feet from my tree. This lean I managed without difficulty, and I must confess I found a cartain satisfaction in Caver's falling short by a

foot or so and tasting the spikes of the scrub. "One has to be careful, you see," he said, pulling out and become my fellow-learner in the art of lunar We chose a still easier Sump and did it without

difficulty, and then leave back arain, and to said fro several times, secustoming our muscles to the I not experienced it, how rould that adaptation would be. In a very little time indeed certainly after fower than thirty loans, we could indee the

AMAZING STORIES

effort necessary for a distance with almost tercentrial assurance.

And all this time the laner pinuts were growing around us, higher and denser and more entangled, every meccan thoiser and taller, spikel plants, green contus reason, fungs, firstly and licharous things, strangest resisten and simous shapes. But

things, strengest resistint and stanous shapes. But we were so bitted upon our leaging, that for a time were so that upon our leaging, that for a kins and a stanous stanous strength of the stanous s

free though we seer with the utshorome, to be very many account of the control of

We made a few Girgantusa kirifes, lengt three or four lines more, and led down at last to a lichesous holium. Our lengt were painful. We set holding our sides and recovering our heatil, and the length of the leng

"By the way," I said, "where exactly is the sphere?"

charm?" Cavor leoked at ms. "Eh?"

The full meaning of what we were saying struck
me sharply.
"Cavor?" I cried, laying a hand on his arm.

CHAPTER X

IS face caught consthing of my dismay. He stood up and stand about him at the scrub that fenced up in and rous about us, similar guested in a paceton of growth. He put a dubicus hims to the light, He cycle with a under his dismance. If think, he said showly, "we left

"orbaye to the anhares?"

it . . . somewhere . . . about there."

He pointed a hashinting finger that wavered in an are.
"The net sure." His look of constarnation

despend. "Anybow," he said, with his eyes on me, "it can't be far."
We had best stood up. We made unmeaning ejaculations, our eyes zought in the brining, talkebring jumple reund about us.
All about us on the sunfit steps frothed and cannot the destroy about the cannot be destroy about the cannot be destroy about the cannot be according to the cannot be sunfit at the cannot be suffered when the suffered when the cannot be suffered when the cannot

and supplied on the smill stope frothed and vasped the during abrule, the awelling actus, the creeping lichters, and wherever the shade comunicate the asswards in largest. North, torth actual and west spread an identical monotory of unfamiliar forum. And acroswhere, burled unentical staged carfording, was our others, our home, that based carfording, was our others, our home, that is a supplied to the stage of the stage of the thin forthative withoutes of collegeral provides justice

which we had come.
"I think, after all," be said, pointing suddenly,
"I think to over there."
"Na," I said. "We have turned in a curve. See!
here is the mark of my heels. It's clear the thing
must be mere to the eastword, much more. No!-

the aptern must be over there."

"I deads and Cavre, "I kept the sun upon any right all the time."

"Every less, it sears to use," I said, "my shadow dow before use."

We stared lists one another's eyes. The area of the crater had become energy want to one instance of the crater had become conversely want to one instance of the crater had become conversely want to one of the crater had become conversely used to be growing thickets already in-

pennteably dones.
"Good harvans! What fools we have been!"
"The evident that we result find it again," end
Gave, "and that soon. The son grows stronger,
We should be fainting with the heest stronger it is
want to stry. And . . "The hongry."
I stared at him. I had not susperved this aspect
of the matter before. But it cause to me at once—

"I am hungry too."
He steed up with a look of active russistion.
'Certainly we must find the inhere."
As ealerly as possible we surveyed the interminable reefs and thickets that formed the fore of the crater, each of us weighing in allaces the chance of our feeffort the subject before we were aver-

"It ean't be fifty yards from beye," mid Caver,
with indecisive gretures. "The only thing is to
hest round about until we once upon it."
"That is nil we on do." I said, without any

"That is all we can do," I said, without any abstrity to begin our bant. "I wish this confounded option hash did not grow so fast!"
"That?" Just It." said Carver. "But it was bring

on a leaf, of soon,"
I started show in it the value loops of recognition
some hard or threat that had been seen the sphere,
large entrywhere an extending someonies, overtproduce entrywhere and extending someonies, overtdependently and the state of the state of the state
of the state of the state of the state of the state
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It came from beneath our feet, a sound in the earth. We reemed to hear it with our feet as much as with our ears. Its dull resenance was muffled by distract this with the coality of interpretace aphetence. No sound that I can imprine could have astonished us mure, or have changed more completely the quality of thires about us. For this sound, rich, slow, and deliberate, seemed to us as

though it rould be nothing but the striking of some gignatic buried club Boom . . . Boom . Boom

Sound suggestive of still christers, of sleepless nights in crowded cities, of virils and the awaited hour, of all that is orderly and methodical in life. fortastic desert! To the eye everything was unatlently in the wind, stretched calcolon to the distant cliffs, the still dark sky was empty asymbad

and the het are hung and hurned. And through it all, a warning, a threat, throbbed this enigms Bosto, . . . Bosto, . . . Boom. We questioned one another in faint and faded

"Like a clark!" "What is it?" "What can it had?

"Young" was Cover's belated approaction, and at that word the striking cassed. The ellence, the rhythmic disappointment of the allarge same as a fresh shack. For a supposed one could doubt whether one had over heard a sound. Or whether it might not still be going on. Had I

indeed heard a round? He spoke in an undertone, as though he feared to wake some sleeping thing. "Let us keen together," be whisnered, "and look fee the mhere. We must get buck to the sphere. This is buroud our under-

"Which way shall we go?"

He keeltsted. An intense paraussion of presenses, of unosen things shout us and near us, deminated our minds. What could they he? Where from and prombed, only the outer rind and mark of sems subterranean world? And if so, what seet of world? What sort of inhabitants might it net presently discover upon us?

And then, stabling the achiev stillness as world and sudden as an unexpected thursderchy, come a closer and rottle as though great grates of metal

and meddenly been funy apart. It arrested our stone. We stood gaming helplansly Then Caper stole towards me. "I do not varioustand?" he wittenessed alone to

my face. He wanted his hand wanted okyward, the vague suggestion of still vaguer thoughts.

to him We started off, moving steelthily with the most example representations against voice. We went towards a thicket of scrub. A changeur, like hyminjury. A stab in the face or arm we did not heed. At the heart of the thicket I stopped, and "We recet find the cohem!" "Crawl till we come to it." "But if we don't?" "Keep hidden. See what they are like."

The lower leaves of the havonet plants, already

overshadowed by the newer coas above, were herin-

ning to will and akrivel so that we could thrust our

way in smerg the thirleming stems without serious

"Dalore!

must crawl," whispered Caver.

stated panting into Cavar's face.

"They may come out."

"We will keep together," said L He thought. "Which way shall we go?" "We must take our charge." We peered this way and that. Then very cir-

cummencity, we began to crawl through the lower jungle, resking, so far as we could judge, a circuit, intext only on the sphere from which we had an foolishly emerged. Ever and again from out of the earth baxeath us came concussions, heatings strange, inexplicable mechanical sounds; and once, and then again, we thought we heard comothing, a faint wittle and turnuit, horne to us through the air. But fearful to we were we dored every no

watage-point to survey the crater. For lone we saw nothing of the beings whose sounds were so shundard and insistent. But for the faintness of our hunor and the drains of our threats that dream. It was so absolutely usucal. The only element with any touch of reality was these sounds, jungle, with the allest bayenet leaves derting overbend, and the allest, vivid, sun-relashed hobers under our hands and knoes, waving with the vience gets beneath it. Ever and again one of the blodder funct. Aplging and distending under the sun, loomed anon us. Ever and again seems nevel above in vivid colour abtracked. The very calls that hull un those

plants were as here as my thumb, like heads of

coloured phose. And all these things were naturated in the monitivated place of the non, were comstill in write of the monlight, with a few survivies start. Strange! the very forms and texture of the of one's body was apprecedented overy other mayement ended in a surprise. The breath sucked thin in one's throat, the blood flowed through one's earn And over and again come outts of turned, born

mering, the clanging and throb of machinery, and presently—the bellowing of great breatal

The Mooncalf Pastures

"O we two poor terrestrial castsways, but in that will-growing moon jungle, crawled in new wither Scientite or mornculf, though we heard the bellowing and grunting pouses of these inter continually drawing nearer to us. We crowled through story rayings, over snow alone, sonidat funci that ripped like thin bladders at our thrust, emitting a watery humour, over a perfect payement of things fike puff bolls, and beneath interminable thickets of sorub. And ever more hypelessly our eyes sought for our abandoned sphere. The noine of the mountaines would at times be a vest flat

culfilles sared, at times it rose to an amened and wrathy bellowing, and again it would become a clogged hestial sound as though these unuses greatown had sanght to not said believe at the same time. climpse, yet more the less disturbing because it was incomplete. - Cavor was grawling in front at the time and he was first to become aware of their proximity. He stopped dead, arresting me with

a single quature. A crockling and amashing of the accub appeared to be advanting directly much us, and then, as we arrested slove and endergoured to index of the pearness and direction of this noise, there came a

one full the breath of it list and maist. And, turning about, we saw indistinctly through a crowd of receive stems the mannealfus shipper aldes, and the long time of its back loaged out seniout the sky. Of course it is hard for me now to say how much corrected by subsequent observation. First of all impressions was its enormous size; the girth of the tody was some fourteers feet. Its length perhaps two handred. He oldes your and full with the laboured breathing. I negretord that its elevaticfiabby body lay along the ground, and that its skin slong the backbone. But of its feet we saw nothingof the almost broteless head, with its fat-corum-

bered neck, its sichbering omnivorous mouth, its little posteils, and tight shot aven. (For the moon sun.) We had a gilmose of a vast red pit so it hed a breath from the nit, and then the monster heeled over like a ship, dropped forward sleug the ground, creasing all its frothery akts, rolled again, and so wellowed root us, ameching a roth smidst the event and was excelled hidden form our even by the dense interlocings bound. Another assessed more distantly, and then another, and then, an though he was guiding these andwated Jewes of provender to their posture, a Schmitte came momentarily into ken. My sein upon Cayor's foot became convulsive at the sight of him, and we remained was bidden by his enormous many-spiked belmetwe discovered afterwards that he used the spikes corples of derioned class, set were much at the side, gave a bird-like quality to the metallic apporatus that covered his face. His arms did not project beyond his body case, and he carried him were in warm coverings, seemed to our terrestrial eyes inordinately filmsy. They had very short thight year long thanks and little feet. In mite of his heavy-looking clething, he was progressing with what would be, from the terrestrial soint of view, very considerable strides, and Mn clanging arm was busy. The quality of his motion during the instant of his possing suggrated haste and a certain appear, and noon after we had

compact, beistling creature, having much of the

quality of a complicated insect, with white, like

tentacles and a clanging arm projecting from her

shining ortindrical hody case. The form of his head

lowed by the neuffe of its acceleration. And gradually that believing receded, and then came to We listened. For a space the moon world was still. But it was some time before we recuned our scawling search for the vanished sphere, When next we now monucipes they were some little distance away from us in a place of tumbled tacks. The less vertical surfaces of the racks were thick with a speckled green plant growing in dense money charges, upon which these creatures were browsing. We stopped at the edge of the reeds amidst which we were grawling, at the night of there, peering out at them and lacking round for a second physpee of a Seleptic. They lay against their food like stupendous slags, hope, greasy built. esting greedily and noisily, with a sort of sobling avality. They seemed monoters of more fatness. churay and approphilmed to a degree that would make a Smithfield ox seem a model of acility. Their hour, writing, chewlay mouths, and even closed. therether with the armetoless sound of their number

ing, made up an effect of original enforment that "Hogs?" said Caver, with unusual passion "Dismating hear?" and after one clore of approenvy gravied of through the bushes to our right. I stayed long crough to see that the speckled plant won maite honeless for human maurishment then ownedged added him withhillian a good of th hadester too

Presently we were arrested again by the proxi-

mity of a Selectite, and this time we were able to observe him more exactly. New we could see that the Selectite covering was indeed clothing, and not a part of constacces intentment. He was called

Dr applying with the reconcilers he secret a plimand, except that only of comething like worl ding were protruding from his neck, and he atood way and that, an though he were suretving the creater. We law quite still, fearing to attract his

trivial being, a more ant searcely five feet high. He was wearing carments of some leethers substores to that no nection of his setuci body anpeared, but of this, of course, we were entirely

We came upon another drave of mooncalves belleading on a raying, and then we massed over a place of scends sounds of beating markingry as if some huge hall of industry came near the surface there. And while these actuals more still about us we come to the edge of a great open space, perhaps two

hundred yards in diameter, and perfectly level. Save for a few lichens that advanced from its mergin this expense was bose and expensed a panelers. surface of a dusty yellow colour. We were afraid to etrike out acrose this space, but as it presented less obstruction to our crawling than the serob, we

to skirt its edge For a little while the neises from below ceased and exercibing says for the faint stir of the growing vegetation, was very still. Then shruptly there begon an uproar, loader, more velocitest, and apprec than any we had so far board. Of a certainty it come from below. Instinctively we erapeked as

flat as we could, ready for a prempt plunge into the thicket healds us. Ruch knock and throb scenaed to vibrate through our bodies. Louder grow this throbbing and heating, and that (wegular vibration increased until the whole moon world seemed to be saukton and welston

"Cover," whispered Cover, and I turned towards the husben At that Instant come a thud life the thud of a gan, and then a thing harrened-it still bounts me

in my dreams. I had turned my head to leek at Corec's face, and threat out my hand in front of me as I did so. And my hand met nothing! Planged suddenly into a bettomless hole! My chest hit samething hard, and I found myself

with my chin on the edge of an unfathomable shave tended stiffly into the wood. The whole of that flat circular area was so more than a gigentic lid, that was now aliding sideways from off the pit it had covered total a slet approprial for it

Had it not been for Caver I think I should have remained rigid, hanging over this margin and staring late the energous golf below, until at last the afore of the alot serured me off and hurled me inte its deaths. But Carry had not received the shock that had peralyzed me. He had been a little distance force the oden when the lid had first around and perceiving the peell that beld me helplean, gripped my less and nulled me backward. I came into a sitting resition, reswied owny from the oder for a space on all feurs, then staggered up and ran after It corned to be swinging oven with a steadily as-

a wifet the brighting thicket, and at I scrambled up other hive. the manufaces value came into its penition with a clang. For a long time we far nanting. not daring to approach the pit. But at last over cautionsly and hit by hit we crept into a position from which we could reco down. The bushes about us creaked and waved

chifted aldeware as I rea-

For a time that etupendous gulf of mystery held us so that we forgot even our subers. In time. as we grew more accustomed to the darkness, we could make out vary small, dim, chusive shapes moving shoot among these peedle-point filuminations. We peered amened and incredulous, understanding eo little that we could find un wards to say. We could distinguish nothing that mould also us a char to the meaning of the faint shares we saw. "What can it has?" I saked: "what can it he?" "The engineering! . . . They must live in these

the shuft. We could see nothing at first event

smooth vertical walks descending at last into an

impensivable black. And then very creducily we

became aware of a number of very faint and bittle

lights going to and fro.

coverns during the night and corns out devices the

"Cavar?" I said "Can they be-that-it was something like-men?"

"That was not a man " "We dare risk nothing!" "We dare do nothing until we find the sphere!" "We can do nothing until we find the sphere." We can do nothing units we find the sphere."

to mave. He stared shout him for a suace, sighed and indicated a direction. We struck out through the turne. For a time we convice resolutely then with dielnishing vigner. Presently onone great shapes of fiably nursic there came a noise of trump line and evice shoot us. We lay close, and for a long time the search went to and fro and were near. But this time we now nothing. I tried to whaper to Cavor that I could hardly go without feed much leagur, but my mouth had become too

"Cavor." I said, "I must have food." He turned a face full of dismay towards me. "It's a case for holding out," he said. "But I asset," I said, "and look at my lips!" "T've been thirsty some time."

"If only some of that snow had remained?" "The clean most! We'er driving from sertle to trenical at the rate of a degree a minute. . . . "

I graved my hand. "The sphere,!" he said. "There is nothing for it but the mhere." We resteed autralium to another exert of cranding My mind ran entirely on edible things, on the hiss-

ing profundity of summer drinks, more particularis of a sixteen wallon eask that had ownevered in my Lymne celler. I thought of the adjacent larder and especially of steak and kidney nia-tender stack and plants of blicky and wish thick sweet colsected velocity, and the buthes in front of me between Ever and again I was solved with the of hangry yawning. We came to flat places overgrown I was note too seen. Cavor's back vanished with fleshy red things, monetrous corolline eventhe as we resided against them they scarmed and broke I noted the quality of the bevious surfaces. The conferenced stuff certainly looked of a bitashie

tenture. Then it resemed to use that it small pather I picked up a fragment and sniffed at it.

He glanced at me with his face strewed up. up as well as he could, putting a hand on my head "Don't." he soid. I get down the fragment and

we crawled on through this tempting deableses for "Cayor." I asked "why set?" "Potson," I heard him say, but he did not look We crawled some way before I decided.

"I'll obcare ft." said I He made a belated sestage to prevent me. I

stuffed my mouth full. He crouched watching my face, his own twisted into the oddest expression. "It's good," I said

"O Lord!" be cried He watched me munch, his face wrinkled between desire and disapproval, then nuddenly suscumbed to ametite and began to tear off hage mouthfuls.

For a time we did nothing but sat. The stuff was not unlike a terrestrial mushroom, only it was much laxer in texture, and, as one swellowed it, it warmed the throat. At first we exthen our blood began to ren warmer, and we timeled at the line and fingers, and then new and slightly irrekvant ideas came bubbling up in our minds.

"It's good," said I. "Infernally good! What a home for our surplus regulation! Our poor samulas population," and I broke off another large portion. It filled me with a curiously benevolent satis-The depression of my hanger gave way to an irrational availaration. The dread and discomfort in which I had been living varished entirely. I permost earnastly desired the means of season, but so a possible refuge for human destitution. I think I

forgot the Selenites, the mornostres, the lid and the noises completely so econ as I had esten that Cavor raplied to my third repetition of my "surplus population" remark with similar words of anproval. I felt that my bead swam, but I put this down to the stimulating effect of food after a long fact, "Restent discov'ry yours, Cavor," said I "Whalar mean?" asked Gaver. "'Seovery of the

"Se'nd on'y to the 'toto."

I looked at him, shocked at his suddenly hourse occurred to me in a flash that he was intextected. possibly by the fungers. It also occurred to me that he erred in imseining that he had discovered the moon; he had not discovered it, he had only reached

it. I tried to lay my hand on his arm and explain this to him, but the tarme was too subtle for his brain. It was also unavocatedly difficult to excress After a momentary attempt to understand me-I remember wondering if the fungus had made my eyes as fishy so his-he set off upon some observa-"We are," he amounted with a solemn blorso,

"The erestions of what we cat and drink." He repeated this, and as I was now in one of my subtle moses, I determined to dispute it. Possibly I wandsred a little from the point. But Cavor certainly did not attend at all property. He stood

I tried to point out that this was demorrous for come reason that was not perfectly clear to me but the word "dangerous" had comehous got mixed with "indiscreet," and came out rather more like "injurious" then either; and after an attempt to discutangle them. I resumed my argument, addresstentive coralline growths on sither side. I felt that

to steady homself which was discommental and

stood staring about him, quite devoid now of any

it was necessary to clear up this confusion between the moon and a notate at once-I wandered into a long parenthesis on the importance of precision of definition in argument. I did my best to beneral the fact that my bodily summations were no longer

In some way that I have now forgotten, my mind was led back to projects of calonization. "We wont annex this moon," I said. "There must be no shilly. shally. Thus is nart of the White Marce Roythen Cavor-we are-Ado-Satap-mean-Satraps! Namelie Court never dreams. B'in all the vews. parers. Cavorecia, Bedfordecia, Bedfordeciahto-Limited. Mean-unlimited! Practically." Cartainly I was intoxicated

garresable.

I embarked upon an argument to show the infinite benefits our arrival would confer on the moon. I involved revealf in a rather difficult proof that the arrival of Columbus was, on the whole, hereficial to America. I found I had forgotten the line of argument I had intended to payone, and centimed to repeat "Simlar to Clumbus," to fill up time. From that point my memory of the action of that vasuely that we declared our intention of standing decided it ill became men to hide shamefully upon

a mere satellite, that we equipped ourselves with huge armfuls of the fungus-whether for mouth purposes or not I so not know-and, heedless of the state of the beyonet scrub, we started forth into the Almost immediately we must have come must the Selemites. There were six of them, and they were marching in single file over a rocky place, welving the most remarkable nirging and whining sounds.

all instantly become event and motionless. His salmals, with their faces turned towards us. For a moment I was solured. "Intects," murmured Caver, "insects! And they think I'm coing to crewl about on my atomach -on my vertebrated atomach!

"Stomach," he remaind slowly, as though he aboved the indignity. Then suddenly, with a sheet of fury, he made

three west strides and leapt towards them. He leant badly; he made a series of comerciality in the sir, whirled right over them, and vanished with an entermons splent arefust the energy Maddans. What the Scienites useds of this america, and to my mind undiscufed irraption from another placet, I have Do means of guessing. I need to remember the sight of their backs as they ran in all directions,

THE FIRST MEN IN THE MOON oblivien came are vegue and faint in my mind. I

know I reads a step to follow Cavor, and tripped and fell headlong among the rocks. I was, I am certain, auddenly and rehemently fill. I goom to remember a violent struggle, and being gripped hy metallic clarps. . . .

My next clear recollection in that we were prisoners at we knew not what depths beneath the moon's surface; we were in darkness amidst stronge distracting noises; our hodies were covered with

presides and bruises, and our beads welved with CHAPTER XII The Selenite's Face

FOUND myself sitting exceeded together in a taxsultoous darkness. For a long time I could not understand where I was, nor bow I had come to this purplexity. I thought of the conbeard into which I had been thrust at times when I was a shild, and then of a very dark and polyr bedroom in which I had slept during an illness. But these and there was a thin flavour in the air like the wind of a stable. Then I supposed we must still be at work upon the subere, and that semehow I had get into the cellar of Caver's bouse. I remembered we had finished the sobers, and fancied I must still

"Cavor," I said, "cannot we have some light?" There came no suswer. "Cover!" I insisted.

I was asswered by a grown. "My head?" I beard him my: "my head!" I attempted to press my hands to my krow, which ashed, and discovered they were tied torother. This startled me very much. I brought them up to my month and fall the cold smoothness of metal. They were chained together. I tried to senarate my logs, also that I was fastened to the ground by a much thicker chain about the middle of my body.

I was more frightened than I had yet been by anything in all our strange experience. For a time I tuered ellently at my books, "Cavor?" I eried out sharely. "Why am I tied? Why have you tied me hand and root?" "I haven't tied you," he answered. "It's the Selenitos."

The Selection! My mind hung on that for a space. Then my memories same back to me; the spowy desolation, the thawing of the gir, the growth of the plants, our strange hopping and crawling among the rocks and vegetation of the crater. All the distress of our frantic search for the sphere returned to me. . . . Finally the opening of the great

Then as I strained to trace our later movements fown to our present plight, the pain in my head became intelerable. I came to an insurmountable harrier, an obstinate blank, "Yes?"

forehead and long factures. time. His movements seemed absolutely neissless.

"Cavor, where are we? Do you know where we "How abould I know?"

"Are we dead?" "What premaran!" "They've got us, then!" He made no enswer but a grunt. The lingering

traces of the poison occured to make him edily

"What do you mean to do?" "How should I know what to do?"

"Oh, very well?" said I, and became silent. Presently, I was round from a stupor. "O Lord?" I cried; "I wish you'd stop that burning?" We lapsed into effence again, listening to the dull confusion of noises like the mutical sounds of a street or factory that filled our ears. I could make

nothing of it, my mind pursued first one rhythm and then another, and questioned it in vais. But after a long time I became guage of a new and abarper element, not mingling with the rest but standing out, so it were, against that cloudy back, ground of nound. It was a series of reintively very little definite sounds, tappings and rubbings, like a loose spray of ity against a window or a bird moving about upon a box. We listened and peered about us, but the derkness was a velvet pall. There followed a noise like the subtle movement of the wards of a well-oiled lock. And then there accoursed before me, hanging as it seemed in an impounditu of black, a thin bright line. "Lock?" whispered Cover very softly.

"What is is?" "I don't know."

We stared.

The this bright line became a hand, and broader and paler. It took upon itself the quality of a hluish light falling upon a white-washed wall. It ceased to be parellel-sided; it developed a deep indentation on one ride. I turned to remark this to Cavor, and was arraned to see his ear in a brilliant illumination—all the rest of him in shadow. I twisted my bead round as well as my heads would permit. "Caver," I said, "it's behind?" His car vanished—gave place to se evel Southenly the crack that had been admitting the

light becodened out, and revealed itself as the space of an opening door. Beyond was a aspehire vista. and in the doorway steed a grotesque outline silhonotted against the siere. We both made convulsive efforts to turn, and falling, sat staring over our shoulders at this

My first impression was of some clumsy oxedrured with lowered head. Then I perceived it was the alender, ninched body and abort and extramely attempated bandy legs of a Scientite, with his head depressed between his shoulders. He was without the belief and body covering they wear when upon the exterior of the satellite.

He was a blank, hisck figure to us, but instinctively our imaginations supplied features to his very human quiline. I, at least, took it instantly that he was somewhat hunchbacked, with a blot-

He came forward three steps and paused for a

Then he came forward again. He walled like a hard his feet fell one in front of the other. He sterood out of the ray of light that came through

the decreasy and it seemed as though he vanished alterether in the absolute For a memoral my eyes sought him in the wrong place, and then I perceived him standing facine us both in the full light. Only the human features I

had attributed to him were not there at all! Of course I sught to have expected that cale I didn't. It came to me as an absolute, for a moment an assurabalesing shark. It seemed on thereby it wasn't a face, as though it must needs be a mask. a harror, a deformity, that would presently be dis-

amound or explained. There was no nose, and the thing had doll bulging even at the side-in the allhouette I had supposed they were earn. There were so ears. . . . I have tried to draw one of these heads, but I connect. There was a mouth downwardly curved, like a human mouth in a face that stames freedouble.

The neck on which the head was nelted was isinted in three places, almost like the short isints in the lan of a crab. The infete of the Hube h could not see, because of the puttee-like straps in

which they were swathed, and which formed the only elathing the being wors There the thing was, looking at us!

At the time my mind was taken up by the mod impossibility of the constant. I suppose he also was amazed, and with more rasses, perhaps, for amousmost than we. Only, confound him! he did not show it. We did at least know what had brought about this mosting of important this stretures. But conceive how it would seem to descut Lening things, as big as mon and absolutely unlike any

Pigure len! We were bound hand and foot, forand and dither our boards ton lookes lane surform provided and bloody. Carry was must fromting the bayonet serub), his Jacour shirt and old cricket corp. his wire hale wildly disordered, a tail to overs sureton of the beauty. In that how Make Note his face did not look red but very dark, his lipo and the drying blood upon my hards seemed black If nearible I was in a worse plight than he, on ac-

Orn taskets were unbettered and ser sheet had been taken off and lay at our feet. And we were stitting with any hashy to this cases Muich light peering at such a menoter as Direc might have in Cavor broke the silence; started to speak, went

bearse, and cleared his though Ordelde beran o terrific bellowing, as if a moontalf were in travalle. It avited in a shylak and converting was still again Presently the Schools turned about flickroad into the shadow, stood for a recovery retrospective at the door, and then closed it on us; and over mare we were in that recommend revelory of Arrivaca into which we had awakened.

CHAPTER YIII Mr. Cavor Makes Some Suggestions NOR a time notifier of its make. To form to gether all the things we had brought more aur-

solves, seemed beyond my mental powers. "Theo've got us." I said at last. "It was that fungus." "Well--if I hadn't taken it we should have fainted and starved."

"We might have found the schoos?" I last my temper at his persistence, and sweet to

myself. For a time we hated one another in ellerce. I drummed with my fingers on the floor between my

kness, and gritted the links of my fotters together Presently I was forced to talk again. "What do you make of it, anyhow?" I asked

"They are reasonable creatures—they can make things and do things-These lights we saw, . . . " He stopped. It was clear he could make nothing

When he spoke again it was to confere, "After all, they are more human than we had a right to expect. I sempose ---He stowned (rritatingly,

"I suppose, saybow-on say planet where there is an intelligent animal—it will earry its brain case

Presently be broke away in another direction. "We are some way to," he said. "I meso-nerhors a counte of thorough feet or more." "Why?" "It's cooler. And our voices are so much louder.

That fuded quality-it has altogether gone. And the fashing in one's sare and throat." I had not noted that, but I did now, other earthly animale, coreering about omeng the "The sir is denser. We must be some derthsobesn in Hydo Perk! It must have taken him like

a wife even, we may be-inside the moon." "We never thought of a world isside the meon," mir.

"How could we?" "We might have dens. Only One outs into habits of wind."

He thought for a time. "Nex," he said, "it seems such an obvious thing. "Of course! The moon must be enormously

expenses, with an atmosphere within and at the centre of its carerus a sec. "One knew that the mean had a lower specific secretty then the could one breez that it had little

sir or water outside, one knew, too, that it was sister placet to the earth, and that it was unancountable that it should be different in composition The inference that it was hollowed out was as clear on day And not one names one it as a fact Yealer of course.....

dispressed a pretty requence of reasoning. "Yea." he said. "Kerder with his sub-rolessed was

right offer all." "I wish you had token the trouble to find that out before we came," I said. He presured neithing hurrilar to himself and by at he pursued his thoughts. My temper was going. "What do you think has become of the solvers, any, . . We have experiences before us that will need how?" I asked "Lost," he said, like a man who survers an He panied at if he required my second. But I

mom! Those Cavceite spring blinds! I am certain we could have weeked them for terrestrial purposes. Certain! Did you really understand what I We ceased to converse For a time Caror kept up a broken menelegus without much help from mr. "If they find it," he began, "if they find it . . what will they do with it? Well, that's a question

proposed? A steel cylinder--

"Stabbish!" said Carer

"Caver," I said, with a sort of hysterical bitter ness, "things look bright for my Company. . . . "

"Good Lord!" I explaimed, "Just think of all

the trouble we took to get into this pickle! What

did we some for? What are we after? What was

the moon to us or we to the moon? We wanted too

much, we tried too much. We ought to have started the little things first. It was you proposed the

uninteresting question.

"Unless they find it."

"How can I tell?"

"And then?"

"Among those plants?"

"It may be that's the question. They won't under stand it, anybow. If they understood that port of thing they would have come long since to the earth Would they? Why shouldn't they? But they would have sent something- They couldn't keep their hands off such a possibility. No! But they will examine it. Clearly they are intelligent and invalidities. They will examine it-out inside it-trife with the stude, Off . . . That would

mean the meen for us for all the rest of our lives Strange creatures, strange knowledge "An for strange knowledge---" said L and harmage failed ma. "Lock here. Bedford," said Cover, "you came on

this expedition of your own froe will." "You said to me, 'Call it prospection.' "There's always right in prospecting." "Especially when you do it unarmed and without thinking out every possibility." "I was so taken up with the sphere. The thing

"Rushed on sic. you mean," "Rushed on me just as much. How was I to know when I get to work on molecular physics that the business would bring me hure-of all places !" "It's this accursed science," I cried. "It's the

very Davil. The medieval priests and persecutors were right and the Mederas are all wreng. You towerer with it-and it offers you gifts. directly you take them it knocks you to pieces in some unexpected way. Old pastient and new wearons-row it upests your religion, now it upnote your needs ideas, now it which you off to

devolution and minery! "Anybow, it's no use your quarrelling with me now. These creatures—these Selenites, or whatever we choose to call them-have get us tied hard and foot. In whatever temper you choose to go through with it was will have to go through with it.

fear, will be different. Pointing, for example. No creatures but men and monkeys point." That was too obvicusly wrong for me. "Pretty nearly every animal," I cried "points with its eires or nose." Cavor meditated over that, "Yea," he said at last, "and we don't. There's such differences-wach Alterences I "One might. . . . But how can I tell? There

sat sufking. "Confound your science!" I said.

"The problem is communication. Gentures, I

is speech. The sounds they make, a sect of flating Is it their speech, that seet of thing? They may have different serses, different mount of ecenmunication. Of course they are minds and we are

relade: there must be semething in common. Who knows how far we may not get to an understand-"The things are outside us." I said. "They're more different from us than the strangest animals on earth. They are a different clay. What is the good of talking like this?"

Caver thought, "I don't see that. Where there are minds they will have something similar-even though they have been evelved on different planets. Of course if it was a question of instincts, if we or "Well are they? They're much more like sate on their hind legs than human beings, and who ever

got to any port of understanding with auts?" "Ret these reachines and elething! No. I don hold with you, Bedford. The difference is wide-"It's inversorable." "The resemblance must bridge it. I remember reading a paper ence by the into Professor Galten

on the possibility of communication between the planets. Unhappily, at that time it did not seem probable that that would be of any material benefit to me, and I fear I did not give it the attention I should have done-in view of this state of affairs. Yet. . . . Now, let me see! "His idea was to begin with those broad truths

that must underlie all conceivable mental existences and establish a basis on those. The great principles of geometry, to begin with. He accounsed to take come leading reconstition of Facility, and show by construction that its truth was known to us, to demonstrate, for example, that the angles at the have of an isosceles triangle are equal, and that if the equal sides be produced the angles on the other sides of the bore say equal also, or that the supare

on the hypotenuse of a right-angle triangle is equal to the sum of the saucres on the two other rifes. By demonstrating our knowledge of these things we should demonstrate our possession of a reasonable intelligence. New surness I . . . I might draw the prometrical figure with a wet finger,

or even trace it in the air . . . " He fell silent. I sat meditating his words. For a time his wild hope of communication, of interpretation, with those weird beings held me. Thus that anyry darpair that was a part of my cohaustics

MAZING STORE

atenden.

with a sublem nevel widthess the extraordinary folly of everysting I had ever fono. "Ans!"I asid; "ch, ess, unritionable and. . . I seem to exist only to pe about design prepenterous themse. Way did we ever leave the falter! . . . Hopping about looking for patients and concessions in the crusters of faiton a handleredist to a stick to above where we had left the appears?

I subsided, funding.
"It is clear," moditated Caver, "they are intelligent. One can byperheatse certain things. As they have not killed us at ones, they must have bleast of mercy. Morely it any rate of restraint. Possibly of intercourse. They may meet us. And this genericant and the glingses we had of its

guardian. Those fetters! A high degrees of intelliguards..."
"I wish to beavon," crited I, "14 Cough were total: Plangs after plangs. First one fluty start and then exercise. It was my confidence in year Way don't! I stake to my play? Take was what I was equal to. Take was my world and the life I was made for. I could have faithful that play. The certain ... it was a good play. I but the Southern the country of the country of the country of the country is the country of the country of the country of the country of the month. Practically—"but throw me.

The smillenity my sense of different-ship stranges changed to interest. I perceived that the sense changed to interest. I perceived that the sense of a least cur minds could understand it entered at least cur minds could understand it entered. They were booked of some small this, like our festers, telouid short in that binin light; not such clearly plan and minery that opproach the rubbed bogstelers and took the shape of bengars. I eyed those cheening and the shape of the same of the same of the country and the state of the curse that howeved one towards now on the land, but a send of the curse to the lowered one towards now one that has the end of the curse that howeved one towards now one that has the send of the curse that howeved one towards now one that has the send of the past determined them.

The stuff in the bowl was loose in texture, and whitish brown in colour—rather like larges of some cold scutlif, and it small faintly like muchrosus. From a partially divided carcess of a monacid that we presently saw, I am inclined to believe it must

My hands were so tightly chalted that I could havely contrive to reach the borely lard when they saw the effort I made, two of them featuressly related one of the turns about my wrist. Their variated hands were soft and could be my skin. I immediately mixed a monthful of the feed. It had the same hanses in texture that all organic structures come to have upon the more; if thattle my their like a gautier or a dump merimany, but in me war was it discurredshy. I took two other a still larger piece. . . . For a time we ats with an atter absence of selfconsciousness. We ate and presently drank like tramps in a soup kitchen. Never before nor since have I been burgery to the represent witch, and save that I have had this very experience I could never have believed that a quarter of a million of miles out of our proper world, in atter perplexity of soul, surrounded, wetched, touched by beings more protource and inhuman than the worst creations of a nightmare, it would be possible for me to est in other forcetfulness of all these thines. They stood about us watching us, and ever and sealed making a slight clusies twittering that stood there. I surpose, in the stead of speech. I did not even shiver at their touch. And when the first real of my feeding was over, I could note that Carre, too, had been eating with the same shameless

mouthfuls. "I wested-foo'l" said I, tearing off

CHAPTER XIV

WHEN at last we had made on end of eating, the Schmittes linked one had a gether again, and then untwisted the chains about our feet and rebound them, so as to give us a limited freedom of movement. Then they unfastered the chains about our weists. To do all this they had to handle us freely, and ever and again one of their queer heads came down close to my face, or a noft tentacle-hand touched my head or neck. I don't remember that I was afraid then or repelled by their proximity. I think that our incurable anthropomorphism made us imagine there were human heads inside their masks. The skin like everything else, looked bluish, but that was on account of the light; and it was hard and shiny, culte in the beetle-wine fashion, not noft, or moist or hairy, as a vertebrated animal's would be. Along the crest of the head was a low ridge of whitish spines running from book to front, and a much larger ridge curved on either side over the eyes. The Selenite who extied me used his mouth to helm his hards. "They many to be releasing us," said Caver.

"Remember we are on the moon! Make no sudden movements!"

"Are you going to try that geometry!"

"If I get a cleance. But, of course, they may make an advance first."

We romained passive, and the Selenties, having findshed their arrangements, toold back from us, and seemed to be locking at us. I now recomed to be because on other ones were at the side and not in the because on their ones were at the side and not in the direction in which they were by in determining the direction in which they were by in the same of a beneath of the side of

ces another in their reedy tones, that assessed to me improvable to imitate or define. The door behind us onceed wider, and, planeling over my shulley. I now a vague, large stace beyond, in which quite a little crowd of Scientific were standing. They seemed a curiously miscellaronus rabbin. naked Gavor.
"I don't think so," he said.
"It seems to me that they are trying to make us understand comething."

"I can't make saything of their gestures. Do you notice this one, who is worrying with his head like a man with an uncomfortable collar?" "Let us chake our heads at him."

We still that, and finding it incidental, attempted as initiation of the Shoules' movement. That seemed to interest them are not interest. In a class are the latest to nothing, we desired at lead on all on the there, and full little a ploping argument among themselves. Then one of them, shorter and very much thicker than the others, and with a particularly which must be possible and feet in the same people; as our late hand and feet in the same people; as

Caver's were bound, and then by a dexterous movement about up.
"Caver," I shouled, "they want us to get up!"
He stared open-mouthed. "That's it!" he said.

And with such having and gratting, because our halls seen that testeber, we contrived to strugglic to see fact. The Scientists made way for attempts to see fact. The Scientists made way for more voiled, As soon on we were on our fact the thick-out Shemite cause and putted each of our faces with list strately, and witness to seek fact the scientists of the seek of

guard mafe of that same dull-locking motel as the blowl. These four cinced short m, one on critical able of each of m, so we enterged from our chamber into the curves from which the light had come. We did not get our impression of that owners all at ones. Our attended was them up by the more ments and mitirates on the more of controlling our short m, and by the moments of controlling our short m, and by the moments of controlling our curvelves by room excessive strike. In front of us was the short, thickest bring who had only the

problem of seking us to get up, moring with protrace this cosmed, almost all of them, infulliplish to us, naviting us to follow him. His apporting face torned from one of us to the other with a quidomost that was clearly interresective. The a Substantial that was clearly interresective. The a Substantial the great piece that formed a background to our movements asserted itself. It become oppared that the source of much, at least, of the time of the source of the substantial of the time of the source of the substantial of the source of the source of the substantial of the state was held received from the substantial or

eince we had recovered from the stupefaction of the fungue was a vant most of machinery in solive movement, where firing and whirling parts were visible individually over the banks and between the incides of the Setenites who walked about us. And not only did the web of sounds that filled the air proceed from this mechanism, but size the possible has 100 th that the first field the whele share. We had

exvers abould be artificially lift, and even now, though the fact was points to my eyes, it did not really group its import until presently the decisions came. The meaning and structure of this large apparatus we saw I cannot explain, because we noticities of us issurt what it was for or low if worked. One after another, the short was of model in the contract of t

mills of the state of the state of the state that it is also because the state of t

Third, thod, thod, thod, came the sweeping arms of this unisabilith appearing, and the light modestace hissed and poured. At first the thing occursed only resonably large and near to us, and then I saw hove ecceedingly little the Sakulitie upon it seconds, and I realized the full interesting the second of the

athwart the covern.

we had seen in the cruter, anamy, with systed would better and cylindrical hope-news, and the each of the fore carried all good with apile and each of the fore carried all good with apile and quart made of the anno dul-bookter model as of the fore fore?" I said. "What confunction of the fore are fore the fore of the fore?" Carrier's bloodle fore we full of an intelligent

respect. "I can't dream! Surely these beings— Men could not make a thing like that! Look at those arms, are they on connecting reds?"

The thick-set Schmitte had gone some paces unbrofield. He came back and stood between us and the great machine. I availed seelar bim, because I guessed semshow that his idea was to become us coward. He walked some in the direction be wished us to po, and turned and came book, and

flicked our faces to attract our attention.

Cover and I looked at one another.

"Carnot we show him we are interested in the

"Conjust we show aim we are interested in the machine," I said,

"Yes," ead Caver. "We'll try that." He turned to our guide and smiled, and peinted to the mochine, and pointed again, and then to his head, and then to the machine. By some defect of reasoning he

to the machine. By some defect of reasoning he occused to imagine that broken Engine might help these gesteres. "He look 'im," he said, "me think 'im," he said, "me think of 'im very much. Yes."

His behaviour seemed to check the Selenites in their drains for our progress for a mounts. They are faced one machine, their query heart record the

twittering voice cancer, their queer hands moved, the twittering voices came quiek and liquid. Then one of them, a lean, tall creature, with a sort of mantle added to the patter in which the others were dressed, twisted his slephent trunk of a hand about AMAZING STORIES

Cavor's waist, and pulled him cently to follow our Cover resisted, "We may just as well begin explaining corpolysa now. They may think us are pass universe a new aget of monoralf perhane! It is most important that we obould show an intelli-

He began to shake his head violently, "No. no." be swid, "me not come on one minute. Me look at

"lead there come scometrical point you might bring in suroton of that affair?" I surpristed, an

the Selenitee conferred again. He welled loughly, and leaned six fret or more!

One of the four armed moon-mon had pricked him with a good! I turned on the good-hearer behind me with a swift threatening secture, and he started back, This and Cover's audden about and lean clearly astoniched all the Scienites. They recoded heatily, facing us. For one of those moments that norm

to last for ever, we stood in angry pretest, with a centtored conscircte of these inhuman beings about "He pricked mel" said Cavor, with a calching of the voice. "I now hom," I answered.

not paint to stend that! What on earth do you take Labored anickly right and left. Per super arress the bine wildersers of capper I saw a number of other Selenites running towards me; broad and elender they were, and one with a larger head than the others. The severn arread wide and low and recoded in every direction into darkness. He reef. I remember, occuped to buige down as if with the weight of the yest thickness of reeks that reisoned

ue. There was no way out of it-no way out of it, Above, below, in every direction, was the unknown, and these inhumon creatures, with goads and

men I

CHAPTER XV The Giddy Bridge

UST for a mercent that heatile mane endured I surpose that both we and the Selenites did some very rapid thinking. My clearest impresaten was that there was nething to not my back

and killed. The overwhelming follows one processes there icomed over me in black, courness represent, Why had I ever launthed myself on this mad, inhuman expedition? Cannot carrie to very aids and held his hard on my

were Pile pole and terrified face was ghantly in the blue light. e none night.
"We can't do anything," he cold. "It's a mistake. They don't underetand. We must me. As they

want us to co." I looked down at blue and then at the fresh Selection who were coming to belon their fallows.

"It's no use," he nested. "It's absolutely no use."

"No." "We'll go." And he turned about and led the may in the direction that had been indicated for us-I followed, trying to look as subfined as vossible and feeling at the chains about my wrints. My blood was belling. I noted nothing more of that osvern, though it seemed to take a long time before we had marched across it, or if I noted saything I forgot it as I asw it. My throughts were concen-

trated. I think, upon my chains and the Selenites. and nexticularly upon the belimeted ones with the goods. At first they marched parallel with up, and at a respectful distance, but presently they were overtaken by three others, and then they dress nearer, until they were within arm's length again,

I winced like a heaten boree as they came near to us. The shorter, thicker Scientite rearched at first on our right flank, but precently eame in front of us How well the pisture of that excepting has hitten into my brain; the back of Caver's demonat head

choulders, and our guide's gaping visage, pernetually ferking about him, and the good-bearers on either side, watchful, yet own mouthed-a blue manachrome. And after all I do remember one floor of the covern, and then ran along by the cide of the path of rock we followed. And it was full of that same bright Mos burelaces shell that found out of the great reaching. I welled close beside it, and I can testify it redicted not a particle of heat. It was brightly abining, and yet it was neither warmer per colder than anything else in the cavern. Cleng, clang, clang, we passed right under the thursday levers of another wast machine, and to earne at last to a wife turnel, in which we could

even hear the pad, pod, of our cheeless feet, and which cave for the trickling thread of blue to the right of us, was quite will. The shadows made elevatic travestics of our chance and those of the Selendtes on the trregular wall and roof of the tunnal. Ever god again cryetale in the walls of the turnel scintillated like gems, ever and again the turnel expanded into a stalactitic savera, or coveoff breezehoo that vanished into darkness. We seemed to be marching force that turned for

a long time. "Trickle, trickle," went the flowing light many position and can factfalls and their achiese made an irregular paddle, paddle. My mind settled alip off one turn so, and then to twist it so . .

I was altering you wriet out of the loner turn? If they did, what would they do?

"Bedford," said Cavor, "It goes down. It keeps His surrousk would me from my sullen mea-

"If they wanted to kill us," he caid, dropping why they should not have done it." "No." I admitted "that's true."

"They don't understand us," he said, "they think fort himself in that way while they were bringing him to the Zon. . . . It doesn't follow that we are going to be shown all these things." "When they find we have reasonable minds,"

we are merely strange animals, arms wild sort of reconcalf birth, perhaps. It will be only when they have observed us better that they will begin to think we have minds-"

"When you trace those geometrical problems,"

"It may be that,"

We tramped on for a space. "You see," said Cavor, "these may be Selenites of a lower claus."

"The infernal fools!" said I victorally, glancing at their exasperating faces,

"If we endure what they do to us-"We've got to endure it," said I "There may be others less stepld. This is the mere outer fringe of their world. It must go down

and down, cavern, passage, tunnel, down at last to the sen-hundreds of miles below." His words made me think of the mile or so of

rock and turnel that might be over our heads already. It was like a weight drouping on my shoulders. "Away from the sun and sir," I said. "Even a mine half a mile deep in stuffy." "This is not applyon. It's probable- Vertilation! The air would blow from the dark side

of the moon to the sunlit, and all the carbonic acid gas would well out there and feed those plants. Up this tunnel, for example, there is quite a breeze. And what a world it must be. The sarpest we have in that shaft, and those machines---"And the good," I said. "Don't forget the good?"

He walked a little in front of me for a time. "Even that good-" he reid. "Weller "I was angry at the time. Buter- It was

perhaps necessary we should get on. They have different skins, and probably different person. Then may not understand our objection- Just so a being from Mars might not like our earthly habit of midging-

"Thus'd better be careful how they nudge use." "And about that geometry. After all, their was is a way of understanding, too. They begin with the elements of life and not of thought. Ford Compulsion. Pain. They strike at fundamentals." "There's no doubt about that," I said. He went on to talk of the enormous and wenderful world into which we were being taken. I restited abouty from his tone, that even now he was not absolutely in demair at the prospect of paint even

deeper into this inhuman planet-harrow. His mind run on machines and invention, to the exclusion of s, thousand deak things that beset me. It wasn't that he intended to make say use of these things, he "After all," he said, "this is a tremendous on-

simply wanted to know them. conion. It is the meeting of two worlds! What are we oning to see? Think of what is below us here." "We shan't see much if the light isn't better,"

I remarked. "This is only the opier crust. Down below----On this scale- There will be everything. Do were medice here different they seem one from another? The story we shall take back!" "Some rare sect of animal," I said, "might comsaid Cover, "they will want to learn shout the earth. Even if they have no generous emotions, they will touck in order to learn . . . And the things they must know! The unanticipated things!" He went on to speculate on the possibility of their knowing things he had never broad to learn on earth, speculating in that way, with a year wound from that good already in his skin? Much that be said I forget, for my attention was drawn to the fact that the tunnel along which we had been marching was opening out wider and wider. We

seemed, from the feeling of the air, to be going out into a large space. But how hig the space might really be we could not tell, because it was unlit, Our little stream of light run in a dwindling thread and vanished far ahead. Presently the recky walls had variabed altoyether on either hand. There were nothing to be seen but the noth in front of an and the trickling burrying rivulet of blue phosphorescence. The figures of Cover and the quidber Solenite marched before me, the sides of their legs and heads that were towards the rivulet were clear and bright blue, their darkened eides, now that the reflection of the tunnel wall no longer lit them, merged Indistinguishably in the darkness beyond. And soon I perceived that we were approaching a declivity of some part, because the little blue

In another moment, as it seemed, we had reached the edge. The shining stream gave one meander of hesitation and then rushed over. It fell to a depth at which the sound of its descent was absolutely lost to us. Far below was a blutch glow, a sort of blue mist-of an infinite distance below. And the darkness the stream dropped out of became utterly yold and black nave that a thing like a plank projected from the edge of the cliff and streteled out and faded and vanished altagether. There was a warm air blowing up out of the golf.

stream dipped suddenly out of sight.

For a moment I and Caser stood as near the edge as we dared, peering into a bine-tinged profundity. And then our guide was pulling at my

Then he left me, and welked to the end of that plank and strenged upon it, looking back. Then when he perceived we watched him, he turned about and went on along it, welking as surely an though he was on firm earth. For a moment his

form was distinct, then he hearne a blue blur, and then vanished into the obscurity. I became aware of some vacue shame learning darkly out of the One of the other Selenites walked a few paces

out upon the plank, and turned and looked back at us unconcernedly. The others stood ready to fellow after us. Our guide's expectant figure resppeared. He was returning to see why we had not

"What is that beyond there?" I asked. "I can't see." "We can't erose this at any price " said L

"I could not so those steen on it," sold Cour-Then it had become real and twenteent again. "even with my hands free." Neither Cavor nor the other Selenites seemed to have done gaything from the time when I had

We looked at each other's drawn faces in blank "They can't know what it is to be right!" said Caver. "It's quite impossible for us to walk that slank."

"I don't believe they see as we do. I've been watching them. I wonfer if they know this is aimply blackness for me. How can we make them

"Anythor, we must make them understand." I thick we said these things with a vegue half hope the Selenites might scopshow understand. I knew quite clearly that sill that was needed was an explanation. Then an I saw their faces, I realised that an explanation was impossible. Just here it was that our resemblances were not coing to hridge our differences. Well, I wasn't going to wall the plank, anybow. I elipped my wrist very quickly

out of the coil of chain that was losse, and then and I have him to the eround some dozen right haven to twist my wrists in opposite directions. I upon him, and slipped ageo his smarked body and was standing nearest to the bridge, and so I did this two of the Salenites laid held of me, and pulled me gently towards it. I shock my head violently. "No go," I said

"no use. You don't understand." Another Schulte added his compulsion. I wed formed to sten forward. "I've got an idea," said Cavor: but I know him idean.

out of which it had come. Then I turned back "Lock here!" I exclaimed to the Scienkes. "Blendy on! B's all years wall for you" I sprong round upon my heel. I burst out into curses. For one of the armed Selection had stabled

me behind with his good. I wronghed my wrists from from the little textualen that held them. I turned on the good-hearer "Confound rou!" I cried. "Two warned you of that. What on earth do you think I'm made of, to stick that into me? If you touch me agrin--"

By war of answar he pricked me forthwith I heard Cavor's voice in slaves and entreaty. Even then I think he wanted to compromise with know a way!" But the ating of that second stab seemed to set free some pent-up reserve at energy in my being. Instantly the link of the wrist-shain ensured, and with it engaged all enselderations that had held us perceieting in the hands of these moon erestures. For that second, at least, I was mad with fear and speer. I took so throught of

consequences. I hit straight out at the face of the this with the good. The shelp was twisted round my fot, and There earne another of these boostly surmrines of which the woon world is full My resided hand seemed to go oben through him He reached like-like some auftich nort of sweet mith Nantil in it? We backs sight in! He savelshed and coloabed. It was like bitting a days tondition! The filmer body went spicning a dozen yarde, and fell with a fisher impact. I was astonished. I was tremedeless that any living thing sould be to

threez. For an instant I could have believed the

mhala thing a dearm

good flow over me. He tureed to run as I jumped, fell. He seemed to wriggle nader my foot, I came into a sitting position, and on every band the blue backs of the Schoolten were receding into the darkness. I heat a link by main forme and untwitted the chain that had hampered me shout the ankles, and sprang to my feet, with the chain in my hand Another mad finner levelto-wise whichled by me, and I made a rush towards the darkness

tureed about to the time whee the dead Selenite

hit the avered. Every one stood back from us two.

every one alert. That arrest seemed to last at

least a second after the Selegate was down. Every

are wort have been taking the thing in I save

to remember myself standing with my arm half

retracted, trying also to take it in. "What next?" chansured my brain; "what next?" Then in a

I perceived we must get our chains losse, and

that before we could do this these Selenites had

to be heaten off. I fooed towards the group of

the three good-heavers. Pestantly one threw his

good at me. It swithed ever my head, and I amp-

I learned plobt at him with all wer wight as the

pose went flying into the shyss behind.

towards Cavor, who was still standing in the light his wrists, and at the same time tabbering negrence "Coms on?" I eried Office benefit! he someward Then, realizing that I dared not run back to him. because my ill-estculated eters might carry me

over the edge, he came shuffling towards me, with his hands bold out before him. I gripped his chairs at core to unfeaten there. "Where are they?" he neated

"Run away. They'll come back. They're throwing things! Which was shall we go?" "By the light. To that turnel. Eh?" "Yes," said I, and his hands were free.

I dropped on roy kness and fall to work on his andle bonds. Which came semething.... I know not what-oud splenhed the livid streamlet into drops about us. Far away on our right a pining and

I whipped the chain off his feet, and put it in his hand "Hit with that!" I said and mithant waiting for an answer, set off in hig bounds along the path by which we had come. I had a meaty part of feeling that these thiors could from out of the darkness on to my back. I heard the impact of his lesps come following after me-We ran in vast strides. But that rumsing, you

must understand, was an altogether different thing from any ruoning on earth. On earth one leagu and almost instantly hits the ground again, but on the moon, because of its weaker and one shot through the sir for several seconds before one came to earth. In spite of our wolers bearer this governor

THE FIRST MEN IN THE MOON effect of long pouses, pauses in which one might I did, and I think too, that it filled him with much

the same wild hope.

"That light-it is mostlin-"

have counted seven or eight. "Step," and one scared off! All sects of questions ran through my mind: "Where are the Salmites? What will ther do? Shall we ever got to that tunnel? In Cavor fur heldful? Are they likely to gut him off?" Then whack, stride, and off again for another step. I saw a Selanite resning in front of me, his less going exactly as a man's man'd on an earth, any

him glascs over his shoulder, and heard him shrick as he was saide out of my way hate the darkness. He was, I think, our guide, but I am not sure. Then in another west stride the walls of rock had come into view on either hand, and in two more strides I was in the tunnel, and tempering my poss to its low roof. I went on to a hend, then stooped and turned back, and play, plug, plug, Caver came into view, golashing into the stream of blue light at me. We stood elutching each other. For a moment,

alone. We were both very reach out of breath. We speke in penting, broken sentences.

"You're spoilt it all?" pasted Caver.
"Numents." I cried. "It was that or death?"

"What are we to do?" "Hide." "How can we?"

"It's dark enough." "But where?" "Up one of these side coveras,"

"Think."

"Right-come on." We stroke on, and presently came to a radiating dark envern. Cavor was in front. He heattated, and chose a black mouth that seemed to promise

good hiding. He went towards St and turned. "It's dark," he said. "Your lors and feet will light us. You're wet with that luminous stull."

*'Rot---'A turnsly of sounds, and in particular a sound like a charging gong, advancing up the main turnel, became audible. It was horribly suggestive of a templetons parsuit. We made a holt for the smilt side cavera forthwith. As we ran along it our way was lit by the irradiation of Cavor's legs. "It's lucky." I nented, "they took off our boots, or we should fill this place with clatter." On we rushed, taking as small store as we could to avoid striking the roof of the essure. After a time we seemed to be ealigher on the upross. It became muffed, it

dwindled, it died away. I stroned and looked back, and I heard the red, pad of Cavor's fost receding. Then he stopped also, "Redford," he whynered: "there's a sort of light

in front of un" I looked, and at first could see nothing. Then I perceived his head and shoulders dimly outlined against a fainter deriences. I saw, also, that this mitigation of the darkness was not blue, as all the other light within the moon had been, but a pallid grey, a very vague, faint white, the daylight colour. Caper noted this difference as soon, or sooner, than

"Bodford," he whispered, and his voice trembled, He did not dare to say the thing he housed. Then came a name. Suddenly I know by the sound of his feet that he was striding towards that paller. I followed him with a beating heart. CHHAPTER XVI

Points of View

VIIE hold grew stronger as we advanced. In a little time it was nearly as strong as the phosphorescence on Cavor's lags. Our turnel was expanding into a cavera, and this new light was at the further and of it. I perceived something "Cover." I said. "It comes from above! I am certain it comes from above!"

He made no answer, but hurried on, Indisputshly it was a gray light, a silvery light. In another moment we were beneath it. filtered down through a chink in the wells of the eavers, and as I stored up, drip, came a drop of water upon my face. I started and stood askie-

drin, fell another drop quite audibly on the rocky "Cavor," I said, "if one of us lifts the other, he can reach that creck! "I'll lift you," he said, and incontinently hoisted me as though I was a haby.

fuger tins found a little lodge by which I could hold. I could see the white light was very much brighter now. I pulled myself up by two fingers with secreely on effort, though on earth I weigh twelve stone, reached to a still higher corner of rock, and so got my feet on the narrow ledge. I stood up and searched up the rocks with my floaver; the cleft breadened out upwardly. "It's climbable." I said to Cavor. "Can you jump up to my

hand if I hold it down to you?" I wadged myself between the sides of the cleft, rested knee and foot on the ledge, and extended a hand. I could not see Cavor, but I could bear the Then whack and he was hanging to my arm-and no heavier than a kitten! I lugged him up until he had a hand on my ladge, and could release too. "Confound it!" I said, "any one could be a mountaineer on the moon;" and so set myself in

carnest to the dimbing. For a few minutes I clumbered steadily, and then I leoked in again, The cleft opened out steadily, and the light was brighter, Only-It was not daylight after all! In another moment I could see what it was, and at the sight I could have heaten my head against

the rocks with disappointment. For I beheld simply an irregularly aloping open space, and all coor its aberting floor stood a forest of little ciphshared funci, each shining gloriously with that pinkish silvery light. For a moment I stared at their soft radiance, then surang forward and upward among them. I plucked up half a degen and

flung them arginst the rocks, and then sat down.

laughing hitterly, as Count's yaddy face come into "It's phosphoresonne oppin!" I sold "No need to house. But doors and make merceall at home? And as he suluttered over our disconnintment. I keeus to lob more of these growths into the cleft. "I thought it was daylight," he said.

"Daylight!" cried L. "Daybresic, somest, clouds, and windy skies! Shall we over see such things again?"

As I spoke, a little picture of our world seemed to rise before me, bright and little and clear. like the background of some old Italian picture. "The sky that changes, and the ren that changes, and the hills and the overn trees and the touces and cities shining in the sun. Think of a wet roof at sunset, Carrel Think of the windows of a westward

"Here we are hurrowing in this heartly wield that isn't a world, with its inky peens hidden in some abominable blackness below, and outside that torrid day and that death stillness of night. And all those things that are chasing us now beautly men of leather-insect men, that come out of a nightmare! After all they're right! What business have we here amaching there and disturbing their world! For all we know the whole planet is up and after us already. In a minute we may hear them whimpering, and their geors going. What are we to do? Where are we to go? Here we are an

"It was your foult." said Coore. "My fault!" I shouted. "Good Lord!"

"I had an idea?" "Curse your ideas!" "If we had refused to budge-o-" "Under these goods?"

"You. They would have earried un!" "Own that house ?" "You. They reust have earried us from outside." "I'd rather he carried by a fly across a celling." "Cood Heavener!"

I reasoned my destruction of the funct. Then suddenly I saw correctbing that struck me even "Cavor." I said. "these choice are of void?" He was thinking intently, with his hands extends his chooks. He turned his head slawly and stared at me, and when I had repeated my words, at the twisted chain shout his right hand. "So they are." he said, "so they are," His face lest its transitory interest even as he looked. He heritated for a success, then went on with his interrupted medita-

tice. I not for a space marging over the fact that I had only just observed this until I considered the blue light in which we had been, and which had taken all the colour out of the metal. And from that carried me wide and far. I forget that I had but keen asking what hastreen we had in the meen. Geld-

that there are two courses open to us."

It was Course who enoby first. "It seems to me

our way if necessary-out to the exterior seato and then bunt for our sphere until we find it, or the cold of the night corner to kill us or also-He neured. "Yes?" I said though I know what "We might attempt once more to establish some sort of understanding with the minds of the nertice "So far so I'm concerned-it's the first." of doubt."

"Bither we can attempt to make our way-fight

"You see," said Coper, "I do not think we can judge the Scienties by what we have man of them

Their control world their civilisad world will be for helow in the profounder caverus about their see. This region of the crust in which we are to an outlying district, a pastoral region. At say rate, that is my interpretation. These Scientise we have seen may be only the equivalent of cowhors and ungine-tenders. Their use of goods-in all archahillity morncalf spads-the lack of imprinction they show in expecting up to be able to de just what ther can do, there indisputable brotality, all seem to

point to something of that nort. But if we en-"Neither of us could endure a sindech plant across the bettemless pit for very long,"

"No." said Caver: "but then....." He discovered a new line of possibilities. "Well, arrespond the good contraders into some corner where we could defend curvelyes assist these hinds and labourers. If, for example, we could held out for a week or so, it is probable that the news of our expensages would filter down to the more intelligent

and members parts-"If they saidt." "They must exist, or whence exme these tremendous muchines?" "That's possible, but it's the worst of the two

chances." "We might write up inscriptions on wells---"How do we know their eyes would see the tort of marks we reade?"

"If we cut them-"That's possible, of course." I took up a new throad of thought, "After all " I said "I surmoss was don't third these Scienties. so infinitely wiser than men,"

"They must know a lot more-or at least a let of different things." "I think you'll quite admit, Caver, that you're rather an exceptional man."

"Well von-worke a rather linely man-have been, that is, You haven't married."

"And win never grew righer than you happened "Never wanted that either."

"You've just rooted after knowledge!" "Well a certain curiosity is netwent. "You think so. That's just it. You think every sobre mind wonts to know. I remember once, when

I asked you why you conducted all these researches. He reflected. "When I came to the macn," he you said you wented your F.R.S., and to have the said, "I ought to have come alone." staff called Caverite, and things like that. You "The question before the meeting," I said, "Is how to get back to the earthly sphere." know needeetly well you didn't do it for thatbut at the time my question took you by surreise. For a time we narred our kneec in allence. Then

THE FIRST MEN IN THE MOON

and you felt you ought to have semething to look like a metive. Roully you conducted recearches beenuce you had to. It's your twist." "Perhaps it is----"It isn't one man in a million has that twist. Most men want-well various things, but very few want knowledge for its own sake. I don't, I know perfectly well. Now, these Selepties seem to be a

driving, husy cort of being, but how do you know that even the most intelligent will take an interest in us or our world? I don't believe they'll even know we have a world. They never come out at night -ther'd freeze if they did. They've probably never seen any heavenly hedy at all except the blazing sen. How are they to know there is another world? What does it matter to them if they do? Well, even if they have had a elimpos of a few stars, or even of the earth crescent, what of that? Why abould people living stride a planet trouble to observe that sort of thing? Men wouldn't have done it except for the seasons and sailing: why should

the moon people? "Well, empose there are a few philosophers like regreelf. They are just the very Schmitte whe'll never have heard of our existence. Suppose a Salenote had dropped on the earth when you were at Lymner, you'd have been the last man in the world to hear he had come. You never read a newspaper! You see the chances against you. Well, it's for those chances we're sitting here doing nothing while precious time is flying. I tell you we've get into a fix. We've come unarmed, we've lost our sphere, we've got no food, we've shown ourselves to the Selexites, and made them think we're strange, strong, dangerous animals; and unless these Selenites are perfect fools, they'll set about now and hunt up till they find us, and when they find up they'll try to take us if they ear, and kill us if they ean't, and that's the end of the matter. If they take us, they'll probably kill us, through come mis-

understanding. After we're done for, they may discuso us perhans, but we shan't set much fun out of "Go on." "On the other hand, here's gold knocking about like cast from at home. If only we can get some of it back, if only we can find our sphere again before they do, and get back, then-

"Yes?" "We might put the thing on a sounder footing. Come back in a bigger sphere with gens." "Good Lord!" cried Cavor, as though that was

horrible. I shied another luminous fungus down the cleft "Look here. Cavor," I said. "Twe helf the voting power anybow in this affair, and this in a case for a practical man. Pm a practical man, and you are not. I'm not enjoy to trout to Selective and prometrical diagrams again, if I can beln it. . . . That's all. Get back. Drop all this secrecy-or most of it. And come again."

They'll not think of the cleft. They'll go past." whispered, "they're likely to have come cort of

from the dark side hither. On this side, at any rate, the air will be expending and flowing out of the moon eaverus into the craters, . . . Very well, there's a drought here." "So there is," "And that means that this is not a dead end; somewhere behind us this cleft goes on and up-The draught is blowing up, and that is the way we have to go. If we try to get up any sort of

"I think," he said, "one can get data. It is

clear that while the sun is on this side of the moon

the air will be blowing through this planet sponge

he seemed to decide for my reasons

chimney or gully there is, we shall not only get out of these passages where they are burting for us----"But suppose the gully in too narrow?" "We'll come down again." "Sch?" I said coddenly: "whet's that?" We listened. At first it was an indistinct murmur, and then one picked out the ching of a gong

"They must think we are morncelves," said I, "to be frightened at that." "They're coming along that usuason," said "They must be." I listened again for a mace. "This time." I

Wespen," Then suddenly I sprang to my feet, "Good beavens, Caror?" I cried. "But they sell! They'll one the fungi I have been pitching down. They D-1" I didn't finish my centence. I turned about and made a lean give the function topo towards the owner. and of the earthy. I saw that the space turned upward and became a draughty cleft again, according

to impenetrable darkness. I was about to elember up into this, and then with a happy inspiration turned back. "What are you doing?" asked Cavor. "Go on?" cald I, and went back and got two of the skining fungi, and putting one into the breest pocket of my finnel jucket, so that it stuck out to light our climbing, went back with the other for Cavor. The noise of the Selenites was now so load.

that it reemed they must be already beneath the cleft. But it might be they would have difficulty in clamburing into it, or might heeltate to ascend it against our possible resistance. At any rate, we now had the comforting knowledge of the enormous murcular superiority our birth in another planet gave us. In another minute I was clambering with gigratic vigour after Cavor's bine-lit heels.

CHAPTER XVII The Fight in the Cave of the Moon Butchers DO not know how far we clambered before we came to the greating. It may be we ascended only a few hundred feet; but at the time it

'AMAZING STORIES "They're not seeking us, or thinking about us," "Parlum they have not haved of me"

cosmed to we we relabt have harded and frammed and brought and surfeed asymphose through a mile or more of vertical secent. Whenever I recall that time there comes into yer hand the heavy clark of our golden chains that followed every maximent. Very som my kapckles and kness were raw, and I had a bruise on one cheek. After a time the first violence of our efforts diminished, and our morements became more deliberate and less painful. The noise of the pursuing Scienties had died away st-

trouther. It seemed alread as though they had not truced us up the erack after all, in spite of the tell-tale hear of broken fungi that must have hin brouth it. At times the sleft narrowed so much that we could search squases to it; at other times it expanded into great eavities, studded with prickly crystals, or thickly beset with dell, shining fungold nimules. Sometimes it twisted entraily. and at other times signed down nearly to the horizontal direction. Ever and again there was the leterorittent date and trickle of water by ne Costs or twice it corned to us that small living things had rustled out of our reach, but what they were we never saw. They may have been venemous we were note from to a pitch when a wrint green. ing thing more or less mattered little. And at last,

for these come the familier Muish light again. and then we saw that it filtered through a grating that barred our way. We whispered as we pointed this out to one another and become more and more explices in our ascent. Proceedly we were close under the grating, and by pressing my face against its bars I could see a limited scotion of the severa beyond, It was descrip a large space, and lit no doubt by norm rivulet of the same like light that we had seen from from the beating machinery. An inter-

mittent trickle of water dropped ever and again between the hors near my face. My first endeavour was naturally to see what might be upon the floor of the cavern, but our grating lay in a depression whose rim hid all this from our cons. Our folial attention than fall hask and prescribe my eye couple a number of faint shadows that played agrees the dire roof far over-

Indiagotably there were several Scienties, perhope a considerable number, in this space, for we could hear the noises of their intercourse, and faint sounds that I identified as their feetfalls. There was also a empossion of requipely repeated sample -chid, chid, chid-which bersn and cassed, sugcontinue of a brifts or grade backing at arms noft gestive of a minte of aparts assembly at steam some which and a remble as of a truck remains over a hollowed place, and then again that chid, glot shid resumed. The shadows told of shapes that moved cuickly and ricelegically, in agreement with that regular arend, and rested when it ceased,

We gut our beads close together, and began to discuss these things in raiseless whispers. "They are occurried." I said, "they are occurred in some way," WYen

"There might be a chance to parky," said Cover. For a space we remained, each occapied by his own thoughts. Chis. chid, chid went the chapping, and the shadows moved to and fro-I looked at the grating. "It's flimsy," I said. "We might bend two of the hars and grand through." We wasted a little time in vome discussion.

"Those others are hunting about below,

nddenbr we amounted bern......."

"No." I said. "Not so we see."

We looked at one snother.

Than I took one of the bars in both hands, and get my feet up against the rock until they were almost on a level with my head and so thrust against the ber. It bent so suddenly that I almost slipped. I clembered about and bent the adjocent har in the expesite direction, and then took the hardweige funges from you recket and decreed it down the fissure.

"Don't do swething hastify," whisnessed Cayor. as I twisted mesalf up through the opening I had salarand. I had a allower of hour foreign to I come through the greating, and immediately heat Army so that the rim of the depression in which the grating low hid me from their even and so low fint, signalling advice to Cavar as he also prepared to come through. Presently we were side by side in the depression, pecefur ever the edge at the

R was a muck larger covers thus we had suprecord from our first elimns of it, and we looked up from the lowest portion of its signing floor. It widened out as it receded from us, and its roof came down and hid the remoter portion altorether. last far away in that tremendors parametter, were a number of huge shapes, huge pallid hells, upon which the Salenites were busy. At first they accomed hig white extinders of vague import. Then I noted the beads upon them bring towards us, croices and skinless like the heads of shorp at a butcher's, and perceived they were the carresses of macrealwa being cut up, wood as the crew of a wholey might

cut up a marged whole. They were cutting off the firsh in strips, and on some of the further tranks the white ribs were showing. It was the sound of their hatchets that made that chid, chid. Some distance away a thing like a trolley cable, drawn and leaded with church of lex ment, was require up the slope of the cavern floor. This enermone long avenue of bulls that were destined to be food. gave us a sense of the vast populousness of the meon-world second only to the effect of our first nlimon down the shaft. It seemed to me at first that the Selection rough

be standing on treatin-appointed plants," and then I saw that the pinche and supports and their butchets were really of the same leaden has as my *I do not prevender seeing any weeder things on the moves down

fatters had seemed before white light came to been on them. A number of very thick-looking crowhars by short the deer, and had apparently anchote to turn the dead mesonalf over on its side. They were perhaps six foot long, with shaped handles, very turnities-looking wassens. The whole sizes

was lit by three transverse streams of the bias field. We key for a long time noting all those things in silance. "Well?" said Cavor at last. I groupled lower and turned to him. I had come upon a hellinst idea. "Calesa they knowed those

upon a heillinst idea. "Unless they lowered those bodies by a crace," I said, "we must be nesser the surface than I thought."

"Why?"
"The mooncalf d

"The mountail doesn't hop, and it hasn't got wings."

He peared over the edge of the hellow sgain. "I wander now..." he began. "After all, we have now your far from the surface....."

I stopped him by a grip on his arm. I had heard a noise from the cloft helow as! We twicted cornelves about, and key as still as death with every sense short. In a little while, it did not doubt that senathing was quintly assending the cloft. Very slowly and suite noiselessly to

assumed myself of a good grip on my chain, and waited for that comething to appear. "Fost look at those chaps with the heichets again," I said.

I eard.
"They're all right," said Cavor.
I took a sort of provisional aim at the gap in the grating. I could hear now quite distinctly the soft

twittering of the assenting Scientes, the shi of their bands against the reciet, and the falling of due from their graps as they clumbered. Then I could see that there was something moring dimly in the blackness below the grating, but what it might be I could not distinguish. The whole thing seemed to heary for just for a monoto-them

small! I had ayrung to my feet, struck sowagely at something that had floaded out at me. It was the keen point of a spear. I have thought since that the kepth in the harrawness of the cleft must have presented its being alsped to reach me. Anyw, it about out from the grating like the tongue of a raske, and missed and flow back and finished again. But the accord time I matched and cought

bid darted insificationly at me.

I shouted with triumph as I felt the hold of the
Selectic resist my sell feer a moment and give, and
then I was plathing down through the hars, arriset
speaks from the darkness, and Cover had mapped
of the other spear, and was length and flourishing
it besides ms, and making institutes the class
are buried librarish the six and whacked arainst
are buried librarish the six and whacked arainst

the rocks heyeof, to remind me of the flashers at the carcassas up the covered at the carcassas up the covered I turned, and they were all coming towards us in open order waving their same. They were chert thick, little begrave, with long arms, turifixing different from the cope who for one of the had not hard of us before, they must have realised the situation with incredible sentimes. I started

s is was thin and dimen, only effectual for a threat, and too long for a gigld: recover. So I cally chosed too long for a gigld: recover. So I cally chosed too long for a gigld: recover. So I call to the second reverse of the brig about. B fall confirming beary, and equal to brig about. B fall confirming beary and equal to brig about. B fall confirming bear and equal to brig about a fine and proposed to brig about a second are where for the containing any manufact of the fall confirming any manufact of the fall confirming and proposed to the confirming and the second are when the confirming and the second are when the confirming and the confirming and

naver now men run like them!

grating, Cayee," I cried, howled to intimidate them.

and rushed to meet them. Two of them migued

with their hetchets, and the rest fied inscrtizently.

Then the two also were sprinting away up the

eavers, with heads olenched and heads down. I

I knew the mear I had was no good for me. It

crowd for sway up the covern, and then turned about to look at Caver.

He was tenging from side to side of the grating, making threshering jabs with his broken span. That was all right. It would keep the Scientise

down—for a time at any rate. I looked up the execut apide. What as earth were we going to do now? We were constred in a nort of way already. But these batchers up the cavern had been surpoised, they were probably surred, and they had no special wairous, only those little hatchest of their. And

that way lay excupe. Their stordy little formsever so much shorter and thicker than the moon. calf herders-were scattered up the slope in a way that was element of indecision. I had the moral advantage of a mad hull in a street. But for all that there memed a tremendous crowd of them. Very probably there was. Those Seignites down the cieft had certainly some inferrally long speers. It might be they had other surroises for us. . . . But, confound it! if we charged up the cave we should let them up bekind us, and if we didn't those little brutes up the cave would probably get reinforced. Heaven alone knew what tremendous engines of warfare-guns, hembs, terrestrial torpodces-this unknown world below our feet, this vaster world of which we had only pricked the outer cettele, might not presently send up to our destroption. It became clear that the only thing to do was to charge! It became clearer as the lers of a num-

her of fresh Scientiss appeared running down the cavera towards us. "Badford" wised Gaver, and kebold! he was halfway between me and the grating. "Go bank?" I cord. "What are you deing———" "They've got—it's like a gan!"

"They've get—it's like a gun!"

And struggling in the grating between those defeasive spears appeared the head and shoulders of a singularly lean and anought Schmide, hearing some

I realized Cover's otter incepacity for the fight we had in hand. For a moment I healtand. Then I rusted peat him whirling my crowther, and sheding to confound the aim of the Scienite. He was absing in the queerest way with the thing against his stometh. "Chanzi" The thing want's gum;

complicated apparatus.

it went off like a cross-bow more, and dropped me I didn't fall down, I simply eame down a little shorter than I should have done if I hadn't bear hit, and from the feel of my shoulder the thing might have tapped me and classed off. Then my left hand hit the shaft again and I perceived there

in the middle of a leap

was a nort of snear sticking half through my shoulder. The moment after I got home with the and square. He collapsed-he courbed and crumpled -his head sweeped like on over

I dropped a crowler, pulled the spear out of my shoulder, and heave to fah it down the greating into the darkness. At each jab come a shrick and twitter. Finally I hurled the spear down upon

them with all my atrearth, least up, picked up the crowber again, and storted for the multitude up the cavera. "Bedford!" cried Caver. "Bedford!" as I flow

nast him I seem to remember his footstens coming on hattery of their shooting implements pointing down Step, leap . . . whick, step, leap. . . . Flack

leng seemed to hat agus. With each, the care opened out and the number of Scientist visible ingressed. At first they seemed all running about like sate in a disturbed ant-hill, one or two waving hatchets and coming to meet me, more running away, some bolting sideways into the avenue of carrantee, then presently others came in sight earrying mears, and then others. I saw a most extraordinary thing, all hands and feet, boiting for cover. The envern grew darker farther up. Plack! cornething flow ever my head. Plick! As I segred

in mid-stride I saw a spear hit and quiver in one of the carcanna to my left. Then, as I came down, one bit the ground before me, and I heard the remote chuna! with which their things were fired. Flick, flick! for a moment it was a shower. They

ware volleying! I stopped dead. I don't think I thought clearly then. I seem to

remember a kind of stereotyped phrase running through my mind: "Zone of fire, seek cover)" I know I reade a dark for the space between two of the carcesses, and stood there panting and feeling

I looked round for Cavor, and for a moment it seemed as if he had variabed from the world. Thus, he came out of the darkness between the row of the excesses and the rocky wall of the covern. I saw his little face, dark and blue, and shining

with perspiration and emotion. He was paying something, but what it was I did not beed. I had realised that we might work from meanealf to meencalf up the cave until we were near enough to charge home. It was charge or nothing, "Come on!" I said, and led the way,

"Bedford!" he cried unavnilingly. My mind was busy as we went up that narrow aller between the dead bodies and the wall of the covern. The rocks excreed about-other could not cufflede us. Though in that narrow space we could not loap, yet with our earth-born strength we were still ship to so very much faster than the Salmites.

I reckoned we should presently come right among them. Once we were on them, they would be nearly as formidable as black beetles. Only !-- there would first of all be a valley. I thought of a stratagem. I whipped off my fixmed jacket as I run. "Bedford!" parted Cayor behind me. I glanced back, "What?" sald I He was pointing mound over the excesses "White light?" he said. "White light again?" I looked and it was even so, a faint white ghost

of twilight in the remoter cavern roof. That seemed to give me double atremeth "Keep close," I said. A fist, long Selenite darhed

out of darkness, and squested and fied. I halted, and stooped Cayor with my hand. I have my tacket

over my crowbar, ducked round the next careass, dropped incket and growbar, abound revealf, and "Chure-flick," just one arrow came. We were closs on the Selenites, and they were standing in a groud, broad, short, and tall tagether, with a little

the cave. There or four other arrows followed the first, and then their fire ceased. I stuck out my bond, and encaped by a hair'sbreadth. This time I drew a dozen shots or more and heard the Scienites shorting and twittering as if with excitement as they shot. I picked up jacket

and crowbar again. "Nose!" said L and thrust out the looket. "Chura-monarat Churt] In an instant my tacket had grown a thick heard of arrows, and they were quivering all over the careas belief us. Instantly I slipped the crowbar out of the Socket.

dropped the inchet-for all I know to the contrary it is lying up there in the moon now-end rushed out upon them For a minute perhaps it was massacre. I was too flerce to discriminate, and the Scientites were probably too seared to fight. At any rate they made to port of fight against ms. I new scarlet, so the saying is. I remember I seemed to he wading

among those leathery, thin things as a men waden through tall grass, mowing and hitting, first right, then left; seasah, smash. Little drops of moisture flow about. I trod on things that crushed and poped and went alignery. The growd seemed to open and close and flow like water. They seemed to have no combined plan whatever, Spears flow about me, I was graced over the ear by one. I was stabled once in the arm and once in the cheek, but I only found that

out afterwards, when the blood had had time to run and erol and feel wet What Course did I do not know For a space it seemed that this fighting had lasted for an age. and must needs go on for ever. Then suddenly it was all over, and there was nothing to be seen but

the backs of heads bubbing up and down as their owners ron in all directions. . . I seemed altogother unburt. I ran forward some pages, shouting,

I had come right through them in wast fiving strides, they were sil behind me, and running hither-

and thither to hide. I felt an enormous saturaishment at the evaporation of the great fight into which I had hurled

and gure.

burried on after Cawe. CHAPTER XVIII In the Samlight PRESENTLY we save finith the covern before us contact on a hazy xold. To

could in a huy wold. In another stooms about a stoom of the could be a huy wold. In another stoom, a later, that projected into a west circuiter space, a large optionical pit rauning vertically up and deem form of the could be a large option of the could be a large of the could be a large of the could be a large of the support of the pit of the could be a large of the larg

"Once on?" I said, lasting the way. "But there?" said Coare, and warp conclude support answer the other of the gallery. I followed the same of the said coare, and the same of the said coare of

on my cowher, and led the way up the gallery.

"This must be the state we lead down apput."

This must be the state we lead down apput.

"This lights there, includes we saw the lights."

"The lights?" said he. "Yes—the lights of the world that now we shall snower so."

"Well come body." I said, for now we had escaped week! I was readly accommend that we should me.

over the sphere.

His answer I did not couch.

"Kh?" I asked.

"Refor I maked.
"It desar't matter," he answered, and we hurried on in effects.
I suppose that stanting lateral way was four or few relies laws, allowing for its curvature, and it

ascended at a slipe that would have mode it always impossibly stope on earth, but which one strond up earthy under lance confliction. We saw only two schedules during all that portion of our flight, and directly they became aware of us they ran headlong. It was clear that the knowledge of a strength and violence had reached them. Our way to the activity was unexpected while. The mitral to the activity was unexpected while. The mitral In fice buring aluminat traces of the monoscilve, and so straight and short in preportion to its was arch, that no part of it was absolutely durk. Almost inmediately it began to lighten, and then far of and high up, and quite bliedingly brilliant, appeared for opening or the exterior, a shape of Alpine strayness summonted by a creat of haynest shrub, tall and breiten draws nee, and dry and dead, in applie allbouttle against the sun. And it is strawner that we men, to whem this very

vegetation had seemed so weird and herrible a little time ago, should now beheld it with the emotion a home-coming exile might feel at night of his native lend. We welcomed even the rareness of the air that made us pant as we ran, and which rendered speaking no longer the sear thing that it had been but an effort to resign orange hand Larger grow the sunlit circle above us, and larger, and all the mearer tunnel seak into a rim of indis tinguishable black. We extr the dead between shrub no longer with any touch of green in it, but brown and dry and thick, and the shadow of its money branches high out of night made a densely interlaced nattern upon the turbiled rocks. And at the immediate mouth of the tunnel was a wide transpled areas where the reconciless had come

We come out upon this space at hast into a lightand host that this day pressed upon as. We traversed the exposed area painfully, and chumbered up a clope among the serial steam, and and sown at het postting in a high pione beneath the chudwe of a mans of twitted laws. Even in the chudwe the reck mans of twitted laws. Even in the chudwe the reck The air was intensely late, and we were in greatphysical disconnects has for all that we were no

longer in a nightmure. We seemed to have evento our own province again, beneath the stars. All the fear and stress of our flight through the dim passages and fasures below had follen from us. That last fight had filled us with an encomous confidence in ourselves so far as the Selenties were concerned. We looked back almost incredulents at the black opening from which we had fast emerged. Down there it was, in a blue glow that now in our memories seemed the next thing to absolute darkness, we had met with things like mad meckeries of men, belmet-headed creatures, and had walked in four before them, and had submitted to them until we could submit no longer. And behold, they had roughed like wax and anattered like chaff, and fed and vanished like the

erestance of a dresent
I rubbed my yeas, doubling whether we had not
slept and dresent these things by reason of the
or fungue was had acten, and satisfancy discovered the
it bleed upon my fines, and then that my shirt was at
stiking painfully to my showleder and arm.

"Conferred it!" I said, goughen my slippiness with
an investigating to make a subshirt was at
investigating to my showled and arm.

"Conferred it!" I said, "which are they gring to do
"concer" I said, "which are they gring to do
"meet" And what are we gring to do?"

He shock his head, with his eyes fixed upon the timmel. "How can one tell what they will do?"

"It depends on what they think of us, and I don't are how we can begin to guess that. And it depends upon what they have in reserve. It's as you pay, Cavor, we have touched the murent outside of this world. They may have all sorts of things

imide here. Even with these absoting things they might make it had for us. . . . "Yet after all," I said, "even if we don't find the subsect at once, there is a chance for us. We wield bold out. Even through the night. We might co-

down there again and make a fight for it," I stored about me with meanbelow even. The character of the nomery had altered althougher by reason of the enormous growth and subsequent drying of the sorth. The crest on which we get was high, and commanded a wide prospect of the dry in the late entumn of the lunar afternoon. Rising one behind the other were long sloves and fields of trampled brown where the macoustree had postured, and for away in the full bless of the sun a drove of them basked alumberously, scattered

shapes, each with a hict of shadow against it like sheep on the side of a down. But never a sirm of a Selenite was to be seen. Whether they had fied on our emergence from the interior namenes, or whether they were accustomed to retire after driving out the manusalves. I cornet guess. At the time I believed the former was the ecco. "If we were to set fire to all this stuff." I said.

"we might find the sphere among the sabes," Cavor did not seem to hear me. He was posting under his hand at the stars, that still, in spite of the intense sunlight, were abundantly visible in the sky? "How long do you think we have been

here!" he asked at last, "Room where?" "On the moon," "Two earthly days, perhaps." "More nearly ten. Do you know, the sun is

post its zenith, and sinking in the west. In four days' time or less it will be night." "But-we've only esten once!" "I know that, And- But there are the

atars!" "But why should time norm different because we are on a smaller planet?"

"I don't know. There it is!" "How does one tell time?" "Hungry-fatigue-all those things are different.

Everything is different-everything. To me it seems that since first we came got of the others has been only a question of hours-long hours-at

"Ten days," I said: "that leaven----" I looked up at the sun for a mement, and then now that it was halfway from south to the western edge of things, "Four days? . . . Cavor, we musta't sit here and dream. How do you think we may begin?"

I stood up. "We must get a fixed point we can recognize-we might hotel a flag, or a handkerchief, or comething-and quarter the ground, and work

certainly we may find it. And if not----He looked this way and that, glenced up at the sky and down at the tunnel, and astonished me by a madden genture of impotience. "Oh! but we have done foolishly! To have come to this next! Taink how it might have been, and the things we might have done!" "We may do something yet."

bent the sphere. Nothing. We may find it-

"We west been on bodden"

"Never the thing we might have done. Here below our feet in a world. Think of what that world must be! Think of that machine we saw, and the lid and the shaft! They were just remote optiving things, and those greatures we have seen

and freight with no more than ismorant peasants. dwellers in the outskirts, yokels and labourers half akin to hrutes. Down below! Caverns beneath owerns, tennels, structures, ways. . . . It must open out, and be greater and wider and more nominus as one desembs. Assurably. Plats down at last to the central sea that washes round the core of the moon. Think of its inky waters under the spere lights-if, indeed, their eyes need lights ! Think of the executing tributories neuring down their channels to feed it! Think of the tides more its surface, and the ruch and swirl of its shih and flow! Perhaps they have ships that go upon it, perhans down there are mighty cities and swarming ways, and window and order vession the wit

of man. And we may die here upon it, and never see the masters who must be-ruling over these things! We may frome and die here and the alr will frome and thew upon us, and then-I Then they will come upon us, come on our stiff and affent bodies, and find the sphere we cannot find, and they will understand at but too late all the thought and effect that ended here in valu !" His voice for all that speech sounded like the voice of some one board in a telephone, weak and

far away. "But the darkness," I said. "One might get over that."

"IXamere

"I don't know. How am I to know? One might carry a torch, one might have a farm----- The He stood for a moment with his hands held down and a rueful face, staring out over the waste that defind him. Then with a weture of respreciation

he turned towards me with proposals for the systematic bunting of the salere. "We can return," I said. He looked about him. "First of all we shall have

to get to earth." "We could bring back lamps to carry and climb-

ing learn, and a hundred necessary things." "We can take back an carment of success in this

gold" He looked at my golden crowbers, and said noth ing for a space. He stood with his hands classed he sighed and spoke. "It was I found the way have. but to find a way inn't always to be meeter of a If I take my secret back to earth, what will

He stood up beside me. "Yes," he said, "there is nothing for it but to And then. . . . Governments and powers will

strongle to get hither, they will fight against one

another, and against these moon people; it will only

served warfare and multiply the occasions of war.

In a little while, in a very little while, if I tell my servet, this planet to its deepest galleries will be

strewn with human deed. Other things are doubt-

fol. hos that is certain. . . . It is not as though

man had any use for the moon. What good would

the many he to men? Even of their own planet

what have they made but a bettle-ground and

theatre of infinite folly? Small as his world in-

and short as his time, he has still in his little life

down there for more than he can do. No! Science

has toiled too lone for ring weapons for fools to use.

He looked up at me and smiled, "After all," be

said, "why should one worry? There is little chance

of our finding the sphere, and down below things

are brewing. It's simply the human habit of hop-

ing till we die that makes us think of return. Our

troubles are only beginning. We have shown these moon folk violence, we have given them a trate of

our quality, and our chances are about as good an

a tiper's that has out loose and killed a min in

Hyde Park. The news of us must be running down

from pallery to gallery, down towards the central

narta ... No same beings will ever let un take

that sphere back to earth after so much as ther

"We aren't improving our chances," said I, "by

sitting here."

We stood up side by side.

"There are methods of norrecy," I said

THE FIRST MEN IN THE MOON

happen? I do not see how I can keep my secret for a year, for your a part of a year. Somer or later every skeery of rocks; we will do all we can to it must come out, even if other men rediscover it. find my sphere. If we see the Scienites we will WHY."

the east. We will look into every gully, examine

"And if poither-7

"He must come back to the white handkerchief. Caver glamed up at the sun. "We go on seaking until the night and cold overtake us." "Suppose the Selenites have found the sphere and

hidden it?" He shrugged his shoulders. "Or if presently they come hunting un?"

hids from them as well as we can. For drink we

must take snow, and if we feel the need of food

we must kill a mooncalf if we can, and eat such

finsh as it has -raw-and so each will on his own

"And if one of us comes mon the subsere?"

and stand by it and signal to the other."

Ha made no snamer "You had better take a club," I said.

He shock his head, and stared away from me across the waste. But for a moment he did not start. He looked

round at me shyly, healtaind, "An result," he said I felt an odd stah of emotion. A sense of how we had called each other, and particularly how I must have galled him, came to me. "Confound it." thought L "we might have done hetter?" I was on the point of asking him to shake hands-for that somehow, was how I felt just then-when he put his feet together and leapt away from me bowards the north. He seemed to drift through the air as a dead leaf would do, fall lightly, and leapt again. I steed for a moment weething him, then

faced westward reluctabily, pulled myself together. and with corrething of the faction of a men who leans into ley water, salected a leaning point, and plunged forward to explore my solitary half of the "After all," he said, "we must separate. We must moon world. I dropped rather clumily among ptick up a handkerchief on these talk spikes here and rocks, street up and looked about me, clambered fasten it firmly, and from this as a centre we must on to a rocky slab and least again. . work over the crater. You must po westward When presently I looked for Cavor he was hidden

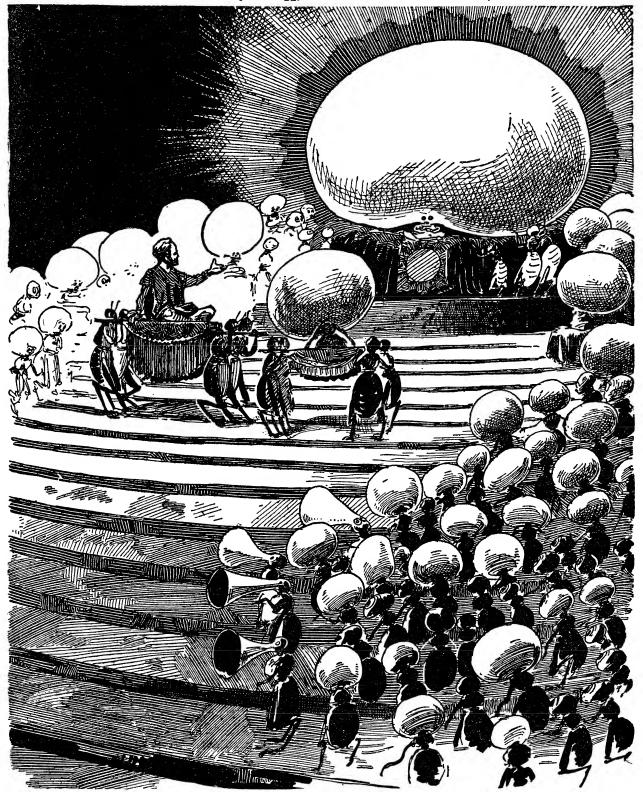
moving out in semicircles to and fre towards the from my eyes, but the handkarchief showed out setting can. You must move first with your bravely on its heedland, white in the blazz of the sholow on your right until it is at right angles with the direction of your handlerchief, and then with I determined not to lose sight of that handkeryear shadou on your left. And I will do the same to chief whatever might betide.

NEXT MONTH

"The Land That Time Forgot" By EDGAR RICE BURROUGHS

CHATTHETON has also been colled day and un-tercoined. Subscript in instruction that is the super-belling of "The Land That These Proper" was here our of the count investig stocket ever voltage. For these to the count investig stocket ever voltage. For these to their, otherway, and pand content, the best in hand. The county of Tanana has no pass when it means the entire book, Thellis, suspense, and hearth-trising structions seem to fairly tamble over each other. The wheet and the sarry though in two days, and since his record it as home four

The FIRST MEN in the MOON By H.G. Wells Author of "The Crystal Egg," "The Island of Dr. Moreau," etc.



"He was seated in what was relatively a blaze of incandescent blue. This, and the darkness about him, gave h floating in a blue-black void. He seemed a small, self-luminous cloud at first, brooding on his sombre throne; his have measured many yards in diameter. . . ."

What Went Before

BEDFORD, a writer, and at the time a financial bankrupt, goes off to a very secluded spot to write a play and so replenish some of his financial losses. But even there he cannot work undisturbed, for every day at the same hour, a Mr. Cavor passes by his house, stops, makes some strange buzzing sounds, stays awhile, looks at his watch, and returns to his own home. Bedford talks to him and stops this annoying procedure, but its cessation also stops Cavor's experimental work. Cavor confides this to Bedford, and in the course of the conversation, new plans and ideas are developed.

Mr. Cavor is a scientist and just now is working on a new invention, which he calls Cavorite and which material is supposed to be opaque to gravitation—cutting off bodies from gravitating to each other. Bedford becomes enthusiastic and agrees to forget his play and become "business manager" for Cavor and "Cavorite." The two start work together with renewed interest and energy.

Very soon after, Mr. Cavor hits upon the right formula and out of this accidental success, which very nearly cost them their lives and does cause thousands of dollars worth of damage, Cavor gets a new inspiration. He builds a space flyer, which proves to be a perfect conveyance for interplanetary travel. They go off to the moon, provisioned with plenty of condensed food and other necessary comforts for a long trip and arrive on the moon without any mishap, just before the Lunar dawn. Soon after they arrive the black and white of the scenery disappear, the glare of the sun takes on a faint tinge of amber and the sky becomes blue and clear. But still it seems like a lifeless world.

And then, suddenly, they see movement-little

oval bodies that looked like pebbles—and in a short time, the whole slope is dotted with small plants, growing quickly into huge spikes and fleshy vegetation.

Cavor and Bedford both conclude that since there is some life on the moon, and since air is necessary for any kind of life, they might with relative safety emerge from their sphere. They decide to try it. Cavor jumps out first and lands some distance away. Bedford won't be outdone, so he makes an effort to reach Cavor. But he forgets to take cognizance of the difference in weight between the earth and the moon and he flies through the air much beyond Cavor's alighting point. They become so much absorbed in lunar locomotion, that they forget to observe the direction in which they travel and before long realize that they haven't the faintest idea as to the whereabouts of their sphere, which is completely hidden by the high spikes.

Following the sound of a gong, they come to the mooncalf pastures where they see colossal animals feeding, and soon after, having eaten of poisonous food, fall asleep and are captured by the Selenites. They wake to find themselves prisoners in a cave. They try to establish some form of intercourse with the Selenites, the lunar inhabitants, but fail, and it is when they are expected to cross over a cavernous pit on a narrow plank, that Bedford forgets the marvelous and stupendous things they had seen and fights his way free from these creatures, at the same time freeing Cavor.

Then starts their flight back to the upper regions where they meet and must battle with the Moon Butchers (also Selenites). Finally they reach the sunlight again.

THE FIRST MEN IN THE MOON

By H. G. WELLS

(Conclusion)

CHAPTER XIX'
Mr. Bedford Alone



N a little while it seemed to me as though I had always been alone on the moon. I hunted for a time with a certain intentness, but the heat was still very great, and the thinness of the air felt like a

hoop about one's chest. I came presently into a hollow basin bristling with tall, brown, dry fronds about its edge, and I sat down under these to rest and cool. I intended to stay for only a little while; I put down my clubs beside me, and sat resting my chin on my hands. I saw with a sort of colourless interest that the rocks of the basin, where here and there the crackling dry shrunk lichens had

YOU will read with breathless interest the closing chapters of The First Men in the Moon. It is a story so at variance with what you are accustomed to

read, even in imaginary scientifiction, that you will have a desire to re-read and then read the story again, when you finish it. It should be noted, when perusing the ending, that at the time this story was written wireless telegraphy was unknown. Marconi had not as yet made

his epoch-making invention.

Of course today Mr. Wells' attempts at wireless telegraphy may read crudely, but it should be remembered that at the time the story was written the author was far in advance of the times—and who can affirm that the rest of the story will not be just as prophetic as the wireless telegraphy part of it?

away to show them, were all veined and splattered with gold, that here and there bosses of rounded and wrinkled gold projected from among the litter. What did that matter now? A sort of languor had possession of my limbs and mind, I did not believe for a moment that we should ever find the sphere in that vast desiccated wilderness. I seemed to lack a motive for effort until the Selenites should come.

Then I supposed I should exert myself, obeying that unreasonable imperative that urges a man before all things to preserve and defend his life, albeit he may preserve it only to die more painfully in a little while.

Why had we come to the moon?

The thing presented itself to me as a perplexing problem. What is this spirit in man that ever urges him to

depart from happiness and security, to toil, to place himself in danger, to risk even a reasonable certainty of death? It dawned upon me up there in the moon as a thing I ought always to have known, that man is not made simply to go about being safe and comfortable and well fed and amused. Almost any man, if you put the thing to him, not in words, but in the shape of opportunities, will show that he knows as much. Against his interest, against his happiness, he is constantly being driven to do unreasonable things. Some force not himself impels him, and go he must. But why? Why? Sitting there in the midst of that useless moon-gold, amidst the things of another world, I took count of all my life. Assuming I was to die a castaway upon the moon, I failed altogether to see what purpose I had served. I got no light on that point, but at any rate it was clearer to me than it had ever been in my life before that I was not serving my own purpose, that all my life I had in truth never served the purposes of my private life. Whose purposes, what purposes, was I serving? . . . I ceased to speculate on why we had come to the moon, and took a wider sweep. Why had I come to the earth? Why had I a private life at all? . . . I lost myself at last in bottomless speculations. . . .

My thoughts became vague and cloudy, no longer leading in definite directions. I had not felt heavy or weary—I cannot imagine one doing so upon the moon—but I suppose I was greatly fatigued. At any rate I slept.

Slumbering there rested me greatly, I think, and the sun was setting and the violence of the heat abating, through all the time I slumbered. When at last I was roused from my slumbers by a remote clamour, I felt active and capable again. I rubbed my eyes and stretched my arms. I rose to my feet—I was a little stiff—and at once prepared to resume my search. I shouldered my golden clubs, one on each shoulder, and went on out of the ravine of the gold-veined rocks.

The sun was certainly lower, much lower than it had been; the air was very much cooler. I perceived I must have slept some time. It seemed to me that a faint touch of misty blueness hung about the western cliff. I leapt to a little boss of rock and surveyed the crater. I could see no signs of mooncalves or Selenites, nor could I see Cavor, but I could see my handkerchief afar off, spread out on its thicket of thorns. I looked about me, and then leapt forward to the next convenient viewpoint.

I beat my way around in a semicircle, and back again in a still remoter crescent. It was very fatiguing and hopeless. The air was really very much cooler, and it seemed to me that the shadow under the westward cliff was growing broad. Ever and again I stopped and reconnoitred, but there was no sign of Cavor, no sign of Selenites; and it seemed to me the mooncalves must have been driven into the interior again—I could see none of them. I became more and more desirous of seeing Cavor. The winged outline of the sun had sunk now, until it was scarcely the distance of its diameter from the rim of the sky. I was oppressed by the idea

that the Selenites would presently close their lids and valves, and shut us out under the inexorable onrush of the lunar night. It seemed to me high time that he abandoned his search, and that we took counsel together. I felt how urgent it was that we should decide soon upon our course. We had failed to find the sphere, we no longer had time to seek it, and once these valves were closed with us outside, we were lost men. The great night of space would descend upon us—that blackness of the void which is the only absolute death. All my being shrank from that approach. We must get into the moon again, though we were slain in doing it. I was haunted by a vision of our freezing to death, of our hammering with our last strength on the valve of the great pit.

I took no thought any more of the sphere. I thought only of finding Cavor again. I was half inclined to go back into the moon without him, rather than seek him until it was too late. I was already half-way back towards our handkerchief, when suddenly——

I saw the sphere!

I did not find it so much as it found me. It was lying much farther to the westward than I had gone, and the sloping rays of the sinking sun reflected from its glass had suddenly proclaimed its presence in a dazzling beam. For an instant I thought this was some new device of the Selenites against us, and then I understood.

I threw up my arms, shouted a ghostly shout, and set off in vast leaps towards it. I missed one of my leaps and dropped into a deep ravine and twisted my ankle, and after that I stumbled at almost every leap. I was in a state of hysterical agitation, trembling violently, and quite breathless long before I got to it. Three times at least I had to stop with my hands resting on my side, and in spite of the thin dryness of the air, the perspiration was wet upon my face.

I thought of nothing but the sphere until I reached it, I forgot even my trouble of Cavor's whereabouts. My last leap flung me with my hands hard against its glass; then I lay against it panting, and trying vainly to shout, "Cavor! here is the sphere!" When I had recovered a little I peered through the thick glass, and the things inside seemed tumbled. I stooped to peer closer. Then I attempted to get in. I had to hoist it over a little to get my head through the manhole. The screw stopper was inside, and I could see now that nothing had been touched, nothing had suffered. It lay there as we had left it when we had dropped out amidst the snow. For a time I was wholly occupied in making and remaking this inventory. I found I was trembling violently. It was good to see that familiar dark interior again! I cannot tell you how good. Presently I crept inside and sat down among the things. I looked through the glass at the moon-world and shivered. I placed my gold clubs upon the bale, and sought out and took a little food; not so much because I wanted it, but because it was there. Then it occurred to me that it was time to go out and signal for Cavor. But I did not go out and signal for Cavor forthwith. Something held me to the sphere.

After all everything was coming right. There would still be time for us to get more of the magic stone that gives one mastery over men. Away there, close handy, was gold for the picking up; and the sphere would travel as well half full of gold as though it were empty. We could go back now, masters of ourselves and our world, and then—

I roused myself at last, and with an effort got myself out of the sphere. I shivered as I emerged, for the evening air was growing very cold. I stood in the hollow staring about me. I scrutinized the bushes round me very carefully before I leapt to the rocky shelf hard by, and took once more what had been my first leap in the moon. But now I made it with no effort whatever.

The growth and decay of the vegetation had gone on apace, and the whole aspect of the rocks had changed, but still it was possible to make out the slope on which the seeds had germinated, and the rocky mass from which we had taken our first view of the crater. But the spiky shrub on the slope stood brown and sere now, and thirty feet high, and cast long shadows that stretched out of sight, and the little seeds that clustered in its upper branches were brown and ripe. Its work was done, and it was brittle and ready to fall and crumple under the freezing air, so soon as the nightfall And the huge cacti, that had swollen as we watched them, had long since burst and scattered their spores to the four quarters of the moon. Amazing little corner in the universe—the landingplace of men!

Some day, thought I, I will have an inscription standing there right in the midst of the hollow. It came to me, if only this teeming world within knew of the full import of the moment, how furious its tumult would become!

But as yet it could scarcely be dreaming of the significance of our coming. For if it did, the crater would surely be in an uproar of pursuit, instead of as still as death! I looked about for some place from which I might signal to Cavor, and saw that same patch of rock to which he had leapt from my present standpoint, still bare and barren in the sun. For a moment I hesitated at going so far from the sphere. Then with a pang of shame at that hesitation, I leapt. . . .

From this vantage point I surveyed the crater again. Far away at the top of the enormous shadow I cast was the little white handkerchief fluttering on the bushes. It was very little and very far, and Cavor was not in sight. It seemed to me that by this time he ought to be looking for me. That was the agreement. But he was nowhere to be seen.

I stood waiting and watching, hands shading my eyes, expecting every moment to distinguish him. Very probably I stood there for quite a long time. I tried to shout, and was reminded of the thinness of the air. I made an undecided step back towards the sphere. But a lurking dread of the Selenites made me hesitate to signal my whereabouts by hoisting one of our sleeping-blankets on to the adjacent scrub. I searched the crater again.

It had an effect of emptiness that chilled me. And it was still! Any sound from the Selenites in the world beneath, even had died away. It was as still as death. Save for the faint stir of the shrub about me in the little breeze that was rising, there was no sound or shadow of a sound. And the breeze blew chill.

Confound Cavor!

I took a deep breath. I put my hands to the sides of my mouth. "Cavor!" I bawled, and the sound was like some manikin shouting far away.

I looked at the handkerchief, I looked behind me at the broadening shadow of the westward cliff, I looked under my hand at the sun. It seemed to me that almost visibly it was creeping down the sky.

I felt I must act instantly if I was to save Cavor. I whipped off my vest and flung it as a mark on the sere bayonets of the shrubs behind me, and then set off in a straight line towards the handkerchief. Perhaps it was a couple of miles away—a matter of a few hundred leaps and strides. I have already told how one seemed to hang through those lunar leaps. In each suspense I sought Cavor, and marvelled why he should be hidden. In each leap I could feel the sun setting behind me. Each time I touched the ground I was tempted to go back.

A last leap and I was in the depression below our handkerchief, a stride, and I stood on our former vantage point within arm's reach of it. I stood up straight and scanned the world about me, between its lengthening bars of shadow. Far away, down a long declivity, was the opening of the tunnel up which we had fled, and my shadow reached towards it, stretched towards it, and touched it, like a finger of the night.

Not a sign of Cavor, not a sound in all the stillness, only the stir and waving of the scrub and of the shadows increased. And suddenly and violently I shivered. "Cav—" I began, and realized once more the uselessness of the human voice in that thin air.

Silence. The silence of death.

Then it was my eye caught something—a little thing lying, perhaps fifty yards away down the slope, amidst a litter of bent and broken branches. What was it? I knew, and yet for some reason I would not know.

I went nearer to it. It was the little cricket-cap Cavor had worn. I did not touch it, I stood looking at it.

I saw then that the scattered branches about it had been forcibly smashed and trampled. I hesitated, stepped forward, and picked it up.

I stood with Cavor's cap in my hand, staring at the trampled reeds and thorns about me. On some of them were little smears of something dark, something that I dared not touch. A dozen yards away, perhaps, the rising breeze dragged something into view something small and vividly white.

It was a little piece of paper crumpled tightly, as though it had been clutched tightly. I picked it up, and on it were smears of red. My eye caught faint pencil marks. I smoothed it out, and saw uneven and broken writing ending at last in a crooked streak upon the paper.

I set myself to decipher this.

"I have been injured about the knee, I think my kneecap is hurt, and I cannot run or crawl," it began—pretty distinctly written.

Then less legibly: "They have been chasing me for some time, and it is only a question of"—the word "time" seemed to have been written here and erased in favor of something illegible—"before they get me. They are beating all about me."

Then the writing became convulsive. "I can hear them," I guessed the tracing meant, and then it was quite unreadable for a space. Then came a little string of words that were quite distinct: "a different sort of Selenite altogether, who appears to be directing the——" The writing became a mere hasty confusion again.

"They have larger brain cases—much larger, and slenderer bodies, and very short legs. They make gentle noises, and move with organised deliberation...

"And though I am wounded and helpless here, their appearance still gives me hope—" That was like Cavor. "They have not shot at me or attempted . . . injury. I intend—"

Then came the sudden streak of the pencil across the paper, and on the back and edges—blood!

And as I stood there stupid and perplexed, with this dumbfounding relic in my hand, something very soft and light and chill touched my hand for a moment and ceased to be, and then a thing, a little white speck, drifted athwart a shadow. It was a tiny snowflake, the first snowflake, the herald of the night.

I looked up with a start, and the sky had darkened now almost to blackness, and was thick with a gathering multitude of coldly watchful stars. I looked eastward, and the light of that shrivelled world was touched with a sombre bronze; westward, and the sun, robbed now by a thickening white mist of half its heat and splendor, was touching the crater rim, was sinking out of sight, and all the shrubs and jagged and tumbled rocks stood out against it in a bristling disorder of black shapes. Into the great lake of darkness westward, a vast wreath of mist was sinking. A cold wind set all the crater shivering. Suddenly, for a moment, I was in a puff of falling snow, and all the world about me gray and dim.

And then it was I heard, not loud and penetrating as at first, but faint and dim like a dying voice, that tolling, that same tolling that had welcomed the coming of the day: Boom!...Boom!...

It echoed about the crater, it seemed to throb with the throbbing of the greater stars, the blood-red crescent of the sun's disc sank as it tolled out: Boom! . . . Boom! . . .

What had happened to Cavor? All through that tolling I stood there stupidly, and at last the tolling ceased.

And suddenly the open mouth of the tunnel down below there, shut like an eye and vanished out of sight.

Then indeed was I alone.

Over me, around me, closing in on me, embracing me ever nearer, was the Eternal; that which was before the beginning, and that which triumphs over the end; that enormous void in which all light and life and being is but the thin and vanishing splendor of a falling star, the cold, the stillness, the silence—the infinite and final Night of space.

The sense of solitude and desolation became the sense of an overwhelming presence that stooped towards me, that almost touched me.

"No," I cried. "No! Not yet! not yet! Wait! Wait! Oh, wait," My voice went up to a shriek. I flung the crumpled paper from me, scrambled back to the crest to take my bearings, and then, with all the will that was in me, leapt out towards the mark I had left, dim and distant now in the very margin of the shadow.

Leap, leap, leap, and each leap was seven ages.

Before me the pale serpent-girdled section of the sun sank and sank, and the advancing shadow swept to seize the sphere before I could reach it. I was two miles away, a hundred leaps or more, and the air about me was thinning out as it thins under an air-pump, and the cold was gripping at my joints. But had I died, I should have died leaping. Once, and then again my foot slipped on the gathering snow as I leapt and shortened my leap; once I fell short into bushes that crashed and smashed into dusty chips and nothingness and once I stumbled as I dropped, and rolled head over heels into a gully, and rose bruised and bleeding and confused as to my direction.

But such incidents were as nothing to the intervals, those awful pauses when one drifted through the air towards that pouring tide of night. My breathing made a piping noise, and it was as though knives were whirling in my lungs. My heart seemed to beat against the top of my brain. "Shall I reach it?"

My whole being became anguish.

"Lie down!" screamed my pain and despair; "lie down!"

The nearer I struggled, the more awfully remote it seemed. I was numb, I stumbled, I bruised and cut myself and did not bleed.

It was in sight.

I fell on all fours, and my lungs whooped.

I crawled. The frost gathered on my lips, icicles hung from my moustache, I was white with the freezing atmosphere.

I was a dozen yards from it. My eyes had become dim. "Lie down!" screamed despair; "lie down!"

I touched it, and halted. "Too late!" screamed despair; "lie down!"

I fought stiffly with it. I was on the manhole lip, a stupefied, half-dead being. The snow was all about me. I pulled myself in. There lurked within a little warmer air.

The snowflakes—the airflakes—danced in about me, as I tried with chilling hands to thrust the valve in and spun it tight and hard. I sobbed. "I will," I chattered in my teeth. And then, with fingers that quivered and felt brittle, I turned to the shutter studs.

As I fumbled with the switches—for I had never controlled them before—I could see dimly through the steaming glass the bizzing red streamers of the sinking sun, dancing and flickering through the snowstorm, and the black forms of the scrub thickening and bending and breaking beneath the ac-

cumulating snow. Thicker whirled the snow and thicker, black against the light. What if even now the switches overcame me?

Then something clicked under my hands, and in an instant that last vision of the moon world was hidden from my eyes. I was in the silence and darkness of the inter-planetary sphere.

CHAPTER XX

Mr. Bedford in Infinite Space

deed, I could imagine a man suddenly and violently killed would feel very much as I did. One moment, a passion of agonizing existence and fear, the next darkness and stillness, neither light nor life nor sun, moon nor stars, the blank infinite. Although the thing was done by my own act, although I had already tasted this very effect in Cavor's company, I felt astonished, dumbfounded, and overwhelmed. I seemed to be borne upward into an enormous darkness. My fingers floated off the studs, I hung as if I were annihilated, and at last very softly and gently I came against the bale and the golden chain, and the crowbars that had drifted to the middle of the sphere.

I do not know how long that drifting took. In the sphere of course, even more than on the moon, one's earthly time sense was ineffectual. At the touch of the bale it was as if I had awakened from a dreamless sleep. I immediately perceived that if I wanted to keep awake and alive I must get a light or open a window, so as to get a grip of something with my eyes. And besides, I was cold. I kicked off from the bale, therefore, clawed on to the thin cords within the glass, crawled along until I got to the manhole rim, and so got my bearings for the light and blind studs, took a shove off, and flying once round the bale, and getting a scare from something big and flimsy that was drifting loose, I got my hand on the cord quite close to the studs, and reached them. I lit the little lamp first of all to see what it was I had collided with, and discovered that old copy of Lloyd's News had slipped its moorings, and was adrift in the void. brought me out of the infinite to my own proper dimensions again. It made me laugh and pant for a time, and suggested the idea of a little oxygen from one of the cylinders. After that I lit the heater until I felt warm, and then I took food. Then I set to work in a very gingerly fashion on the Cavorite blinds, to see if I could guess by any means how the sphere was travelling.

The first blind I opened I shut at once, and hung for a time flattened and blinded by the sunlight that had hit me. After thinking a little I started upon the windows at right angles to this one, and got the huge crescent moon and the little crescent earth behind it, the second time. I was amazed to find how far I was from the moon. I had reckoned that not only should I have little or none of the "kick-off" that the earth's atmosphere had given us at our start, but that the tangential "fly off" of the moon's spin would be at least twenty-eight times less than the earth's. I had expected to discover myself hanging over our crater, and on the edge of

the night, but all that was now only a part of the outline of the white crescent that filled the sky. And Cavor—?

He was already infinitesimal.

I tried to imagine what could have happened to him. But at that time I could think of nothing but death. I seemed to see him, bent and smashed at the foot of some interminably high cascade of blue. And all about him the stupid insects stared....

Under the inspiring touch of the drifting newspaper I became practical again for a while. It was quite clear to me that what I had to do was to get back to earth, but as far as I could see I was drifting away from it. Whatever had happened to Cavor, even if he was still alive, which seemed to me incredible after that blood-stained scrap, I was powerless to help him. There he was, living or dead behind the mantle of that rayless night, and there he must remain at least until I could summon our fellow men to his assistance. Should I do that? Something of the sort I had in my mind: to come back to earth if it were possible, and then as maturer consideration might determine, either to show and explain the sphere to a few discreet persons, and act with them, or else to keep my secret, sell my gold, obtain weapons, provisions, and an assistant, and return with these advantages to deal on equal terms with the flimsy people of the moon, to rescue Cavor, if that were still possible, and at any rate to produce a sufficient supply of gold to place my subsequent proceedings on a firmer basis. But that was hoping far; I had first to get back.

I set myself to decide just exactly how the return to earth could be contrived. As I struggled with that problem I ceased to worry about what I should do when I got there. At last my only care was to get back.

I puzzled out at last that my best chance would be to drop back towards the moon as near as I dared in order to gather velocity, then to shut my windows and fly behind it, and when I was past to open my earthward windows, and so get off at a good pace homeward. But whether I should ever reach the earth by that device, or whether I might not simply find myself spinning about it in some hyperbolic or parabolic curve or other, I could not tell. Later I had a happy inspiration, and by opening certain windows to the moon, which had appeared in the sky in front of the earth, I turned my course aside so as to head off the earth, which it had become evident to me I must pass behind without some such expedient. I did a very great deal of complicated thinking over these problems-for I am no mathematician—and in the end I am certain it was much more my good luck than my reasoning that enabled me to hit the earth. Had I known then, as I know now, the mathematical chances there were against me, I doubt if I should have troubled even to touch the studs to make any attempt. And having puzzled out what I considered to be the thing to do, I opened all my moonward windows, and squatted down-the effort lifted me for a time some feet or so into the air, and I hung there in the oddest way—and waited for the crescent to get bigger and bigger until I felt I was near enough for safety. Then I would shut the

windows, fly past the moon with the velocity I had got from it—if I did not smash upon it—and so go on towards the earth.

And that is what I did.

At last I felt my moonward start was sufficient. I shut out the sight of the moon from my eyes, and in a state of mind that was, I now recall, incredibly free from anxiety or any distressful quality, I sat down to begin a vigil in that little speck of matter in infinite space that would last until I should strike the earth. The heater had made the sphere tolerably warm, the air had been refreshed by the oxygen, and except for that faint congestion of the head that was always with me while I was away from earth. I felt entire physical comfort. I had extinguished the light again, lest it should fail me in the end; I was in darkness, save for the earthshine and the glitter of the stars below me. Everything was so absolutely silent and still that I might indeed have been the only being in the universe, and yet, strangely enough, I had no more feeling of loneliness or fear than if I had been lying in bed on earth. Now, this seems all the stranger to me, since during my last hours in that crater of the moon, the sense of my utter loneliness had been an agony. . .

Incredible as it will seem, this interval of time that I spent in space has no sort of proportion to any other interval of time in my life. Sometimes it seemed as though I sat through immeasurable eternities like some god upon a lotus leaf, and again as though there was a momentary pause as I leapt from moon to earth. In truth, it was altogether some weeks of earthly time. But I had done with care and anxiety, hunger or fear, for that space. I floated, thinking with a strange breadth and freedom of all that we had undergone, and of all my life and motives, and the secret issues of my being. I seemed to myself to have grown greater and greater, to have lost all sense of movement; to be floating amidst the stars, and always the sense of earth's littleness and the infinite littleness of my life upon it. was implicit in my thoughts.

I can't profess to explain the things that happened in my mind. No doubt they could all be traced directly or indirectly to the curious physical conditions under which I was living. I set them down here just for what they are worth, and without any comment. The most prominent quality of it was a pervading doubt of my own identity. I became, if I may so express it, dissociate from Bedford; I looked down on Bedford as a trivial, incidental thing with which I chanced to be connected. I saw Bedford in many relations—as an ass or as a poor beast, where I had hitherto been inclined to regard him with a quiet pride as a very spirited or rather forcible person. I saw him not only as an ass, but as the son of many generations of asses. I reviewed his schooldays and his early manhood, and his first encounter with love, very much as one might review the proceedings of an ant in the sand. . . . Something of that period of lucidity I regret still hangs about me, and I doubt if I shall ever recover the full-bodied self-satisfaction of my early days. But at the time the thing was not in the least painful, because I had that extraordinary persuasion that,

as a matter of fact, I was no more Bedford than I was any one else, but only a mind floating in the still serenity of space. Why should I be disturbed about this Bedford's shortcomings? I was not responsible for him or them.

For a time I struggled against this really very grotesque delusion. I tried to summon the memory of vivid moments, of tender or intense emotions to my assistance; I felt that if I could recall one genuine twinge of feeling the growing severance would be stopped. But I could not do it. I saw Bedford rushing down Chancery Lane, hat on the back of his head, coat tails flying out, en route for his public examination. I saw him dodging and bumping against, and even saluting, other similar little creatures in that swarming gutter of people. Me? I saw Bedford that same evening in the sitting-room of a certain lady, and his hat was on the table beside him, and it wanted brushing badly. and he was in tears. Me? I saw him with that lady in various attitudes and emotions-I never felt so detached before.... I saw him hurrying off to Lympne to write a play, and accosting Cavor, and in his shirt sleeves working at the sphere, and walking out to Canterbury because he was afraid to come! Me? I did not believe it.

I still reasoned that all this was hallucination due to my solitude, and the fact that I had lost all weight and sense of resistance. I endeavoured to recover that sense by banging myself about the sphere, by pinching my hands and clasping them together. Among other things I dit the light, captured that torn copy of Lloyd's, and read those convincingly realistic advertisements again about the Cutaway bicycle, and the gentleman of private means, and the lady in distress who was selling those "forks and spoons." There was no doubt they existed surely enough, and, said I, "This is your world, and you are Bedford, and you are going back to live among things like that for all the rest of your life." But the doubts within me could still argue: "It is not you that is reading, it is Bedford, but you are not Bedford, you know. That's just where the mistake comes in."

"Confound it!" I cried; "and if I am not Bedford, what am I?"

But in that direction no light was forthcoming, though the strangest fancies came drifting into my brain, queer remote suspicions, like shadows seen from far away. . . . Do you know, I had a sort of idea that really I was something quite outside, not only of the world, but of all worlds, and of space and time, and that this poor Bedford was just a peephole through which I looked at life? . . .

Bedford! However I disavowed him, there I was most certainly bound up in him. And I knew that wherever or whatever I might be, I must needs feel the stress of his desires, and sympathize with all his joys and sorrows until his life should end. And with the dying of Bedford—what then? . . .

Enough of this remarkable phase of my experiences! I tell it here simply to show how one's isolation and departure from this planet touched not only the functions and feeling of every organ of the body, but indeed also the very fabric of the mind, with strange and unanticipated disturbances.

All through the major portion of that vast space journey I hung thinking of such immaterial things as these, hung dissociated and apathetic, a cloudy megalomaniac, as it were, amidst the stars and planets in the void of space; and not only the world to which I was returning, but the blue-lit caverns of the Selenites, their helmet faces, their gigantic and wonderful machines, and the fate of Cavor, dragged helpless into that world, seemed infinitely minute and altogether trivial things to me.

Until at last I began to feel the pull of the earth upon my being, drawing me back again to the life that is real for men. And then, indeed, it grew clearer and clearer to me that I was quite certainly Bedford after all, and returning after amazing adventures to this world of ours, and with a life that I was very likely to lose in this return. I set myself to puzzle out the conditions under which I must fall to earth.

CHAPTER XXI

Mr. Bedford at Littlestone

Y line of flight was about parallel with the surface as I came into the upper air. The temperature of the sphere began to rise forthwith. I knew it behoved me to drop at once. Far below me, in a darkling twilight, stretched a great expanse of sea. I opened every window I could, and fell-out of sunshine into evening, and out of evening into night. Vaster grew the earth and vaster, swallowing up the stars, and the silvery translucent starlit veil of cloud it wore spread out to catch me. At last the world seemed no longer a sphere but flat, and then concave. It was no longer a planet in the sky, but the world of Man. I shut all but an inch or so of earthward window, and dropped with a slackening velocity. The broadening water, now so near that I could see the dark glitter of the waves, rushed up to meet me. The sphere became very hot. I snapped the last strip of window, and sat scowling and biting my knuckles. waiting for the impact. . . .

The sphere hit the water with a huge splash: it must have sent it fathoms high. At the splash I flung the Cavorite shutters open. Down I went, but slower and slower, and then I felt the sphere pressing against my feet, and so drove up again as a bubble drives. And at the last I was floating and rocking upon the surface of the sea, and my journey in space was at an end.

The night was dark and overcast. Two yellow pin-points far away showed the passing of a ship, and nearer was a red glare that came and went. Had not the electricity of my glow-lamp exhausted itself, I could have got picked up that night. In spite of the inordinate fatigue I was beginning to feel, I was excited now, and for a time hopeful, in a feverish, impatient way, that so my travelling might end.

But at last I ceased to move about, and sat, wrists on knees, staring at a distant red light. It swayed up and down, rocking, rocking. My excitement passed. I realised I had yet to spend another night at least in the sphere. I perceived myself infinitely heavy and fatigued. And so I fell asleep.

A change in my rhythmic motion awakened me. I peered through the refracting glass, and saw that I had come aground upon a huge shallow of sand. Far away I seemed to see houses and trees, and seaward a curve, vague distortion of a ship, hung between sea and sky.

I stood up and staggered. My one desire was to emerge. The manhole was upward, and I wrestled with the screw. Slowly I opened the manhole. At last the air was singing in again as once it had sung out. But this time I did not wait until the pressure was adjusted. In another moment I had the weight of the window on my hands, and it was open, wide open, to the old familiar sky of earth.

The air hit me on the chest so that I gasped. I dropped the glass screw. I cried out, put my hands to my chest, and sat down. For a time I was in pain. Then I took deep breaths. At last I could rise and move about again.

I tried to thrust my head through the manhole, and the sphere rolled over. It was as though something had lugged my head down directly it emerged. I ducked back sharply, or I should have been pinned face under water. After some wriggling and shoving I managed to crawl out upon sand, over which the retreating waves still came and went.

I did not attempt to stand up. It seemed to me that my body must be suddenly changed to lead. Mother Earth had her grip on me now—no Cavorite intervening. I sat down heedless of the water that came over my feet.

It was dawn, a gray dawn, rather overcast but showing here and there a long patch of greenish gray. Some way out a ship was lying at anchor. a pale silhouette of a ship with one yellow light. The water came rippling in in long shallow waves. Away to the right curved the land, a shingle bank with little hovels, and at last a lighthouse, a sailing mark and a point. Inland stretched a space of level sand, broken here and there by pools of water, and ending a mile away perhaps in a low shore of To the north-east some isolated wateringplace was visible, a row of gaunt lodging-houses. the tallest things that I could see on earth, dull dabs against the brightening sky. What strange men can have reared these vertical piles in such an amplitude of space I do not know. There they are, like pieces of Brighton lost in the waste.

For a long time I sat there, yawning and rubbing my face. At last I struggled to rise. It made me feel that I was lifting a weight. I stood up.

I stared at the distant houses. For the first time since our starvation in the crater I thought of earthly food. "Bacon," I whispered, "eggs. Good toast and good coffee. . . . And how the devil am I going to get all this stuff to Lympne?" I wondered where I was. It was an east shore anyhow, and I had seen Europe before I dropped.

I heard footsteps scrunching in the sand, and a little round-faced, friendly-looking man in flannels, with a bathing towel wrapped about his shoulders, and his bathing dress over his arm, appeared up the beach. I knew instantly that I must be in England. He was staring almost intently at the sphere and me. He advanced staring. I dare say I looked a ferocious savage enough—dirty, unkempt, to an

indescribable degree; but it did not occur to me at the time. He stopped at a distance of twenty yards. "Hul-lo, my man!" he said doubtfully.

"Hullo yourself!" said I.

He advanced, reassured by that. "What on earth is that thing?" he asked.

"Can you tell me where I am?" I asked.

"That's Littlestone," he said, pointing to the houses; "and that's Dungeness! Have you just landed? What's that thing you've got? Some sort of machine?"

"Yes."

"Have you floated ashore? Have you been wrecked or something? What is it?"

I meditated swiftly. I made an estimate of the little man's appearance as he drew nearer. "By Jove!" he said, "you've had a time of it! I thought you—— Well—— Where were you cast away? Is that thing a sort of floating thing for saving life?"

I decided to take that line for the present. I made a few vague affirmatives. "I want help," I said hoarsely. "I want to get some stuff up the beach—stuff I can't very well leave about." I became aware of three other pleasant-looking young men with towels, blazers, and straw hats, coming down the sands towards me. Evidently the early bathing section of this Littlestone.

"Help!" said the young man; "rather!" He became vaguely active. "What particularly do you want done?" He turned round and gesticulated. The three young men accelerated their pace. In a minute they were about me, plying me with questions I was indisposed to answer. "I'll tell all that later," I said. "I'm dead beat. I'm a rag."

"Come up to the hotel," said the foremost little man. "We'll look after that thing there."

I hesitated. "I can't," I said. "In that sphere there are two big bars of gold."

They looked incredulously at one another, then at me with a new inquiry. I went to the sphere, stooped, crept in, and presently they had the Selenites' crowbars and the broken chain before them. If I had not been so horribly fagged I could have laughed at them. It was like kittens round a beetle. They didn't know what to do with the stuff. The fat little man stooped and lifted the end of one of the bars, and then dropped it with a grunt. Then they all did.

"It's lead, or gold!" said one.

"Oh, it's gold!" said another.

"Gold, right enough," said the third.

Then they all stared at me, and then they all stared at the ship lying at anchor.

"I say!" cried the little man. "But where did you get that?"

I was too tired to keep up a lie. "I got it in the moon."

I saw them stare at one another.

"Look here!" said I, "I'm not going to argue now. Help me carry these lumps of gold up to the hotel—I guess, with rests, two of you can manage one, and I'll trail this chain thing—and I'll tell you more when I've had some food."

"And how about that thing?"

"It won't hurt there," I said. "Anyhow-con-

found it!—it must stop there now. If the tide comes up, it will float all right."

And in a state of enormous wonderment, these young men most obediently hoisted my treasures on their shoulders, and with limbs that felt like lead I headed a sort of procession towards that distant fragment of "sea-front." Half-way there we were reinforced by two awe-stricken little girls with spades, and later a lean little boy, with a penetrating sniff, appeared. He was, I remembered, wheeling a bicycle, and he accompanied us at a distance of about a hundred yards on our right flank, and then I suppose, gave us up as uninteresting, mounted his bicycle, and rode off over the level sands in the direction of the sphere.

I glanced back after him.

"He won't touch it," said the stout young man reassuringly, and I was only too willing to be reassured.

At first something of the gray of the morning was in my mind, but presently the sun disengaged itself from the level clouds of the horizon and lit the world, and turned the leaden sea to glittering waters. My spirits rose. A sense of the vast importance of the things I had done and had yet to do came with the sunlight into my mind. I laughed aloud as the foremost man staggered under my gold. When indeed I took my place in the world, how amazed the world would be!

If it had not been for my inordinate fatigue, the landlord of the Littlestone hotel would have been amusing, as he hesitated between my gold and my respectable company on the one hand, and my filthy appearance on the other. But at last I found myself in a terrestrial bathroom once more with warm water to wash myself with, and a change of raiment, preposterously small indeed, but anyhow clean, that the genial little man had lent me. He lent me a razor too, but I could not screw up my resolution to attack even the outposts of the bristling beard that covered my face.

I sat down to an English breakfast and ate with a sort of languid appetite—an appetite many weeks old, and very decrepit—and stirred myself to answer the questions of the four young men. And I told them the truth.

"Well," said I, "as you press me—I got it in the moon."

"The moon?"

"Yes, the moon in the sky."

"But how do you mean?"

"What I say, confound it!"

"That you have just come from the moon?"

"Exactly! through space—in that ball." And I took a delicious mouthful of egg. I made a private note that when I went back to the moon I would take a box of eggs.

I could see clearly that they did not believe one word of what I told them, but evidently they considered me the most respectable liar they had ever met. They glanced at one another, and then concentrated the fire of their eyes on me. I fancy they expected a clue to me in the way. I helped myself to salt. They seemed to find something significant in my peppering my egg. These strangely shaped masses of gold they had staggered under held their

minds. There the lumps lay in front of me, each worth thousands of pounds, and as impossible for any one to steal as a house or a piece of land. As I looked at their curious faces over my coffee-cup, I realized something of the enormous wilderness of explanations into which I should have to wander to render myself comprehensible again.

"You don't really mean——" began the youngest young man, in the tone of one who speaks to an obstinate child.

"Just pass me that toast-rack," I said, and shut him up completely.

"But look here, I say," began one of the others. "We're not going to believe that, you know."

"Ah, well," said I, and shrugged my shoulders.

"He doesn't want to tell us," said the youngest young man in a stage aside; and then, with an appearance of great sang-froid, "You don't mind if I take a cigarette?"

I waved him a cordial assent, and proceeded with my breakfast. Two of the others went and looked out of the farther window and talked inaudibly. I was struck by a thought. "The tide," I said, "is running out?"

There was a pause, a doubt who should answer me. "It's near the ebb," said the fat little man.

"Well, anyhow," I said, "it won't float far."

I decapitated my third egg, and began a little speech. "Look here," I said. "Please don't imagine I'm surly or telling you uncivil lies, or anything of that sort. I'm forced almost, to be a little short and mysterious. I can quite understand this is as queer as it can be, and that your imaginations must be going it. I can assure you, you're in at a memorable time. But I can't make it clear to you now—it's impossible. I give you my word of honour I've come from the moon, and that's all I can tell you.

. . . All the same, I'm tremendously obliged to you, you know, tremendously. I hope that my manner hasn't in any way given you offence."

"Oh, not in the least!" said the youngest young man affably. "We can quite understand," and staring hard at me all the time, he heeled his chair back until it very nearly upset, and recovered with some exertion. "Not a bit of it," said the fat young man. "Don't you imagine that!" and they all got up and dispersed, and walked about and lit cigarettes, and generally tried to show they were perfectly amiable and disengaged, and entirely free from the slightest curiosity about me and the sphere. "I'm going to keep an eye on that ship out there all the same," I heard one of them remarking in an under-tone. If only they could have forced themselves to it, they would, I believe, even have gone out and left me. I went on with my third egg.

"The weather," the fat little man remarked presently, "has been immense, has it not? I don't know when we have had such a summer. . . ."

Phoo—whizz! Like a tremendous rocket! And somewhere a window was broken. . . .

"What's that?" said I.

"It isn't——?" cried the little man, and rushed to the corner window.

All the others rushed to the window likewise. I sat staring at them.

Suddenly I leapt up, knocked over my third egg,

and rushed for the window also. I had just thought of something. "Nothing to be seen there," cried the little man, rushing for the door.

"It's that boy!" I cried, bawling in hoarse fury; "it's that accursed boy!" and turning about I pushed the waiter aside—he was just bringing me some more toast—and rushed violently out of the room and down and out upon the queer little esplanade in front of the hotel.

The sea, which had been smooth, was rough now with hurrying cat's-paws, and all about where the sphere had been was tumbled water like the wake of a ship. Above, a little puff of cloud whirled like dispersing smoke, and the three or four people on the beach were staring up with interrogative faces towards the point of that unexpected report. And that was all! Boots and waiter and the four young men in blazers came rushing out behind me. Shouts came from windows and doors, and all sorts of worrying people came into sight—agape.

For a time I stood there, too overwhelmed by this new development to think of the people.

At first I was too stunned to see the thing as any definite disaster—I was just stunned, as a man is by some accidental violent blow. It is only afterwards he begins to appreciate his specific injury.

"Good Lord."

I felt as though somebody was pouring funk out of a can down the back of my neck. My legs became feeble. I had got the first intimation of what the disaster meant for me. There was that confounded boy—sky high! I was utterly "left." There was the gold in the coffee-room—my only possession on earth. How would it all work out? The general effect was a gigantic unmanageable confusion.

"I say," said the voice of the little man behind. "I say, you know."

"I wheeled about, and there were twenty or thirty people, a sort of irregular investment of people, all bombarding me with dumb interrogation, with infinite doubt and suspicion. I felt the compulsion of their eyes intolerably. I groaned aloud.

"I can't!" I shouted. "I tell you I can't! I'm not equal to it! You must puzzle and—and be damned to you!"

I gesticulated convulsively. He receded a step as though I had threatened him. I made a bolt through them into the hotel. I charged back into the coffee-room, rang the bell furiously. I gripped the waiter as he entered. "D'ye hear?" I shouted. "Get help and carry these bars up to my room right away."

He failed to understand me, and I shouted and raved at him. A scared-looking little old man in a green apron appeared, and further two of the young men in flannels. I made a dash at them and commandeered their services. As soon as the gold was in my room I felt free to quarrel. "Now get out," I shouted; "all of you get out if you don't want to see a man go mad before your eyes!" And I helped the waiter by the shoulder as he hesitated in the doorway. And then, as soon as I had the door locked on them all, I tore off the little man's clothes again, shied them right and left, and got

into bed forthwith. And there I lay swearing and panting and cooling for a very long time.

At last I was calm enough to get out of bed and ring up the round-eyed waiter for a flannel night-shirt, a soda and whisky, and some good cigars. And these things being procured me, after an exasperating delay that drove me several times to the bell, I locked the door again and proceeded very deliberately to look the entire situation in the face.

The net result of the great experiment presented itself as an absolute failure. It was a rout, and I was the sole survivor. It was an absolute collapse, and this was the final disaster. There was nothing for it but to save myself, and as much as I could in the way of prospects from our débâcle. At one fatal crowning blow all my vague resolutions of return and recovery had vanished. My intention of going back to the moon, of getting a sphereful of gold, and afterwards of having a fragment of Cavorite analysed and so recovering the great secret—perhaps, finally, even of recovering Cavor's body—all these ideas vanished altogether.

I was the sole survivor, and that was all.

I think that going to bed was one of the luckiest ideas I have ever had in an emergency. I really believe I should either have got loose-headed or done some fatal, indiscreet thing. But there, locked in and secure from all interruption, I could think out the position in all its bearings and make my arrangements at leisure.

Of course, it was quite clear to me what had happened to the boy. He had crawled into the sphere, meddled with the stude, shut the Cavorite windows, and gone up. It was highly improbable he had screwed in the manhole stopper, and, even if he had, the chances were a thousand to one against his getting back. It was fairly evident that he would gravitate with my bales to somewhere near the middle of the sphere and remain there, and so cease to be a legitimate terrestrial interest, however remarkable he might seem to the inhabitants of some remote quarter of space. I very speedily convinced myself on that point. And as for any responsibility I might have in the matter, the more I reflected upon that, the clearer it became that if only I kept quiet about things, I need not trouble myself about that. If I was faced by sorrowing parents demanding their lost boy, I had merely to demand my lost sphere-or ask them what they meant. At first I had had a vision of weeping parents and guardians, and all sorts of complications; but now I saw that I simply had to keep my mouth shut, and nothing in that way could arise. And, indeed, the more I lay and smoked and thought, the more evident became the wisdom of impenetrability.

It is within the right of every British citizen, provided he does not commit damage or indecorum, to appear suddenly wherever he pleases, and as ragged and filthy as he pleases, and with whatever amount of virgin gold he sees fit to encumber himself, and no one has any right at all to hinder and detain him in this procedure. I formulated that at last to myself, and repeated it over as a sort of private Magna Charta of my liberty.

Once I had put that issue on one side, I could take up and consider in an equable manner certain

considerations I had scarcely dared to think of before, namely, those arising out of the circumstances of my bankruptcy. But now, looking at this matter calmly and at leisure, I could see that if only I suppressed my identity by a temporary assumption of some less well-known name, and if I retained the two months' beard that had grown upon me, the risks of any annoyance from the spiteful creditor to whom I have already alluded became very small indeed. From that to a definite course of rational worldly action was plain sailing. It was all amazingly petty, no doubt, but what was there remaining for me to do?

Whatever I did I was resolved that I would keep myself level and right side up.

I ordered up writing materials, and addressed a letter to the New Romney Bank—the nearest, the waiter informed me-telling the manager I wished to open an account with him, and requesting him to send two trustworthy persons properly authenticated in a cab with a good horse to fetch some hundredweight of gold with which I happened to be encumbered. I signed the letter "Blake," which seemed to me to be a thoroughly respectable sort of name. This done, I got a Folkestone Blue Book, picked out an outfitter, and asked him to send a cutter to measure me for a drab tweed suit, ordering at the same time a valise, dressing bag, brown boots, shirts, hat (to fit), and so forth; and from a watchmaker, I also ordered a watch. And these letters being despatched, I had up as good a lunch as the hotel could give, and then lay smoking a cigar, as calm and ordinary as possible, until in accordance with my instructions two duly authenticated clerks came from the bank and weighed and took away my gold. After which I pulled the clothes over my ears in order to drown any knocking, and went very comfortably to sleep.

I went to sleep. No doubt it was a prosaic thing for the first man back from the moon to do, and I can imagine that the young and imaginative reader will find my behaviour disappointing. But I was horribly fatigued and bothered, and, confound it! what else was there to do? There certainly was not the remotest chance of my being believed, if I had told my story then, and it would certainly have subjected me to intolerable annoyances. I went to When at last I woke up again I was ready to face the world, as I have always been accustomed to face it since I came to years of discretion. And so I got away to Italy, and there it is I am writing this story. If the world will not have it as fact, then the world may take it as fiction. It is no concern of mine.

And now that the account is finished, I am amazed to think how completely this adventure is gone and done with. Everybody believes that Cavor was a not very brilliant scientific experimenter who blew up his house and himself at Lympne, and they explain the bang that followed my arrival at Littlestone by a reference to the experiments with explosives that are going on continually at the government establishment of Lydd, two miles away. I must confess that hitherto I have not acknowledged my share in the disappearance of Master Tommy Simmons, which was that little boy's name. That,

perhaps, may prove a difficult item of corroboration to explain away. They account for my appearance in rags with two bars of indisputable gold upon the Littlestone beach in various ingenious ways—it doesn't worry me what they think of me. They say I have strung all these things together to avoid being questioned too closely as to the source of my wealth. I would like to see the man who could invent a story that would hold together like this one. Well, if they must take it as fiction—there it is.

I have told my story and now, I suppose, I have to take up the worries of this terrestrial life again. Even if one has been to the moon, one has still to earn a living. So I am working here at Amalfi, on the scenario of that play I sketched before Cavor came walking into my world, and I am trying to piece my life together as it was before ever I saw him. I must confess that I find it hard to keep my mind on the play when the moonshine comes into my room. It is full moon here, and last night I was out on the pergola for hours, staring away at that shining blankness that hides so much. Imagine it! tables and chairs, and trestles and bars of gold! Confound it!-if only one could hit on that Cavorite again! But a thing like that doesn't come twice in a life. Here I am, a little better off than I was at Lympne, and that is all. And Cavor has committed suicide in a more elaborate way than any human being ever did before. So the story closes as finally and completely as a dream. It fits in so little with all the other things of life, so much of it is so utterly remote from all human experience, the leaping, the eating, the breathing, and these weightless times, that indeed there are moments when, in spite of my moon gold, I do more than half believe myself that the whole thing was a dream. . . .

CHAPTER XXII

The Astonishing Communication of Mr. Julius Wendigee

THEN I had finished my account of my return to the earth at Littlestone, I wrote, "The End," made a flourish, and threw my pen aside, fully believing that the whole story of the First Men in the Moon was done. Not only had I done this, but I had placed my manuscript in the hands of a literary agent, had permitted it to be sold, had seen the greater portion of it appear in the Strand Magazine, and was setting to work again upon the scenario of the play I had commenced at Lympne before I realized that the end was not yet. And then, following me from Amalfi to Algiers. there reached me (it is now about six months ago) one of the most astounding communications I have ever been fated to receive. Briefly, it informed me that Mr. Julius Wendigee, a Dutch electrician, who has been experimenting with certain apparatus akin to the apparatus used by Mr. Tesla in America, in the hope of discovering some method of communication with Mars, was receiving day by day a curiously fragmentary message in English, which was indisputably emanating from Mr. Cavor in the

At first I thought the thing was an elaborate

practical joke by some one who had seen the manuscript of my narrative. I answered Mr. Wendigee jestingly, but he replied in a manner that put such suspicion altogether aside, and in a state of inconceivable excitement I hurried from Algiers to the little observatory upon the St. Gothard in which he was working. In the presence of his record and his appliances—and above all of the messages from Cavor that were coming to hand-my lingering doubts vanished. I decided at once to accept a proposal he made me to remain with him, assisting him to take down the record from day to day, and endeavouring with him to send a message back to the moon. Cavor, we learnt, was not only alive, but free, in the midst of an almost inconceivable community of these ant-like beings, these ant-men, in the blue darkness of the lunar caves. He was lamed, it seemed, but otherwise in quite good health -in better health, he distinctly said, than he usually enjoyed on earth. He had had a fever, but it had left no bad effects. But curiously enough he seemed to be labouring under a conviction that I was either dead in the moon crater or lost in the deep of space.

His message began to be received by Mr. Wendigee when that gentleman was engaged in quite a different investigation. The reader will no doubt recall the little excitement that began the century, arising out of an announcement by Mr. Nikola Tesla, the American electrical celebrity, that he had received a message from Mars. His announcement renewed attention to a fact that had long been familiar to scientific people, namely: that from some unknown source in space, waves of electro-magnetic disturbance, entirely similar to those used by Signor Marconi for his wireless telegraphy, are constantly reaching the earth. Besides Mr. Tesla quite a number of other observers have been engaged in perfecting apparatus for receiving and recording these vibrations, though few would go so far as to consider them actual messages from some extraterrestrial sender. Among that few, however, we must certainly count Mr. Wendigee. Ever since 1898 he had devoted himself almost entirely to this subject, and being a man of means he had erected another observatory on the flanks of Monte Rosa, in a position singularly adapted in every way for such observations.

My scientific attainments, I must admit, are not great, but so far as they enable me to judge, Mr. Wendigee's contrivances for detecting and recording any disturbances in the electro-magnetic conditions of space are singularly original and ingenious. And by a happy combination of circumstances they were set up and in operation about two months before Cavor made his first attempt to call up the Consequently we have fragments of his communication even from the beginning. happily, they are only fragments, and the most momentous of all the things that he had to tell humanity—the instructions, that is, for the making of Cavorite, if, indeed, he ever transmitted themhave throbbed themselves away unrecorded into space. We never succeeded in getting a response back to Cavor. He was unable to tell, therefore, what we had received or what we had missed; indeed, he did not certainly know that any one on earth was really aware of his efforts to reach us. And the persistence he displayed in sending eighteen long descriptions of lunar affairs—as they would be if we had them complete—shows how much his mind must have turned back towards his native planet since he left it two years ago.

You can imagine how amazed Mr. Wendigee must have been when he discovered his record of electromagnetic disturbances interlaced by Cavor's straightforward English. Mr. Wendigee knew nothing of our wild journey moonward, and suddenly—this English out of the void!

It is well the reader should understand the conditions under which it would seem these messages were sent. Somewhere within the moon Cavor certainly had access for a time to a considerable amount of electrical apparatus, and it would seem he rigged up—perhaps furtively—a transmitting arrangement of the Marconi type. This he was able to operate at irregular intervals: sometimes for only half an hour or so, sometimes for three or four hours at a stretch. At these times he transmitted his earthward message, regardless of the fact that the relative position of the moon and points upon the earth's surface is constantly altering. As a consequence of this and of the necessary imperfections of our recording instruments his communication comes and goes in our records in an extremely fitful manner; it becomes blurred; it "fades out" in a mysterious and altogether exasperating way. And added to this is the fact that he was not an expert operator; he had partly forgotten, or never completely mastered, the code in general use, and as he became fatigued he dropped words and misspelt in a curious manner.

Altogether we have probably lost quite half of the communications he made, and much we have is damaged, broken, and partly effaced. In the abstract that follows the reader must be prepared therefore for a considerable amount of break, hiatus, and change of topic. Mr. Wendigee and I are collaborating in a complete and annotated edition of the Cavor record, which we hope to publish, together with a detailed account of the instruments employed, beginning with the first volume in January next. That will be the full and scientific report, of which this is only the popular first transscript. But here we give at least sufficient to complete the story I have told, and to give the broad outlines of the state of that other world so near, so akin, and yet so dissimilar to our own.

CHAPTER XXIII

An Abstract of the Six Messages First Received from Mr. Cavor

THE two earlier messages of Mr. Cavor may very well be reserved for that larger volume. They simply tell, with greater brevity and with a difference in several details that is interesting, but not of any vital importance, the bare facts of the making of the sphere and our departure from the world. Throughout, Cavor speaks of me as a man who is dead, but with a curious change of temper as he approaches our landing on the moon.

"Poor Bedford," he says of me, and "this poor young man"; and he blames himself for inducing a young man, "by no means well equipped for such adventures," to leave a planet "on which he was indisputably fitted to succeed" on so precarious a mission. I think he underrates the part my energy and practical capacity played in bringing about the realization of his theoretical sphere. "We arrived," he says, with no more account of our passage through space than if we had made a journey of common occurrence in a railway train.

And then he becomes increasingly unfair to me. Unfair, indeed, to an extent I should not have expected in a man trained in the search for truth. Looking back over my previously written account of these things, I must insist that I have been altogether juster to Cavor than he has been to me. I have extenuated little and suppressed nothing. But his account is:—

"It speedily became apparent that the entire strangeness of our circumstances and surroundings—great loss of weight, attenuated but highly oxygenated air, consequent exaggeration of the results of muscular effort, rapid development of weird plants from obscure spores, lurid sky—was exciting my companion unduly. On the moon his character seemed to deteriorate. He became impulsive, rash, and quarrelsome. In a little while his folly in devouring some gigantic vesicles and his consequent intoxication led to our capture by the Selenites—before we had had the slightest opportunity of properly observing their ways. . . .

(He says, you observe, nothing of his own concession to these same "vesicles.")

And he goes on from that point to say that "We came to a difficult passage with them, and Bedford mistaking certain gestures of theirs"—pretty gestures they were!-"gave way to a panic violence. He ran amuck, killed three, and perforce I had to flee with him after the outrage. Subsequently we fought with a number who endeavoured to bar our way, and slew seven or eight more. It says much for the tolerance of these beings that on my recapture I was not instantly slain. We made our way to the exterior and separated in the crater of our arrival, to increase our chances of recovering our sphere. But presently I came upon a body of Selenites, led by two who were curiously different, even in form, from any of these we had seen hitherto, with larger heads and smaller bodies, and much more elaborately wrapped about. And after evading them for some time I fell into a crevasse, cut my head rather badly, and displaced my patella, and, finding crawling very painful, decided to surrender -if they would still permit me to do so. This they did, and, perceiving my helpless condition, carried me with them again into the moon. And of Bedford I have heard or seen nothing more, nor, so far as I can gather, has any Selenite. Either the night overtook him in the crater, or else, which is more probable, he found the sphere, and, desiring to steal a march upon me, made off with it-only, I fear, to find it uncontrollable, and to meet a more lingering fate in outer space."

And with that Cavor dismisses me and goes on to more interesting topics. I dislike the idea of seeming to use my position as his editor to deflect his story in my own interest, but I am obliged to protest here against the turn he gives these occurrences. He says nothing about that gasping mesage on the blood-stained paper in which he told, or attempted to tell, a very different story. The dignified self-surrender is an altogether new view of the affair that has come to him, I must insist, since he began to feel secure among the lunar people; and as for the "stealing a march" conception, I am quite willing to let the reader decide between us on what he has before him. I know I am not a model man—I have made no pretence to be. But am I that?

However, that is the sum of my wrongs. From this point I can edit Cavor with an untroubled mind, for he mentions me no more.

It would seem the Selenites who had come upon him carried him to some point in the interior down "a great shaft" by means of what he describes as "a sort of balloon." We gather from the rather confused passage in which he describes this, and from a number of chance allusions and hints in other and subsequent messages, that this "great shaft" is one of an enormous system of artificial shafts that run, each from what is called a lunar "crater," downwards for very nearly a hundred miles towards the central portion of our satellite. These shafts communicate by transverse tunnels, they throw out abysmal caverns and expand into great globular places; the whole of the moon's substance for a hundred miles inward, indeed, is a mere "Partly," says Cavor, "this sponge of rock. sponginess is natural, but very largely it is due to the enormous industry of the Selenites in the past. The enormous circular mounds of the excavated rock and earth it is that form these great circles about the tunnels known to earthly astronomers (misled by a false analogy) as volcanoes."

It was down this shaft they took him, in this "sort of balloon" he speaks of, at first into an inky blackness and then into a region of continually increasing phosphorescence. Cavor's despatches show him to be curiously regardless of detail for a scientific man, but we gather that this light was due to the streams and cascades of water—"no doubt containing some phosphorescent organism"—that flowed ever more abundantly downward towards the Central Sea. And as he descended, he says, "The Selenites also became luminous." And at last far below him he saw, as it were, a lake of heatless fire, the waters of the Central Sea, glowing and eddying in strange perturbation, "like luminous blue milk that is just on the boil."

"This Lunar Sea," says Cavor, in a later passage "is not a stagnant ocean; a solar tide sends it in a perpetual flow around the lunar axis, and strange storms and boilings and rushings of its waters occur, and at times cold winds and thunderings that ascend out of it into the busy ways of the great ant-hill above. It is only when the water is in motion that it gives out light; in its rare seasons of calm it is black. Commonly, when one sees it, its waters rise and fall in an oily swell, and flakes and big rafts of shining, bubbly foam drift with the sluggish, faintly glowing current. The Selenites navigate its

cavernous straits and lagoons in little shallow boats of a canoe-like shape; and even before my journey to the galleries about the Grand Lunar, who is Master of the Moon, I was permitted to make a brief excursion on its waters.

"The caverns and passages are naturally very tortuous. A large proportion of these ways are known only to expert pilots among the fishermen, and not infrequently Selenites are lost for ever in their labyrinths. In their remoter recesses, I am told, strange creatures lurk, some of them terrible and dangerous creatures that all the science of the moon has been unable to exterminate. There is particularly the Rapha, an inextricable mass of clutching tentacles that one hacks to pieces only to multiply; and the Tzee, a darting creature that is never seen, so subtly and suddenly does it slay. . . ."

He gives us a gleam of description.

"I was reminded on this excursion of what I have read of the Mammoth Caves; if only I had had a yellow flambeau instead of the pervading blue light, and a solid-looking boatman with an oar instead of a scuttle-faced Selenite working an engine at the back of the canoe, I could have imagined I had suddenly got back to earth. The rocks about us were very various, sometimes black, sometimes pale blue and veined, and once they flashed and glittered as though we had come into a mine of sapphires. And below one saw the ghostly phosphorescent fishes flash and vanish in the hardly less phosphorescent deep. Then, presently, a long ultra-marine vista down the turgid stream of one of the channels of traffic, and a landing stage, and then, perhaps, a glimpse up the enormous crowded shaft of one of the vertical ways.

"In one great place heavy with glistening stalactites a number of boats were fishing. We went alongside one of these and watched the long-armed fishing Selenites winding in a net. They were little, hunchbacked insects, with very strong arms, short, bandy legs, and crinkled face-masks. As they pulled at it that net seemed the heaviest thing I had come upon in the moon; it was loaded with weights—no doubt of gold—and it took a long time to draw, for in those waters the larger and more edible fish lurk deep. The fish in the net came up like a blue moonrise—a blaze of darting, tossing blue.

"Among their catch was a many-tentaculate, evileyed black thing, ferociously active, whose appearance they greeted with shrieks and twitters, and which with quick, nervous movements they hacked to pieces by means of little hatchets. All its dissevered limbs continued to lash and writhe in a vicious manner. Afterwards, when fever had hold of me, I dreamed again and again of that bitter, furious creature rising so vigorous and active out of the unknown sea. It was the most active and malignant thing of all the living creatures I have yet seen in this world inside the moon...

"The surface of this sea must be very nearly two hundred miles (if not more) below the level of the moon's exterior; all the cities of the moon lie, I learned, immediately above this Central Sea, in such cavernous spaces and artificial galleries as I have described, and they communicate with the exterior by enormous vertical shafts which open invariably in what are called by earthly astronomers the 'craters' of the moon. The lid covering one such aperture I had already seen during the wanderings that had preceded my capture.

"Upon the condition of the less central portion of the moon I have not yet arrived at very precise knowledge. There is an enormous system of caverns in which the mooncalves shelter during the night; and there are abattoirs and the like-in one of these it was that I and Bedford fought with the Selenite butchers-and I have since seen balloons laden with meat descending out of the upper dark. I have as yet scarcely learned as much of these things as a Zulu in London would learn about the British corn supplies in the same time. It is clear, however, that these vertical shafts and the vegetation of the surface must play an essential rôle in ventilating and keeping fresh the atmosphere of the moon. At one time, and particularly on my first emergence from my prison, there was certainly a cold wind blowing down the shaft, and later there was a kind of sirocco upward that corresponded with my fever. For at the end of about three weeks I fell ill of an indefinable sort of fever, and in spite of sleep and the quinine tabloids that very fortunately I had brought in my pocket, I remained ill and fretting miserably, almost to the time when I was taken into the presence of the Grand Lunar, who is Master of the Moon.

"I will not dilate on the wretchedness of my condition," he remarks, "during those days of ill-health." And he goes on with great amplitude with details I omit here. "My temperature," he concludes, "kept abnormally high for a long time, and I lost all desire for food. I had stagnant waking intervals, and sleep tormented by dreams, and at one phase I was, I remember, so weak as to be earth-sick and almost hysterical. I longed almost intolerably for colour to break the everlasting blue. . . ."

He reverts again presently to the topic of this sponge-caught lunar atmosphere. I am told by astronomers and physicists that all he tells is in absolute accordance with what was already known of the moon's condition. Had earthly astronomers had the courage and imagination to push home a bold induction, says Mr. Wendigee, they might have foretold almost everything that Cavor has to say of the general structure of the moon. They know now pretty certainly that moon and earth are not so much satellite and primary as smaller and greater sisters, made out of one mass, and consequently made of the same material. And since the density of the moon is only three-fifths that of the earth, there can be nothing for it but that she is hollowed out by a great system of caverns. There was no necessity, said Sir Jabez Flap, F.R.S., that most entertaining exponent of the facetious side of the stars, that we should ever have gone to the moon to find out such easy inferences, and follows it up with an allusion to Gruyère cheese, but he might have announced his knowledge of the hollowness of the moon before. And if the moon is hol-

low, then the apparent absence of air and water is, of course, quite easily explained. The sea lies within at the bottom of the caverns, and the air travels through the great sponge of galleries, in accordance with simple physical laws. The caverns of the moon, on the whole, are very windy places. As the sunlight comes around the moon the air in the outer galleries on that side is heated, its pressure increases, some flows out on the exterior and mingles with the evaporating air of the craters (where the plants remove its carbonic acid), while the greater portion flows round through the galleries to replace the shrinking air of the cooling side that the sunlight has left. There is, therefore, a constant eastward breeze in the air of the outer galleries, and an up-flow during the lunar day up the shafts, complicated, of course, very greatly by the varying shape of the galleries, and the ingenious contrivances of the Selenite mind. . . .

CHAPTER XXIV

The Natural History of the Selenites

HE messages of Cavor from the sixth up to the sixteenth are for the most part so much broken, and they abound so in repetitions, that they scarcely form a consecutive narrative. They will be given in full, of course, in the scientific report, but here it will be far more convenient to continue simply to abstract and quote as in the former chapter. We have subjected every word to a keen critical scrutiny, and my own brief memories and impressions of lunar things have been of inestimable help in interpreting what would otherwise have been impenetrably dark. And, naturally, as living beings, our interest centres far more upon the strange community of lunar insects in which he was living, it would seem, as an honoured guest than upon the mere physical condition of their world.

I have already made it clear, I think, that the Selenites I saw resembled man in maintaining the erect attitude, and in having four limbs, and I have compared the general appearance of their heads and the jointing of their limbs to that of insects. I have mentioned, too, the peculiar consequence of the smaller gravitation of the moon on their fragile slightness. Cavor confirms me upon all these points. He calls them "animals," though of course they fall under no division of the classification of earthly creatures, and he points out "the insect type of anatomy had, fortunately for men, never exceeded a relatively very small size on earth." The largest terrestrial insects, living or extinct, do not, as a matter of fact, measure 6 in. in length; "but here, against the lesser gravitation of the moon, a creature certainly as much an insect as vertebrate seems to have been able to attain to human and ultrahuman dimensions."

He does not mention the ant, but throughout his allusions the ant is continually being brought before my mind, in its sleepless activity, in its intelligence and social organisation, in its structure, and more particularly in the fact that it displays, in addition to the two forms, the male and the female form, that almost all other animals possess a number of other sexless creatures, workers, soldiers, and the

like, differing from one another in structure, character, power, and use, and yet all members of the same species. For these Selenites, also, have a great variety of forms. Of course, they are not only colossally greater in size than ants, but also, in Cavor's opinion at least, in intelligence, morality, and social wisdom are they colossally greater than men. And instead of the four or five different forms of ant that are found, there are almost innumerably different forms of Selenite. I have endeavoured to indicate the very considerable difference observable in such Selenites of the outer crust as I happened to encounter; the differences in size and proportions were certainly as wide as the differences between the most widely separated races of men. But such differences as I saw fade absolutely to nothing in comparison with the huge distinctions of which Cavor tells. It would seem the exterior Selenites I saw, were, indeed, mostly engaged in kindred occupations—mooncalf herds, butchers, fleshers, and the like. But within the moon, practically unsuspected by me, there are, it seems, a number of other sorts of Selenite, differing in size, differing in the relative size of part to part, differing in power and appearance, and yet not different species of creatures, but only different forms of one species, and retaining through all their variations a certain common likeness that marks their specific unity. The moon is, indeed, a sort of vast ant-hill, only, instead of there being only four or five sorts of ant, there are many hundred different sorts of Selenite, and almost every gradation between one sort and another.

It would seem the discovery came upon Cavor very speedily. I infer rather than learn from his narrative that he was captured by the mooncalf herds under the direction of those other Selenites who "have larger brain cases (heads?) and very much shorter legs." Finding he would not walk even under the goad, they carried him into darkness. crossed a narrow, plank-like bridge that may have been the identical bridge I had refused, and put him down in something that must have seemed at first to be some sort of lift. This was the balloon -it had certainly been absolutely invisible to us in the darkness—and what had seemed to me a mere plank-walking into the void was really, no doubt, the passage of the gangway. In this he descended towards constantly more luminous caverns of the moon. At first they descended in silence—save for the twitterings of the Selenites and then into a stir of windy movement. In a little while the profound blackness had made his eyes so sensitive that he began to see more and more of the things about him, and at last the vague took shape.

"Conceive an enormous cylindrical space," says Cavor in his seventh message, "a quarter of a mile across, perhaps; very dimly lit at first and then brighter, with big platforms twisting down its sides in a spiral that vanishes at last below in a blue profundity; and lit even more brightly—one could not tell how or why. Think of the well of the very largest spiral staircase or lift-shaft that you have ever looked down, and magnify that by a hundred. Imagine it at twilight seen through blue

glass. Imagine yourself looking down that; only imagine also that you feel extraordinarily light, and have got rid of any giddy feeling you might have on earth, and you will have the first conditions of my impression. Round this enormous shaft imagine a broad gallery running in a much steeper spiral than would be credible on earth, and forming a steep road protected from the gulf only by a little parapet that vanishes at last in perspective a couple of miles below.

"Looking up, I saw the very fellow of the downward vision; it had, of course, the effect of looking into a very steep cone. A wind was blowing down the shaft, and far above I fancy I heard, growing fainter and fainter, the bellowing of the mooncalves that were being driven down again from their evening pasturage on the exterior. And up and down the spiral galleries were scattered numerous moon people, pallid, faintly self-luminous beings, regarding our appearance or busied on unknown errands.

"Either I fancied it or a flake of snow came drifting down on the icy breeze. And then, falling like a snowflake, a little figure, a little man-insect, clinging to a parachute, drove down very swiftly towards the central places of the moon.

"The big-headed Selenite sitting beside me, seeing me move my head with the gesture of one who saw, pointed with his trunk-like 'hand' and indicated a sort of jetty coming into sight very far below; a little landing-stage, as it were, hanging into the void. As it swept up towards us our pace diminished very rapidly, and in a few moments, as it seemed, we were abreast of it, and at rest. A mooring-rope was flung and grasped, and I found myself pulled down to a level with a great crowd of Selenites, who jostled to see me.

"It was an incredible crowd. Suddenly and violently there was forced upon my attention the vast amount of difference there is amongst these beings of the moon.

"Indeed, there seemed not two alike in all that jostling multitude. They differed in shape, they differed in size, they rang all the horrible changes on the theme of Selenite form! Some bulged and overhung, some ran about among the feet of their fellows. All of them had a grotesque and disquieting suggestion of an insect that has somehow contrived to mock humanity; but all seemed to present an incredible exaggeration of some particular feature: one had a vast right fore-limb, an enormous antennal arm, as it were; one seemed all leg, poised. as it were, on stilts; another protruded the edge of his face mask into a nose-like organ that made him startlingly human until one saw his expressionless The strange and (except for the gaping mouth. want of mandibles and palps) most insect-like head of the mooncalf-minders underwent, indeed, the most incredible transformations: here it was broad and low, here high and narrow; here its leathery brow was drawn out into horns and strange features; here it was whiskered and divided, and there with a grotesquely human profile. One distortion was particularly conspicuous. There were several brain cases distended like bladders to a huge size. with the face mask reduced to quite small proportions. There were several amazing forms, with heads reduced to microscopic proportions and blobby bodies; and fantastic, flimsy things that existed, it would seem, only as a basis for vast, trumpet-like protrusions of the lower part of the mask. And oddest of all, as it seemed to me for the moment, two or three of these weird inhabitants of a subterranean world, a world sheltered by innumerable miles of rock from sun or rain, carried umbrellas in their tentaculate hands!—real terrestrial-looking umbrellas! And then I thought of the parachutist I had watched descend.

"These moon people behaved exactly as a human crowd might have done in similar circumstances: they jostled and thrust one another, they shoved one another aside, they even clambered upon one another to get a glimpse of me. Every moment they increased in numbers and pressed more urgently upon the discs of my ushers"—Cavor does not explain what he means by this-"every moment fresh shapes emerged from the shadows and forced themselves upon my astounded attention. presently I was signed and helped into a sort of litter, and lifted up on the shoulders of strongarmed bearers, and so borne through the twilight over this seething multitude towards the apartments that were provided for me in the moon. All about me were eyes, faces, masks, a leathery noise like the rustling of beetle wings, and a great bleating and cricket-like twittering of Selenite voices. . . ."

We gather he was taken to a "hexagonal apartment," and there for a space he was confined. Afterwards he was given a much more considerable liberty; indeed, almost as much freedom as one has in a civilized town on earth. And it would appear that the mysterious being who is the ruler and master of the moon appointed two Selenites "with large heads" to guard and study him, and to establish whatever mental communications were possible with him. And, amazing and incredible as it may seem, these two creatures, these fantastic men insects, these beings of another world, were presently communicating with Cavor by means of terrestrial speech.

Cavor speaks of them as Phi-oo and Tsi-puff. Phi-oo, he says, was about 5ft. high; he had small slender legs about 18in. long, and slight feet of the common lunar pattern. On these balanced a little body, throbbing with the pulsations of his heart. He had long, soft, many-jointed arms ending in a tentacled grip, and his neck was many-jointed in the usual way, but exceptionally short and thick. His head, says Cavor—apparently alluding to some previous description that has gone astray in space -"is of the common lunar type, but strangely modified. The mouth has the usual expressionless gape, but it is unusually small and pointing downward, and the mask is reduced to the size of a large flat nose-flap. On either side are the little eyes.

"The rest of the head is distended into a huge globe, and the chitinous leathery cutiele of the mooncalf herds thins out to a mere membrane, through which the pulsating brain movements are distinctly visible. He is a creature, indeed, with a tremendously hypertrophied brain, and with the rest of his organism both relatively and absolutely dwarfed."

In another passage Cavor compares the back view of him to Atlas supporting the world. Tsipuff, it seems, was a very similar insect, but his "face" was drawn out to a considerable length, and the brain-hypertrophy being in different regions, his head was not round but pear-shaped, with the stalk downward. There were also litter-carriers, lop-sided beings with enormous shoulders, very spidery ushers, and a squat foot attendant in Cavor's retinue.

The manner in which Phi-oo and Tsi-puff attacked the problem of speech was fairly obvious. They came into this "hexagonal cell" in which Cavor was confined, and began imitating every sound he made, beginning with a cough. He seems to have grasped their intention with great quickness, and to have begun repeating words to them and pointing to indicate the application. The procedure was probably always the same. Phi-oo would attend to Cavor for a space, then point also and say the word he had heard.

The first word he mastered was "man," and the second "Mooney"—which Cavor on the spur of the moment seems to have used instead of "Selenite" for the moon race. As soon as Phi-oo was assured of the meaning of a word he repeated it to Tsi-puff, who remembered it infallibly. They mastered over one hundred English nouns at their first session.

Subsequently it seems they brought an artist with them to assist the work of explanation with sketches and diagrams—Cavor's drawings being rather crude. He was, says Cavor, "a being with an active arm and an arresting eye," and he seemed to draw with incredible swiftness.

The eleventh message is undoubtedly only a fragment of a longer communication. After some broken sentences, the record of which is unintelligible, it goes on:—

"But it will interest only linguists, and delay me too long, to give the details of the series of intent parleys of which these were the beginning, and, indeed, I very much doubt if I could give in anything like the proper order all the twistings and turnings that we made in our pursuit of mutual comprehension. Verbs were soon plain sailing-at least, such active verbs as I could express by drawings; some adjectives were easy, but when it came to abstract nouns, to prepositions, and the sort of hackneyed figures of speech, by means of which so much is expressed on earth, it was like diving in cork-jackets. Indeed, these difficulties were insurmountable until to the sixth lesson came a fourth assistant, a being with a huge-football-shaped head, whose forte was clearly the pursuit of intricate analogy. He entered in a preoccupied manner, stumbling against a stool, and the difficulties that arose had to be presented to him with a certain amount of clamour and hitting and pricking before they reached his apprehension. But once he was involved his penetration was amazing. Whenever there came a need of thinking beyond Phi-oo's by no means limited scope, this prolate-headed person was in request, but he invariably told the conclusion to Tsi-puff, in order that it might be remembered; Tsi-puff was ever the arsenal for facts. And so we advanced again.

"It seemed long and yet brief—a matter of days before I was positively talking with these insects of the moon. Of course, at first it was an intercourse infinitely tedious and exasperating, but imperceptibly it has grown to comprehension. And my patience has grown to meet its limitations, Phi-oo it is who does all the talking. He does it with a vast amount of meditative provisional 'M'm—M'm,' and he has caught up one or two phrases, 'If I may say,' 'If you understand,' and beads all his speech with them.

"Thus he would discourse. Imagine him explaining his artist.

"'M'm—M'm—he—if I may say—draw. Eat little—drink little—draw. Love draw. No other thing. Hate all who not draw like him. Angry. Hate all who draw like him better. Hate most people. Hate all who not think all world for to draw. Angry. M'm. All things mean nothing to him—only draw. He like you . . . if you understand. . . . New thing to draw. Ugly—striking. Eh?

"'He'—turning to Tsi-puff—'love remember words. Remember wonderful more than any. Think no, draw no—remember. Say'—here he referred to his gifted assistant for a word—'histories—all things. He hear once—say ever.'

"It is more wonderful to me than I dreamed that anything ever could be again, to hear, in this perpetual obscurity, these extraordinary creatures—for even familiarity fails to weaken the inhuman effect of their appearance—continually piping a nearer approach to coherent earthly speech—asking questions, giving answers. I feel that I am casting back to the fable-hearing period of childhood again, when the ant and the grasshopper talked together and the bee judged between them. . . ."

And while these linguistic exercises were going on Cavor seems to have experienced a considerable relaxation of his confinement. "The first dread and distrust our unfortunate conflict aroused is being," he said, "continually effaced by the deliberate rationality of all I do."... "I am now able to come and go as I please, or I am restricted only for my own good. So it is I have been able to get at this apparatus, and, assisted by a happy find among the material that is littered in this enormous storecave, I have contrived to despatch these messages. So far not the slightest attempt has been made to interfere with me in this, though I have made it quite clear to Phi-oo that I am signalling to the earth.

- "'You talk to other?' he asked, watching me.
- "'Others,' said I.
- "'Others,' he said. 'Oh yes. Men?'
- "And I went on transmitting."

Cavor was continually making corrections in his previous accounts of the Selenites as fresh facts flowed in upon him to modify his conclusions, and accordingly one gives the quotations that follow with a certain amount of reservation. They are quoted from the ninth, thirteenth, and sixteenth messages, and, altogether vague and fragmentary as they are, they probably give as complete a picture of the social life of this strange community as mankind can now hope to have for many generations.

"In the moon," says Cavor, "every citizen knows his place. He is born to that place, and the elaborate discipline of training and education and surgery he undergoes fits him at last so completely to it that he has neither ideas nor organs for any purpose beyond it. 'Why should he?' Phi-oo would ask. If, for example, a selenite is destined to be a mathematician, his teachers and trainers set out at once to that end. They check any incipient disposition to other pursuits, they encourage his mathematical bias with a perfect psychological skill. His brain grows, or at least the mathematical faculties of his brain grow, and the rest of him only so much as is necessary to sustain this essential part of him. At last, save for rest and food, his one delight lies in the exercise and display of his faculty, his one interest in its application, his sole society with other specialists in his own line. His brain grows continually larger, at least so far as the portions engaging in mathematics are concerned; they bulge ever larger and seem to suck all life and vigour from the rest of his frame. His limbs shrivel, his heart and digestive organs diminish, his insect face is hidden under its bulging contours. His voice becomes a mere stridulation for the stating of formulæ; he seems deaf to all but properly enunciated problems. The faculty of laughter, save for the sudden discovery of some paradox, is lost to him; his deepest emotion is the evolution of a novel computation. And so he attains his end.

"Or, again, a Selenite appointed to be a minder of mooncalves is from his earliest years induced to think and live mooncalf, to find his pleasure in mooncalf lore, his exercise in their tending and pursuit. He is trained to become wiry and active, his eye is indurated to the tight wrappings, the angular contours that constitute a 'smart mooncalfishness.' He takes at last no interest in the deeper part of the moon; he regards all Selenites not equally versed in mooncalves with indifference, derision, or hostility. His thoughts are of mooncalf pastures, and his dialect an accomplished mooncalf technique. So also he loves his work, and discharges in perfect happiness the duty that justifies his being. And so it is with all sorts and conditions of Selenites—each is a perfect unit in a world machine. . . .

"These beings with big heads, on whom the intellectual labours fall, form a sort of aristocracy in this strange society, and at the head of them, quintessential of the moon, is that marvellous gigantic ganglion the Grand Lunar, into whose presence I am finally to come. The unlimited development of the minds of the intellectual class is rendered possible by the absence of any bony skull in the lunar anatomy, that strange box of bone that clamps about the developing brain of man, imperiously insisting 'thus far and no farther' to all his possibilities. They fall into three main classes differing greatly in influence and respect. There

are the administrators, of whom Phi-oo is one, Selenites of considerable initiative and versatility, responsible each for a certain cubic content of the moon's bulk; the experts like the football-headed thinker, who are trained to perform certain special operations; and the erudite, who are the repositories of all knowledge. To this latter class belongs Tsi-puff, the first lunar professor of terrestrial languages. With regard to these latter, it is a curious little thing to note that the unlimited growth of the lunar brain has rendered unnecessary the invention of all those mechanical aids to brain work which have distinguished the career of man. There are no books, no records of any sort, no libraries or inscriptions. All knowledge is stored in distended brains much as the honey-ants of Texas store honey in their distended abdomens. The lunar Somerset House and the lunar British Museum Library are collections of living brains. . . .

"The less specialized administrators, I note, do for the most part take a very lively interest in me whenever they encounter me. They will come out of the way and stare at me and ask questions to which Phi-oo will reply. I see them going hither and thither with a retinue of bearers, attendants, shouters, parachute-carriers, and so forth-queer groups to see. The experts for the most part ignore me completely, even as they ignore each other, or notice me only to begin a clamorous exhibition of their distinctive skill. The erudite for the most part are rapt in an impervious and apoplectic complacency, from which only a denial of their erudition can rouse them. Usually they are led about by little watchers and attendants, and often there are small and active-looking creatures, small females usually, that I am inclined to think are a sort of wife to them; but some of the profounder scholars are altogether too great for locomotion, and are carried from place to place in a sort of sedan tub, wabbling jellies of knowledge that enlist my respectful astonishment. I have just passed one in coming to this place where I am permitted to amuse myself with these electrical toys, a vast, shaven, shaky head, bald and thin-skinned, carried on his grotesque stretcher. In front and behind came his bearers, and curious, almost trumpet-faced news disseminators shrieked his fame.

"I have already mentioned the retinues that accompany most of the intellectuals: ushers, bearers, valets, extraneous tentacles and muscles, as it were, to replace the abortive physical powers of these hypertrophied minds. Porters almost invariably accompany them. There are also extremely swift messengers with spider-like legs, and 'hands' for grasping parachutes, and attendants with vocal organs that could wellnigh wake the dead. Apart from their controlling intelligence these subordinates are as inert and helpless as umbrellas in a stand. They exist only in relation to the orders they have to obey, the duties they have to perform.

"The bulk of these insects, however, who go to and fro upon the spiral ways, who fill the ascending balloons and drop past me clinging to flimsy parachutes are, I gather, of the operative class. 'Machine hands, indeed, some of these are in actual nature— it is no figure of speech, the single tentacle of

the mooncalf herd is profoundly modified for clawing, lifting, guiding, the rest of them no more than necessary subordinate appendages to these important parts. Some, who I suppose deal with bellstriking mechanisms, have enormously developed auditory organs; some whose work lies in delicate chemical operations project a vast olfactory organ; others again have flat feet for treadles with anchylosed joints; and others—who I have been told are glass-blowers—seem mere lung-bellows. But every one of these common Selenites I have seen at work is exquisitely adapted to the social need it meets. Fine work is done by fined-down workers, amazingly dwarfed and neat. Some I could hold on the palm of my hand. There is even a sort of turnspit Selenite, very common, whose duty and only delight it is to supply the motive power for various small appliances. And to rule over these things and order any erring tendency there might be in some aberrant natures are the most muscular beings I have seen in the moon, a sort of lunar police, who must have been trained from their earliest years to give a perfect respect and obedience to the swollen heads.

"The making of these various sorts of operative must be a very curious and interesting process. I am still very much in the dark about it, but quite recently I came upon a number of young Selenites confined in jars from which only the fore-limbs protruded, who were being compressed to become machine-minders of a special sort. The extended 'hand' in this highly developed system of technical education is stimulated by irritants and nourished by injection, while the rest of the body is starved. Phi-oo, unless I misunderstood him, explained that in the earlier stages these queer little creatures are apt to display signs of suffering in their various cramped situations, but they easily become indurated to their lot; and he took me on to where a number of flexible-limbed messengers were being drawn out and broken in. It is quite unreasonable, I know, but such glimpses of the educational methods of these beings affect me disagreeably. hope, however, that may pass off, and I may be able to see more of this aspect of their wonderful social order. That wretched-looking hand-tentacle sticking out of its jar seemed to have a sort of limp appeal for lost possibilities; it haunts me still, although, of course, it is really in the end a far more humane proceeding than our earthly method of leaving children to grow into human beings, and then making machines of them.

"Quite recently, too—I think it was on the eleventh or twelfth visit I made to this apparatus—I had a curious light upon the lives of these operatives. I was being guided through a short cut hither, instead of going down the spiral and by the quays of the Central Sea. From the devious windings of a long, dark gallery, we emerged into a vast, low cavern, pervaded by an earthy smell, and as things go in this darkness, rather brightly lit. The light came from a tumultuous growth of livid fungoid shapes—some indeed singularly like our terrestrial mushrooms, but standing as high or higher than a man.

[&]quot;'Mooneys eat these?' said I to Phi-oo.

"'Yes, . . . this very good food for Mooneys,' he said.

"'Goodness me!' I cried; 'what's that?'

"My eye had just caught the figure of an exceptionally big and ungainly Selenite lying motionless among the stems, face downward. We stopped. "'Dead?' l asked. (For as yet I have seen no

dead in the moon, and I have grown curious.)

"'No!' exclaimed Phi-oo. 'Him-worker-no work to do. Get little drink then-make sleep-till we him want. What good him wake, eh? No want him walking about.'

"'There's another!' cried I.

"And indeed all that huge extent of mushroom ground was, I found, peppered with these prostrate figures sleeping under an opiate until the moon had need of them. There were scores of them of all sorts, and we were able to turn over some of them, and examine them more precisely than I had been able to do previously. They breathed noisily at my doing so, but did not wake. One, I remember very distinctly: he left a strong impression, I think, because some trick of the light and of his attitude was strongly suggestive of a drawn-up human figure. His fore-limbs were long, delicate tentacles—he was some kind of refined manipulator -and the pose of his slumber suggested a submissive suffering. No doubt it was quite a mistake for me to interpret his expression in that way, but I did. And as Phi-oo rolled him over into the darkness among the livid fleshiness again, I felt a distinctly unpleasant sensation, although as he rolled the insect in him was confessed.

"It simply illustrates the unthinking way in which one acquires habits of feeling. To drug the worker one does not want and toss him aside is surely far better than to expel him from his factory to wander starving in the streets. In every complicated social community there is necessarily a certain intermittency of employment for all specialized labour, and in this way the trouble of an 'unemployed' problem is altogether anticipated. And yet, so unreasonable are even scientifically trained minds, I still do not like the memory of those prostrate forms amidst those quiet, luminous arcades of fleshy growth, and I avoid that short cut in spite of the inconveniences of the longer, more noisy, and more crowded alternative.

"My alternative route takes me round by a huge, shadowy cavern, very crowded and clamorous, and here it is I see peering out of the hexagonal openings of a sort of honeycomb wall, or parading a large open space behind, or selecting the toys and amulets made to please them by the dainty-tentacled jewellers who work in kennels below, the mothers of the moon world—the queen bees, as it were, of the hive. They are noble-looking beings, fantastically and sometimes quite beautifully adorned, with a proud carriage, and, save for their mouths, with almost microscopic heads.

"Of the condition of the moon sexes, marrying and giving in marriage, and of birth and so forth among the Selenites, I have as yet been able to learn very little. With the steady progress of Phi-oo in English, however, my ignorance will no doubt

as steadily disappear. I am of opinion that, as with the ants and bees, there is a large majority of the members in this community of the neuter sex. Of course on earth in our cities there are now many who never live that life of parentage which is the natural life of man. Here, as with the ants, this thing has become a normal condition of the race, and the whole of such replacement as is necessary falls upon this special and by no means numerous class of matrons, the mothers of the moon-world, large and stately beings beautifully fitted to bear the larval Selenite. Unless I misunderstand an explanation of Phi-oo's, they are absolutely incapable of cherishing the young they bring into the moon; periods of foolish indulgence alternate with moods of aggressive violence, and as soon as possible the little creatures, who are quite soft and flabby and pale coloured, are transferred to the charge of celibate females, women 'workers' as it were, who in some cases possess brains of almost masculine dimensions."

Just at this point, unhappily, this message broke Fragmentary and tantalising as the matter constituting this chapter is, it does nevertheless give a vague, broad impression of an altogether strange and wonderful world—a world with which our own may have to reckon we know not how speedily. This intermittent trickle of messages, this whispering of a record needle in the stillness of the mountain slopes, is the first warning of such a change in human conditions as mankind has scarcely imagined heretofore. In that satellite of ours there are new elements, new appliances, new traditions, an overwhelming avalanche of new ideas, a strange race with whom we must inevitably struggle for mastery-gold as common as iron or wood. . . .

CHAPTER XXV

The Grand Lunar

HE penultimate message describes, with occasionally even elaborate detail, the encounter between Cavor and the Grand Lunar, who is the ruler or master of the moon. Cavor seems to have sent most of it without interference, but to have been interrupted in the concluding portion. The second came after an interval of a week.

The first message begins: "At last I am able to resume this——" it then becomes illegible for a space, and after a time resumed in mid-sentence.

The missing words of the following sentence are probably "the crowd." There follows quite clearly: "grew ever denser as we drew near the palace of the Grand Lunar—if I may call a series of excavations a palace. Everywhere faces stared at me—blank, chitinous gapes and masks, eyes peering over tremendous olfactory developments, eyes beneath monstrous forehead plates; and undergrowth of smaller creatures dodged and yelped, and helmet faces poised on sinuous, long-jointed necks appeared craning over shoulders and beneath armpits. Keeping a welcome space about me marched a cordon of stolid, scuttle-headed guards, who had joined us on our leaving the boat in which we had come along the channels of the Central Sea. The quick-

eyed artist with the little brain joined us also, and a thick bunch of lean porter-insects swayed and struggled under the multitude of conveniences that were considered essential to my state. I was carried in a litter during the final stage of our journey. This litter was made of some very ductile metal that looked dark to me, meshed and woven, and with bars of paler metal, and about me as I advanced there grouped itself a long and complicated procession.

"In front, after the manner of heralds, marched four trumpet-faced creatures making a devastating bray; and then came squat, resolute-moving ushers before and behind, and on either hand a galaxy of learned heads, a sort of animated encyclopædia, who were, Phi-oo explained, to stand about the Grand Lunar for purposes of reference. (Not a thing in lunar science, not a point of view or method of thinking, that these wonderful beings did not carry in their heads!) Followed guards and porters, and then Phi-oo's shivering brain borne also on a litter. Then came Tsi-puff in a slightly less important litter; then myself on a litter of greater elegance than any other, and surrounded by my food and drink attendants. More trumpeters came next, splitting the ear with vehement outcries, and then several big brains, special correspondents one might well call them, or historiographers, charged with the task of observing and remembering every detail of this epoch-making interview. A company of attendants, bearing and dragging banners and masses of scented fungus and curious symbols, vanished in the darkness behind. The way was lined by ushers and officers in caparisons that gleamed like steel, and beyond their line, so far as my eyes could pierce the gloom, the heads of that enormous crowd extended.

"I will own that I am still by no means indurated to the peculiar effect of the Selenite appearance, and to find myself, as it were, adrift on this broad sea of excited entomology was by no means agreeable. Just for a space I had something very like what I should imagine people mean when they speak of the 'horrors.' It had come to me before in these lunar caverns, when on occasion I have found myself weaponless and with an undefended back, amidst a crowd of these Selenites, but never quite so vividly. It is, of course, as absolutely irrational a feeling as one could well have, and I hope gradually to subdue it. But just for a moment, as I swept forward into the welter of the vast crowd, it was only by gripping my litter tightly and summoning all my will-power that I succeeded in avoiding an outcry or some such manifestation. It lasted perhaps three minutes; then I had myself in hand again.

"We ascended the spiral of a vertical way for some time, and then passed through a series of huge halls, dome-roofed and elaborately decorated. The approach to the Grand Lunar was certainly contrived to give one a vivid impression of his greatness. Each cavern one entered seemed greater and more boldly arched than its predecessor. This effect of progressive size was enhanced by a thin haze of faintly phosphorescent blue incense that thickened as one advanced, and robbed even the nearer figures of clearness. I seemed to advance continually to something larger, dimmer, and less material.

"I must confess that all this multitude made me feel extremely shabby and unworthy. I was unshaven and unkempt; I had brought no razor; I had a coarse beard over my mouth. On earth I have always been inclined to despise any attention to my person beyond a proper care for cleanliness; but under the exceptional circumstances in which I found myself, representing, as I did, my planet and my kind, and depending very largely upon the attractiveness of my appearance for a proper reception, I could have given much for something a little more artistic and dignified than the husks I wore. I had been so serene in the belief that the moon was uninhabited as to overlook such precautions altogether. As it was I was dressed in a flannel jacket, knickerbockers, and golfing stockings, stained with every sort of dirt the moon offered: slippers (of which the left heel was wanting), and a blanket, through a hole in which I thrust my head. (These clothes, indeed, I still wear.) Sharp bristles are anything but an improvement to my cast of features, and there was an unmended tear at the knee of my knickerbockers that showed conspicuously as I squatted in my litter; my right stocking, too, persisted in getting about my ankle. I am fully alive to the injustice my appearance did humanity. and if by any expedient I could have improvised something a little out of the way and imposing I would have done so. But I could hit upon nothing. I did what I could with my blanket-folding it somewhat after the fashion of a toga, and for the rest I sat as upright as the swaying of my litter permitted.

"Imagine the largest hall you have ever been in, imperfectly lit with blue light and obscured by a gray-blue fog, surging with metallic or livid-gray creatures of such a mad diversity as I have hinted. Imagine this hall to end in an open archway beyond which is a still larger hall, and beyond this yet another and still larger one, and so on. At the end of the vista, dimly seen, a flight of steps, like the steps of Ara Cœli at Rome, ascend out of sight. Higher and higher these steps appear to go as one draws nearer their base. But at last I came under a huge archway and beheld the summit of these steps, and upon it the Grand Lunar exalted on his throne.

"He was seated in what was relatively a blaze of incandescent blue. This, and the darkness about him, gave him an effect of floating in a blue-black void. He seemed a small, self-luminous cloud at first, brooding on his sombre throne; his brain case must have measured many yards in diameter. For some reason that I cannot fathom a number of blue search-lights radiated from behind the throne on which he sat, and immediately encircling him was a halo. About him, and little and indistinct in this glow, a number of body-servants sustained and supported him, and overshadowed and standing in a huge semicircle beneath him were his intellectual subordinates, his remembrancers and computators and searchers and servants, and all the distinguished insects of the court of the moon. Still lower stood ushers and messengers, and then all down the countless steps of the throne were guards, and at the base, enormous, various, indistinct, vanishing at last into an absolute black, a vast swaying multitude of the minor dignitaries of the moon. Their feet made a perpetual scraping whisper on the rocky floor, their limbs moved with a rustling murmur.

"As I entered the penultimate hall the music rose and expanded into an imperial magnificence of sound, and the shrieks of the news-bearers died away. . . .

"I entered the last and greatest hall. . . .

"My procession opened out like a fan. My ushers and guards went right and left, and the three litters bearing myself and Phi-oo and Tsi-puff marched across a shiny darkness of floor to the foot of the giant stairs. Then began a vast throbbing hum, that mingled with the music. The two Selenites dismounted, but I was bidden to remain seated—I imagine as a special honour. The music ceased, but not that humming, and by a simultaneous movement of ten thousand respectful heads my attention was directed to the enhaloed supreme intelligence that hovered above me.

"At first as I peered into the radiating glow this quintessential brain looked very much like an opaque, featureless bladder with dim, undulating ghosts of convolutions writhing visibly within. Then beneath its enormity and just above the edge of the throne one saw with a start minute elfin eyes peering out of the glow. No face, but eyes, as if they peered through holes. At first I could see no more than these two staring little eyes, and then below I distinguished the little dwarfed body and its insect-jointed limbs shrivelled and white. The eyes stared down at me with a strange intensity, and the lower part of the swollen globe was wrinkled. Ineffectual-looking little hand-tentacles steadied this shape on the throne. . . .

"It was great. It was pitiful. One forgot the hall and the crowd.

"I ascended the staircase by jerks. It seemed to me that this darkly glowing brain case above us spread over me, and took more and more of the whole effect into itself as I drew nearer. The tiers of attendants and helpers grouped about their master seemed to dwindle and fade into the night. I saw that shadowy attendants were busy spraying that great brain with a cooling spray, and patting and sustaining it. For my own part, I sat gripping my swaying litter and staring at the Grand Lunar, unable to turn my gaze aside. And at last, as I reached a little landing that was separated only by ten steps or so from the supreme seat, the woven splendour of the music reached a climax and ceased, and I was left naked, as it were, in that vastness, beneath the still scrutiny of the Grand Lunar's eves.

"He was scrutinising the first man he had ever seen. . . .

"My eyes dropped at last from his greatness to the faint figures in the blue mist about him, and then down the steps to the massed Selenites, still and expectant in their thousands, packed on the floor below. Once again an unreasonable horror reached out towards me. . . And passed.

"After the pause came the salutation. I was

assisted from my litter, and stood awkwardly while a number of curious and no doubt deeply symbolical gestures were vicariously performed for me by two slender officials. The encyclopædic galaxy of the learned that had accompanied me to the entrance of the last hall appeared two steps above me and left and right of me, in readiness for the Grand Lunar's need, and Phi-oo's pale brain placed itself about half-way up to the throne in such a position as to communicate easily between us without turning his back on either the Grand Lunar or myself. Tsi-puff took up a position behind him. Dexterous ushers sidled sideways towards me, keeping a full face to the Presence. I seated myself Turkish fashion, and Phi-oo and Tsi-puff also knelt down above me. There came a pause. The eyes of the nearer court went from me to the Grand Lunar and came back to me, and a hissing and piping of expectation passed across the hidden multitudes below and ceased.

"That humming ceased.

"For the first and last time in my experience the moon was silent.

"I became aware of a faint wheezy noise. The Grand Lunar was addressing me. It was like the rubbing of a finger upon a pane of glass.

"I watched him attentively for a time, and then glanced at the alert Phi-oo. I felt amidst these slender beings ridiculously thick and fleshy and solid; my head all jaw and black hair. My eyes went back to the Grand Lunar. He had ceased; his attendants were busy, and his shining superficies was glistening and running with cooling spray.

"Phi-oo meditated through an interval. He consulted Tsi-puff. Then he began piping his recognizable English—at first a little nervously, so that he was not very clear.

"'M'm—the Grand Lunar—wishes to say—wishes to say—he gathers you are—m'm—men—that you are a man from the planet earth. He wishes to say that he welcomes you—welcomes you—and wishes to learn—learn, if I may use the word—the state of your world, and the reason why you came to this.'

"He paused. I was about to reply when he resumed. He proceeded to remarks of which the drift was not very clear, though I am inclined to think they were intended to be complimentary. He told me that the earth was to the moon what the sun is to the earth, and that the Selenites desired very greatly to learn about the earth and men. He then told me, no doubt in compliment also. the relative magnitude and diameter of earth and moon, and the perpetual wonder and speculation with which the Selenites had regarded our planet. I meditated with downcast eyes, and decided to reply that men too had wondered what might lie in the moon, and had judged it dead, little recking of such magnificence as I had seen that day. The Grand Lunar, in token of recognition, caused his long blue rays to rotate in a very confusing manner, and all about the great hall ran the pipings and whisperings and rustlings of the report of what I had said. He then proceeded to put to Phi-oo a number of inquiries which were easier to answer.

"He understood, he explained, that we lived on

the surface of the earth, that our air and sea were outside the globe; the latter part, indeed, he already knew from his astronomical specialists. He was very anxious to have more detailed information of what he called this extraordinary state of affairs, for from the solidity of the earth there had always been a disposition to regard it as uninhabitable. He endeavoured first to ascertain the extremes of temperature to which we earth beings were exposed, and he was deeply interested by my descriptive treatment of clouds and rain. His imagination was assisted by the fact that the lunar atmosphere in the outer galleries of the night side is not infrequently very foggy. He seemed inclined to marvel that we did not find the sunlight too intense for our eyes, and was interested in my attempt to explain that the sky was tempered to a bluish colour through the action of the air, though I doubt if he clearly understood that. I explained how the iris of the human eyes can contract the pupil and save the delicate internal structure from the excess of sunlight, and was allowed to approach within a few feet of the Presence in order that this structure might be seen. This led to a comparison of the lunar and terrestrial eyes. The former is not only excessively sensitive to such light as men can see, but it can also see heat, and every difference in temperature within the moon renders objects visible

"The iris was quite a new organ to the Grand Lunar. For a time he amused himself by flashing his rays into my face and watching my pupils contract. As a consequence, I was dazzled and blinded for some little time. . . .

"But in spite of that discomfort I found something reassuring by insensible degrees in the rationality of this business of question and answer. I could shut my eyes, think of my answer, and almost forget that the Grand Lunar has no face....

"When I had descended again to my proper place the Grand Lunar asked how we sheltered ourselves from heat and storms, and I expounded to him the arts of building and furnishing. Here we wandered into misunderstandings and cross-purposes, due largely, I must admit, to the looseness of my expressions. For a long time I had great difficulty in making him understand the nature of a house. To him and his attendant Selenites it seemed, no doubt, the most whimsical thing in the world that men should build houses when they might descend into excavations, and an additional complication was introduced by the attempt I made to explain that men had originally begun their homes in caves, and that they were now taking their railways and many establishments beneath the surface. I think a desire for intellectual completeness betrayed me. There was also a considerable tangle due to an equally unwise attempt on my part to explain about mines. Dismissing this topic at last in an incomplete state, the Grand Lunar inquired what we did with the interior of our globe.

"A tide of twittering and piping swept into the remotest corners of that great assembly when it was at last made clear that we men know absolutely nothing of the contents of the world upon which the immemorial generations of our ancestors had

been evolved. Three times had I to repeat that of all the 4000 miles of substance between the earth and its centre men knew only to the depth of a mile, and that very vaguely. I understood the Grand Lunar to ask why had I come to the moon seeing we had scarcely touched our own planet yet, but he did not trouble me at that time to proceed to an explanation, being too anxious to pursue the details of this mad inversion of all his ideas.

"He reverted to the question of weather, and I tried to describe the perpetually changing sky, and snow, and frost, and hurricanes. 'But when the night comes,' he asked, 'is it not cold?'

"I told him it was colder than by day.

"'And does not your atmosphere freeze?'

"I told him not; that it was never cold enough for that, because our nights were so short.

"'Not even liquefy?'

"I was about to say 'No,' but then it occurred to me that one part at least of our atmosphere, the water vapour of it, does sometimes liquefy and form dew, and sometimes freeze and form frosta process perfectly analogous to the freezing of all the external atmosphere of the moon during its longer night. I made myself clear on this point, and from that the Grand Lunar went on to speak with me of sleep. For the need of sleep that comes so regularly every twenty-four hours to all things is part also of our earthly inheritance. On the moon they rest only at rare intervals, and after exceptional exertions. Then I tried to describe to him the soft splendours of a summer night, and from that I passed to a description of those animals that prowl by night and sleep by day. I told him of lions and tigers, and here it seemed as though we had come to a deadlock. For, save in their waters, there are no creatures in the moon not absolutely domestic and subject to his will, and so it has been for immemorial years. They have monstrous water creatures, but no evil beasts, and the idea of anything strong and large existing 'outside' in the night is very difficult for them. . . .

[The record is here too broken to transcribe for the space of perhaps twenty words or more.]

"He talked with his attendants, as I suppose, upon the strange superficiality and unreasonableness of (man), who lives on the mere surface of a world, a creature of waves and winds, and all the chances of space, who cannot even unite to overcome the beasts that prey upon his kind, and yet who dares to invade another planet. During this aside I sat thinking, and then at his desire I told him of the different sorts of men. He searched me with questions. "And for all sorts of work you have the same sort of men. But who thinks? Who governs?"

"I gave him an outline of the democratic method.
"When I had done he ordered cooling sprays upon his brow, and then requested me to repeat my
explanation conceiving something had miscarried.

"'Do they not do different things, then?' said Phi-oo.

"Some, I admitted, were thinkers and some officials; some hunted, some were mechanics, some artists, some toilers. 'But all rule,' I said.

"'And have they not different shapes to fit them to their different duties?'

"'None that you can see,' I said, 'except perhaps, for clothes. Their minds perhaps differ a little,' I reflected.

"'Their minds must differ a great deal,' said the Grand Lunar, 'or they would all want to do the same things.'

"In order to bring myself into a closer harmony with his preconceptions, I said that his surmise was right. 'It was all hidden in the brain,' I said; 'but the difference was there. Perhaps if one could see the minds and souls of men they would be as varied and unequal as the Selenites. There were great men and small men, men who could reach out far and wide, and men who could go swiftly; noisy, trumpet-minded men, and men who could remember without thinking. . . . [The record is indistinct for three words.]

"He interrupted me to recall me to my previous statement. 'But you said all men rule?' he pressed. "'To a certain extent,' I said, and made, I fear a denser fog with my explanation.

"He reached out to a salient fact. 'Do you mean,' he asked, 'that there is no Grand Earthly?'

"I thought of several people, but assured him finally there was none. I explained that such autocrats and emperors as we had tried upon earth had usually ended in drink, or vice, or violence, and that the large and influential section of the people of the earth to which I belonged, the Anglo-Saxons, did not mean to try that sort of thing again. At which the Grand Lunar was even more amazed.

"'But how do you keep even such wisdom as you have?' he asked; and I explained to him the way we helped our limited [a word omitted here, probably "brains"] with libraries of books. I explained to him how our science was growing by the united labours of innumerable little men, and on that he made no comment save that it was evident we had mastered much in spite of our social savagery, or we could not have come to the moon. Yet the contrast was very marked. With knowledge the Selenites grew and changed; mankind stored its knowledge about itself and remained the brute—equipped. He said this . . . [Here there is a short piece of the record indistinct.]

"He then caused me to describe how we went about this earth of ours, and I described to him our railways and ships. For a time he could not understand that we had had the use of steam only one hundred years, but when he did he was clearly amazed. (I may mention as a singular thing that the Selenites use years to count by, just as we do on earth, though I can make nothing of their numeral system. That, however, does not matter, because Phi-oo understands ours.) From that I went on to tell him that mankind had dwelt in cities only for nine or ten thousand years, and that we were still not united in one brotherhood, but under many different forms of government. This astonished the Grand Lunar very much, when it was made clear to him. At first he thought we referred merely to administrative areas.

"'Our States and Empires are still the rawest sketches of what order will some day be,' I said, and so I came to tell him. . . . [At this point a length of record that probably represents thirty or forty words is totally illegible.]

"The Grand Lunar was greatly impressed by the folly of men in clinging to the inconvenience of diverse tongues. 'They want to communicate, and yet not to communicate,' he said, and then for a long time he questioned me closely concerning war.

"He was at first perplexed and incredulous. 'You mean to say,' he asked, seeking confirmation, 'that you run about over the surface of your world—this world, whose riches you have scarcely begun to scrape—killing one another for beasts to eat?'

"I told him that was perfectly correct.

"He asked for particulars to assist his imagination. 'But do not ships and your poor little cities get injured?' he asked, and I found the waste of property and conveniences seemed to impress him almost as much as the killing. 'Tell me more,' said the Grand Lunar; 'make me see pictures. I cannot conceive these things.'

"And so, for a space, though something loath, I told him the story of earthly War.

"I told him of the first orders and ceremonies of war, of warnings and ultimatums, and the marshalling and marching of troops. I gave him an idea of manœuvres and positions and battle joined. I told him of sieges and assaults, of starvation and hardship in trenches, and of sentinels freezing in the snow. I told him of routs and surprises, and desperate last stands and faint hopes, and the pitiless pursuit of fugitives and the dead upon the field. I told, too, of the past, of invasions and massacres, of the Huns and Tartars, and the wars of Mahomet and the Caliphs, and of the Crusades. And as I went on, and Phi-oo translated, the Selenites cooed and murmured in a steadily intensified emotion.

"I told them an ironclad could fire a shot of a ton twelve miles, and penetrate several feet of iron—and how we could steer torpedoes under water. I went on to describe a Maxim gun in action, and what I could imagine of the Battle of Colenso. The Grand Lunar was so incredulous that he interrupted the translation of what I had said in order to have my verification of my account. They particularly doubted my description of the men cheering and rejoicing as they went into (?battle).

"'But surely they do not like it!' translated Phi-oo.

"I assured them men of my race considered battle the most glorious experience of life, at which the whole assembly was stricken with amazement.

"'But what good is this war?' asked the Grand Lunar, sticking to his theme.

"'Oh! as for good!' said I; 'it thins the population!'

"'But why should there be a need---?' . . .

"There came a pause, the cooling sprays impinged upon his brow, and then he spoke again."

[At this point a series of undulations that have been apparent as a perplexing complication as far back as Cavor's description of the silence that fell before the first speaking of the Grand Lunar become confusingly predominant in the record. These undulations are evidently the result of radiations proceeding from the lunar source, and their persistent approximation to the alternating signals of Cavor is curiously suggestive of some operator deliberately seeking to mix them in with his message and render it illegible. At first they are small and regular, so that with a little care and the loss of very few words we have been able to disentangle Cavor's message; then they become broad and larger, then suddenly they are irregular, with an irregularity that gives the effect at last of some one scribbling through a line of writing. For a long time nothing can be made of this madly zigzagging trace; then quite abruptly the interruption ceases, leaves a few words clear, and then resumes and continues for all the rest of the message, completely obliterating whatever Cavor was attempting to transmit. Why, if this is indeed a deliberate intervention, the Selenites should have preferred to let Cavor go on transmitting his message in happy ignorance of their obliteration of its record, when it was clearly quite in their power and much more easy and convenient for them to stop his proceedings at any time, is a problem to which I can contribute nothing. The thing seems to have happened so, and that is all I can say. This last rag of his description of the Grand Lunar begins in mid-sentence.]

"interrogated me very closely upon my secret. I was able in a little while to get to an understanding with them, and at last to elucidate what has been a puzzle to me ever since I realised the vastness of their science, namely, how it is they themselves have never discovered 'Cavorite.' I find they know of it as a theoretical substance, but they have always regarded it as a practical impossibility, because for some reason there is no helium in the moon, and helium—""

[Across the last letters of helium slashes the resumption of that obliterating trace. Note that word "secret," for on that, and that alone, I base my interpretation of the message that follows, the last message, as both Mr. Wendigee and myself now believe it to be, that he is ever likely to send us.]

CHAPTER XXVI

The Last Message Cavor Sent to the Earth

In this unsatisfactory manner the penultimate message of Cavor dies out. One seems to see him away there in the blue obscurity amidst his apparatus intently signalling us to the last, all unaware of the curtain of confusion that drops between us; all unaware, too, of the final dangers that even then must have been creeping upon him. His disastrous want of vulgar common sense had utterly

betrayed him. He had talked of war, he had talked of all the strength and irrational violence of men, of their insatiable aggressions, their tireless futility of conflict. He had filled the whole moon world with this impression of our race, and then I think it is plain that he made the most fatal admission that upon himself alone hung the possibility-at least for a long time—of any further men reaching the moon. The line the cold, inhuman reason of the moon would take seems plain enough to me, and a suspicion of it, and then perhaps some sudden sharp realization of it, must have come to him. One imagines him going about the moon with the remorse of this fatal indiscretion growing in his mind. During a certain time I am inclined to guess the Grand Lunar was deliberating the new situation, and for all that time Cavor may have gone as free as ever he had gone. But obstacles of some sort prevented his getting to his electro-magnetic apparatus again after that message I have just given. For some days we received nothing. Perhaps he was having fresh audiences, and trying to evade his previous admissions. Who can hope to guess?

And then suddenly, like a cry in the night, like a cry that is followed by a stillness, came the last message. It is the briefest fragment, the broken beginnings of two sentences.

The first was: "I was mad to let the Grand Lunar know—"

There was an interval of perhaps a minute. One imagines some interruption from without. A departure from the instrument—a dreadful hesitation among the looming masses of apparatus in that dim, blue-lit cavern—a sudden rush back to it, full of a resolve that came too late. Then, as if it were hastily transmitted, came: "Cavorite made as follows: take——"

There followed one word, a quite unmeaning word as it stands: "uless."

And that is all.

It may be he made a hasty attempt to spell "useless" when his fate was close upon him. Whatever it was that was happening about that apparatus we cannot tell. Whatever it was we shall never, I know, receive another message from the moon. For my own part a vivid dream has come to my help, and I see, almost as plainly as though I had seen it in actual fact, a blue-lit shadowy dishevelled Cavor struggling in the grip of these insect Selenites, struggling ever more desperately and hopelessly as they press upon him, shouting, expostulating, perhaps even at last fighting, and being forced backward step by step out of all speech or sign of his fellows, for evermore into the Unknown—into the dark, into that silence that has no end. . . .

THE END